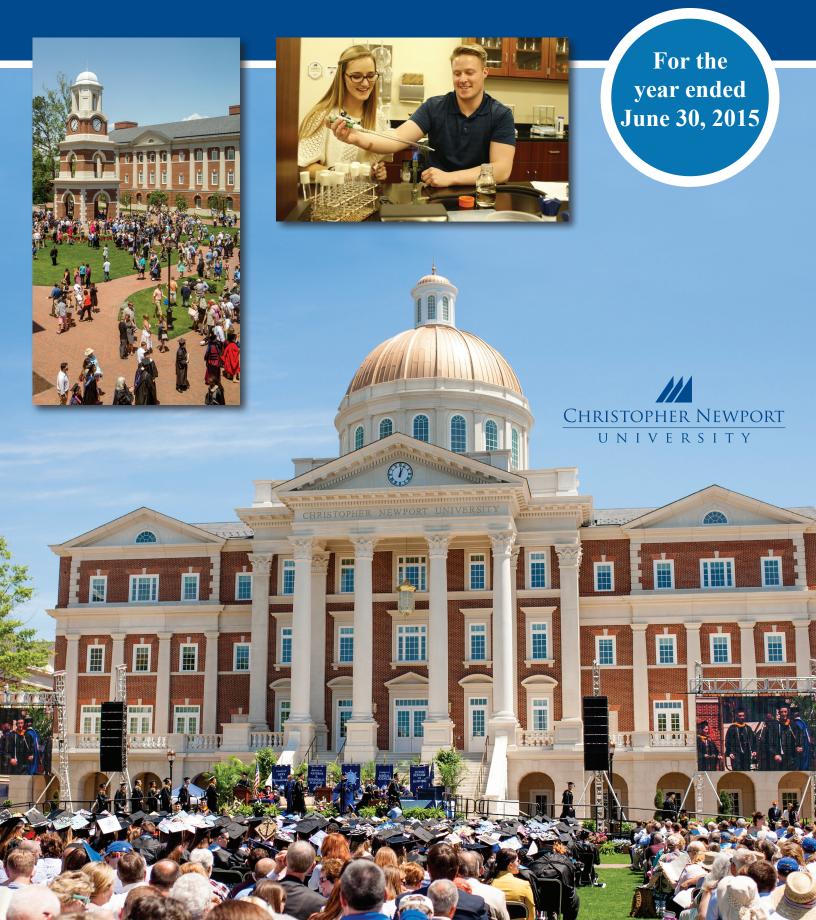
CHRISTOPHER NEWPORT UNIVERSITY Audited Financial Statements



CHRISTOPHER NEWPORT UNIVERSITY

Newport News, Virginia

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The youngest comprehensive university in the Commonwealth, Christopher Newport University was founded in 1960 as Christopher Newport College, a two-year branch of the College of William & Mary in Williamsburg, Virginia. Located in historic Hampton Roads, the institution was named for the 17th-century English mariner who helped establish the Jamestown Colony. The University became independent in 1977 and gained university status in 1992.

Today, CNU is a four-year, undergraduate liberal arts university, enrolling 5,000 students in rigorous academic programs through the College of Arts and Humanities, the College of Natural and Behavioral Sciences, and the College of Social Sciences including the Luter School of Business. CNU combines traditional liberal arts and sciences curriculum with contemporary teaching ideologies and an emphasis on growing leaders of the future.

OVERVIEW

The following Management's Discussions and Analysis (MD&A) is required supplemental information under the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) reporting model. It is designed to assist readers in understanding the accompanying financial statements and provides an objective analysis of the University's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, and conditions. The discussion includes an analysis of the University's financial condition and results of operations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, with comparative numbers for the year ended June 30, 2014. This presentation includes highly summarized data, and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements and notes to financial statements. University management is responsible for all of the financial information presented, including the discussion and analysis.

The Christopher Newport University Educational and Real Estate Foundations, Inc. are component units and are included in the accompanying financial statements in a separate column. However, the following discussion and analysis does not include the Foundations' financial condition and activities.

The basic financial statements for Christopher Newport University are the Statement of Net Position; the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Net Position; and the Statement of Cash Flows. The following analysis discusses elements from the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Net Position, as well as an overview of the University's activities.

The *Statement of Net Position* (SNP) presents the assets, liabilities, and net position of the University as of the end of the fiscal year. The purpose of the statement is to present a snapshot of the University's financial position to the readers of the financial statements.

The data presented aids readers in determining the assets available to continue operations of the University. It also allows readers to determine how much the University owes to vendors, investors, and lending institutions. Finally, the SNP provides a picture of net position and their availability for expenditure by the University. Sustained increases in net position over time are one indicator of the financial health of the organization.

The University's net position is classified as follows:

- Net investment in capital assets Net investment in capital assets represents the University's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. Debt incurred, but not yet expended for capital assets, is not included as a component of invested in capital assets, net of related debt.
- **Restricted net position, expendable** Expendable restricted net position includes resources the University is legally or contractually obligated to expend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties.
- **Restricted net position, nonexpendable** Nonexpendable restricted net position consists of endowment and similar type funds where donors or other outside sources have stipulated, as a condition of the gift instrument, the principal is to be maintained inviolate and in perpetuity, and invested for the purpose of producing present and future income to be expended or added to principal.
- Unrestricted net position Unrestricted net position represents resources used for transactions relating to academic departments and general operations of the University, and may be used at the discretion of the University's Board of Visitors to meet current expenses for any lawful purpose in support of the University's primary missions. These resources are derived from student tuition and fees, state appropriations, and sales and services of auxiliary enterprises and educational departments. The auxiliary enterprises are self-supporting entities that provide services for students, faculty, and staff. Some examples of the University's auxiliaries are student residential and dining programs.

The University's assets and deferred outflows increased by \$54.2 million, or 10.3%, during fiscal year 2015, bringing the total assets and deferred outflows to \$579.0 million at year-end. Growth in Capital assets and the increase in restricted cash and cash equivalents from the 2014A and 2015B bond issues accounted for the majority of the increase. The increase in capital assets, net (\$16.0 million) reflects the ongoing construction at the University and will be discussed in detail in the following section Capital Asset and Debt Administration. The increase in other noncurrent assets (\$34.8 million) is primarily due to the increase in the University's bond issued construction funds for Regatta's Expansion, Specialty Residential Housing, Alumni House and Athletic Facilities Expansion.

year New from last is а reclassification of deferred losses from debt defeasance. GASB 65 no longer nets deferral on debt defeasance with the applicable longterm liability. These amounts are now reported as deferred outflows of resources for losses, an asset account, or deferred inflows of resources for gains, a liability account.

New this year is GASB statements 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date, an amendment of GASB 68. These reporting changes require the

Summary of Assets, Liabilities	and Net P	osition			
For the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2	014				
(All dollars in millions)					
			Change	Change	
	2015	2014	Amount	Percent	
Assets:					
Current assets	\$ 33.1	\$ 33.7	\$ (0.6)	(1.8)	%
Capital assets, net	500.7	484.7	16.0	3.3	%
Other noncurrent assets	36.1	1.3	34.8	2676.9	%
Deferred outflows of resources	9.1	5.1	4.0	78.4	%
Total assets & deferred outflows	579.0	524.8	54.2	10.3	%
Liabilities:					
Current liabilities	35.3	30.8	4.5	14.6	%
Noncurrent liabilities	222.3	158.7	63.6	40.1	%
Deferred inflows of resources	6.4	-	6.4	NA	%
Total liabilities & deferred inflows	264.0	189.5	74.5	39.3	%
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets	343.3	322.4	20.9	6.5	%
Unrestricted	(28.3)	12.9	(41.2)	(319.4)	%
Total net position	\$ 315.0	\$ 335.3	\$ (20.3)	(6.1)	%

University to record its portion of the pension liabilities and expenses from the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) State Employee Retirement Plan and the Virginia Law Officers' System (VaLORS) Retirement Plan. Prior to the implementation of GASB 68, VRS did not measure assets and pension benefit obligations separately for individual state institutions. Therefore, for the purpose of the MD&A, fiscal year 2014 comparative numbers have not been restated. As a result of this change in reporting, the University has recorded its proportionate share of the net pension liability, pension expense, deferred outflows and deferred inflows in the financial statements presented within. Note 1 of the Notes to Financial Statements includes the summary of significant accounting policies for pensions. Note 2 details the restatement of beginning net assets due to the implementation of GASB 68. Note 14 and the required supplementary information discloses information on the pension plans available to all full-time, salaried permanent employees of the University, along with detail on pension liability, pension expense, and pension contributions by the University. GASB 68 states that changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions as well as employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date are recognized as deferred outflows of resources, and net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments are reported as deferred inflows of resources. The increase in deferred outflows of resources from GASB 65 and 68 was 4.0 million.

The University's total liabilities and deferred inflows increased by \$74.5 million, or 39.3%, during fiscal year 2015. The increase is primarily due to the increase in noncurrent liabilities (\$63.6 million). The majority of the increase represents the implementation of GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. At June 30, 2015, the University reported a liability of \$36.6 million for its proportionate share of the VRS State Employee and VaLORS Retirement Plan Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2014 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The remainder of the increase represents the net additions to long-term debt for the 2014A and 2015B bond issues for Regatta's Expansion, Specialty Residential Housing, Alumni House and Athletic Facilities Expansion in fiscal year 2015.

The increase in total liabilities was reduced by the increase in total assets resulting in a decrease to the University's net position by \$20.3 million, or 6.1% for fiscal year 2015.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

One of the critical factors in ensuring the quality of the University's academic and residential life functions is the development and renewal of its capital assets. The University continues to maintain and upgrade current structures, as well as pursue opportunities for additional facilities. Investment in new structures and the upgrade of current structures serve to enrich the University's high-quality instructional programs and residential lifestyles.

Note 5 describes the University's significant investment in capital assets with gross additions of \$35.5 million.

Capital Assets		
For the year ended June 30, 2015		
(All dollars in millions)		
	Am	ount
Additions		
Buildings & other improvements	\$	3.2
Infrastructure		1.3
Equipment, library & intangibles		1.3
Construction in progress (see table)		29.7
Total capital asset additions	\$	35.5
Reductions		
Buildings & other improvements	\$	0.7
Infrastructure		-
Equipment, library & intangibles		0.4
Construction in progress		3.0
Total capital asset reductions	\$	4.1
•		

Ongoing investments in fiscal year 2015 included instructional, research, and computer equipment; additional library books; additions to building and improvements for new tennis courts, the great lawn and

Construction in Progress

improvements to current buildings; and an increase in infrastructure for wireless networks, lighting and security. The investment in construction in progress is detailed in the table to the right.

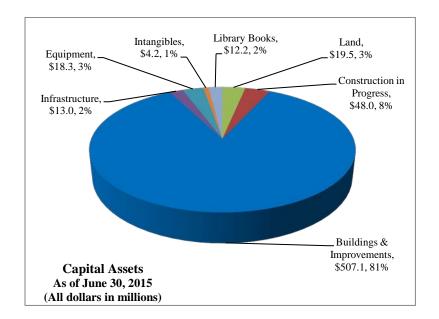
Reductions for buildings and other improvements consist of the demolition of 72 Shoe Lane to lay ground for the new Alumni House and a portion of Lot E for the new tennis courts. Reductions to infrastructure were due to the

For the year ended June 30, 2015	
(All dollars in millions)	
	Project
	Amount
Student Success Center	\$ 38.1
Specialty Housing	2.8
Trible Library Phase II	2.4
Athletic Facilities Expansion	1.4
Residence Hall VII	1.0
Regattas' Dining Expansion	1.0
Alumni House	0.7
Waterline Work in Library Plaza	0.3
Band Rehearsal Hall	0.1
Fine Arts and Rehearsal	0.1
Ratcliffe Hall Emergency Power System	0.1
Total construction in progress	\$ 48.0

replacement of networks and lighting. The decrease in equipment was

primarily due to the replacement of classroom smart projectors, screens, computer systems and software. Construction in progress completed projects this year consisted of the Great Lawn, Athletics facilities expansion, and Christopher Newport Hall infrastructure.

Ending balances of capital assets at June 30, 2015 are presented in the graph below. Buildings continue to account for the majority of capital assets of the University. The costs currently in construction in progress will eventually become part of buildings and improvements once the projects are completed.



Notes 8 and 9 of the *Notes to Financial Statements* contain information relating to the long-term debt of the University. In fiscal year 2015, the Virginia College Building Authority (VCBA) issued \$6.9 million in 9(d) revenue bonds, series 2014A and \$2.8 million in 9(d) revenue refunding bonds, series 2014B on behalf of the University. The 2014A revenue bonds will fund the construction of the Alumni House in the amount of \$3.5 million and the Athletics Expansion II for \$3.4 million. The 2014B revenue refunding refunded \$3.0 million of Series 2005A, 2006A and 2007A. Series 2014A resulted in a premium of \$1.3 million and series 2014B resulted in a premium of \$0.5 million. Premiums are amortized over the life of the bonds. The 2014B refunding resulted in a loss on debt defeasance of \$0.3 million. The loss on debt defeasance is now classified as a deferred outflow of resources under the asset portion of the statement of net position and is no longer included with the long term liabilities under GASB 65.

Also, in fiscal year 2015, the Commonwealth of Virginia issued \$27.8 million in 9(c) general obligation bonds (GOB), series 2015A on behalf of the University. The 2015A GOB will fund the construction of Residential Housing in the amount of \$18.9 million and the Regatta's Dining Hall Expansion for \$8.9 million. The series 2015A resulted in a premium of \$3.7 million which will be amortized over the life of the bond. Installment purchases in the amount of \$0.2 million for intangible software were made during the fiscal year to enhance the University's instructional, academic and institutional programs. As a result of the GASB 68 implementation \$36.6 was recorded as net pension liability as of June 30, 2015. Total long-term liabilities at the end of fiscal year 2015 is \$235.6 million.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION

Operating and non-operating activities creating changes in the University's total net position is presented in the *Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Net Position*. The purpose of this statement is to present all revenues received and accrued, all expenses paid and accrued, gains or losses from investments and capital assets.

Operating revenues are generally received through providing goods and services to the various customers and constituencies of the University. Operating expenses are expenditures made to acquire or procure the goods and services provided in return for the operating revenues, and to carry out the mission of the University. Salaries and fringe benefits for faculty and staff are the largest type of operating expenses. Non-operating revenues are revenues received for which goods and services are not directly provided. State appropriations included in this category provide substantial support for paying operating expenses of the University. Therefore, the University, like most public institutions, will expect to show an operating loss.

Summary of the Statement of Reven and Changes in Net Position	ues, Expens	es,			
For the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014					
(All dollars in millions)					
			Change	Change	
	2015	2014	Amount	Percent	
Operating revenues	\$ 108.2	\$ 101.3	\$ 6.9	6.8	%
Operating expenses	140.2	132.3	7.9	6.0	%
Operating loss	(32.0)	(31.0)	(1.0)	3.2	%
Non-operating revenues, net	29.6	29.6	-	-	%
Net other revenues (expenses)	24.5	20.3	4.2	20.7	%
Increase in net position	22.1	18.9	3.2	16.9	%
Net position beginning of the year	292.9	316.4	(23.5)	(7.4)	%
Net position end of year	\$ 315.0	\$ 335.3	\$ (20.3)	(6.1)	%

Revenues from all sources (operating, non-operating and other) for fiscal year 2015 totaled \$168.8 million increasing by \$10.9 million, or 6.9% over the prior year. Total operating expenses for fiscal year 2015 totaled \$140.0 million increasing by \$7.7 million, or 5.8%. Total revenues less total expenses resulted in a decrease to net position of \$16.5 million.

OPERATING REVENUES

Total operating revenues increased \$6.9 million, or 6.8%, from the prior fiscal year. Increases in both student tuition and fees (\$0.7 million) and auxiliary revenue (\$4.7 million) were due to increased tuition and auxiliary

Summary of Revenues					
For the years ended June 30, 2015	and 2014				
(All dollars in millions)					
			Change	Change	
	2015	2014	Amount	Percent	
Operating revenues					
Student tuition and fees, net	\$ 36.9	\$ 36.2	\$ 0.7	1.9	%
Grants and contracts	2.0	1.8	0.2	11.1	%
Auxiliary enterprises, net	66.1	61.4	4.7	7.7	%
Other operating revenue	3.2	1.9	1.3	68.4	%
Total operating revenue	108.2	101.3	6.9	6.8	%
Non-operating revenues					
State appropriations	30.4	30.4	-	-	%
Federal financial aid	3.2	3.4	(0.2)	(5.9)	%
Other non-operating revenue*	2.5	2.5	-	-	%
Total non-operating revenue	36.1	36.3	(0.2)	(0.6)	%
Other revenue					
Capital appropriations	23.9	17.9	6.0	33.5	%
Capital gifts and grants	0.6	2.4	(1.8)	(75.0)	%
Total other revenue	24.5	20.3	4.2	20.7	%
Total revenue	\$ 168.8	\$ 157.9	\$ 10.9	6.9	%
* Includes gifts, Build America Bo	ond subsidy, inv	vestment inco	ome,		
and other non-operating revenue	e.				

fee rates approved by the Board of Visitors.

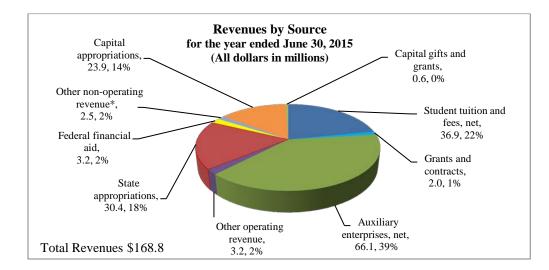
NON-OPERATING REVENUES

Total non-operating revenues decreased by \$0.2 million, or 0.6%, from prior fiscal year.

OTHER REVENUES

Other revenues increased by \$4.2 million, or 20.7%, from prior fiscal year due to the increase in capital appropriations. The increase in capital appropriations is due primarily to capital appropriations received for the construction of the Student Success Center now known as Christopher Newport Hall.

The graph below reflects the fiscal year revenues by source.



TOTAL EXPENSES

The expenses of the University are also separated into operating and non-operating expenses and can be categorized by either *natural classification* or by *function*. Note 10 of the *Notes to Financial Statements* gives the correlation between the two different methods of categorization.

Summary of Expenses by Function									
For the years ended June 30, 2015 and	For the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014								
(All dollars in millions)									
		2015		2014		hange nount	Chai Perc	U	
Operating expenses									
Instruction	\$	33.2	\$	30.7	\$	2.5	8	8.1	%
Research		2.1		1.9		0.2	10).5	%
Academic support		8.6		8.2		0.4	4	4.9	%
Student services		6.7		5.9		0.8	13	3.6	%
Institutional support		8.6		8.0		0.6	7	7.5	%
Operation & maintenance of plant		8.6		8.0		0.6	7	7.5	%
Depreciation		16.0		14.9		1.1	-	7.4	%
Student aid		2.0		2.3		(0.3)	(1.	3.0)	%
Auxiliary enterprises		54.4		52.4		2.0	3	3.8	%
Total operating expenses	\$	140.2	\$	132.3	\$	7.9	(5.0	%

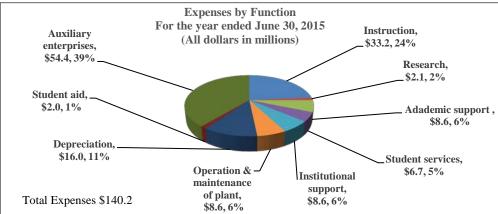
OPERATING EXPENSES

Total operating expenses for the fiscal year totaled \$140.2 million, up \$7.9 million from fiscal year 2014. The net change resulted primarily from Instruction, Auxiliary, and depreciation.

Instructional salaries, wages and fringe benefits increased to support the University's commitment to recruiting and sustaining outstanding faculty and staff. Per the University's Mission Statement, our primary focus is excellence in

teaching, inspired by sound scholarship. At CNU, personal attention in small classes creates a student-centered environment where creativity and excellence can flourish.

Auxiliary enterprises salaries, wages and fringe benefits increased to better serve the students' housing and dining needs. First, second and third year students are required to live on campus. The University feels that students who live on campus statistically achieve higher academic success, are more engaged with faculty, more connected with campus, more likely to return for a second year, and go on to graduate.



Depreciation expense increased by \$1.1 million due to the increase in depreciable assets for ongoing investments in instructional, research, and computer equipment; additional library books; additions to building and improvements for new tennis courts, the great lawn and improvements to current buildings; and an increase in infrastructure for wireless networks, lighting and security.

When looking at expenses by natural classification, the largest expenses are salaries, wages and fringe benefits for faculty, staff, and students to carry out the mission of the University; as well as service and supplies to support the faculty, staff and students.

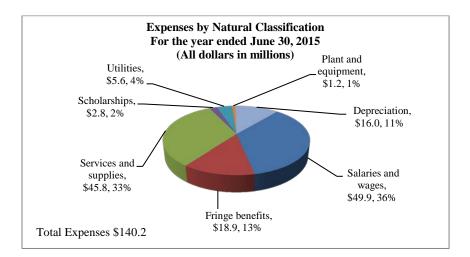
Summary of Expenses by N	atural	Classifi	ication			
For the years ended June 30, 2015 ar	nd 2014					
(All dollars in millions)						
				Change	Change	
	20)15	2014	Amount	Percent	
Operating expenses						
Salaries and wages	\$	49.9	\$ 46.9	\$ 3.0	6.4	%
Fringe benefits		18.9	16.8	2.1	12.5	%
Services and supplies		45.8	45.0	0.8	1.8	%
Scholarships		2.8	3.0	(0.2)	(6.7)	%
Utilities		5.6	5.7	(0.1)	(1.8)	%
Plant and equipment		1.2	0.0	1.2	NA	%
Depreciation		16.0	14.9	1.1	7.4	%
Total operating expenses	\$	140.2	\$ 132.3	\$ 7.9	6.0	%

The natural expense category of salaries and wages comprised \$49.9 million, or 35.6% of the University's total

operating expenses. This category increased by \$3.0 million (6.4%) over the previous year. Changes to expenses in this category are due to increases in faculty, staff and student salaries and wages. No general fund salary increases were funded by the Commonwealth in fiscal year 2015. However, in an effort to make University salaries more competitive and to improve recruitment and retention of employees, the Rector and Board of Visitors approved a comprehensive salary study to compare our positions with similar

positions and implement a multi-phase plan to increase salaries to the mid-point of their range. In fiscal year 2015, the second salary increase was approved and funded.

Plant and equipment increased due to the continued maintenance and repair on the campus facilities as well as computer, reference, electronic, photographic equipment and office furniture purchases that do not meet the capitalization policy.



NON-OPERATING EXPENSES

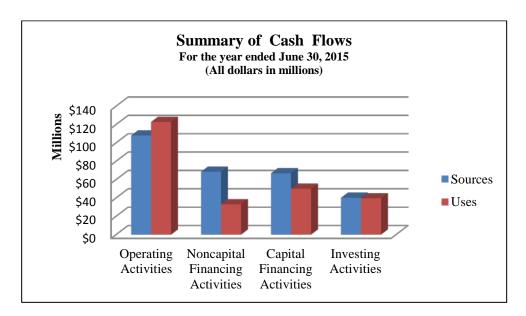
Non-operating expenses consist of losses on disposal of capital assets and interest paid on capital related debt.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

The *Statement of Cash Flows* presents detailed information about the cash activity of the University during the year. Cash flows from operating activities will always be different from the operating loss on the *Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Net Position* (SRECNP). This difference occurs because the SRECNP is prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and includes noncash items, such as depreciation expenses, whereas the *Statement of Cash Flows* presents cash inflows and outflows without regard to accrual items. The *Statement of Cash Flows* should help readers assess the ability of an institution to generate sufficient cash flows necessary to meet its obligations.

The statement is divided into five sections:

- Cash flows from operating activities, deals with operating cash flows and shows net cash used by the operating activities of the University.
- Cash flows from noncapital financing activities section reflects cash received and disbursed for purposes other than operating, investing, and capital financing. GASB requires that general appropriations from the Commonwealth be shown as cash flows from noncapital financing activities. Since state appropriations are used to cover the operating expenses of the University, net cash should always be used by operating activities and provided by noncapital financing activities.
- Cash flows from capital financing activities presents cash used for the acquisition and construction of capital and related items. Plant funds and related long-term debt activities (except depreciation and amortization), as well as capital appropriations are included in cash flows from capital financing activities.
- Cash flows from investing activities reflects the cash flows generated from investments, including purchases, proceeds, and interest.
- The last section reconciles the operating loss reflected on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Net Position to the net cash used by operating activities.



More cash during fiscal year 2015 was used over prior year by \$0.2 million for operating activities. Due primarily to the increase in payments to faculty, staff and students to carry out the mission of the University.

Net cash provided by noncapital activities decreased by \$0.4 million due primarily to the decrease in State appropriations and federal student financial aid in fiscal year 2015 from 2014. In 2015 the State reduced their funding to the University.

Net cash used by capital related financing activities had a \$44.1 million increase from prior year primarily due to the increase in the University's bond issued construction funds for Regatta's Expansion, Specialty Residential Housing, Alumni House and Athletic Facilities Expansion.

Net cash provided by investing activities decreased due to the decrease in interest earning on investments.

Summary of Cash Flows					
For the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014					
(All dollars in millions)					
	2015	2014	Change Amount	Change Percent	
Net cash used by operating activities	\$ (14.8)	\$ (14.6)	\$ (0.2)	1.4	%
Net cash used by noncapital activities	35.5	35.9	(0.4)	(1.1)	%
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	16.9	(27.2)	44.1	(162.1)	%
Net cash used by investing activities	0.7	0.8	(0.1)	(12.5)	%
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	38.3	(5.1)	43.4	(851.0)	%
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	24.4	29.5	(5.1)	(17.3)	%
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 62.7	\$ 24.4	\$ 38.3	157.0	%

ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

The University's economic outlook is closely related to its role as one of the Commonwealth's comprehensive higher education institutions. As such, it is largely dependent upon ongoing financial support from state government. The University's governing board increased in-state tuition by \$680; out-of-state tuition by \$1,650; comprehensive fees by \$200 and room and board by \$300 for fiscal year 2016. Christopher Newport University is a young institution, but our formidable reputation is growing fast thanks to our commitment to the principles of liberal learning and our dedication to the ideals of scholarship, leadership and service. That dedication has earned the University a spot in *U.S. News & World Report*'s Best Colleges guide as fifth among public regional universities in the South and 14th among all regional universities in the South. In addition, CNU is ranked third among all public schools for having "the highest proportion of classes with fewer than 20 students." Rankings are based on widely accepted indicators of excellence, such as the retention and graduation of students, the commitment to instruction as measured by class size, faculty salaries and the proportion of professors with the highest degrees in their field, student selectivity, and alumni giving.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CHRISTOPHER NEWPORT UNIVERSITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of June 30, 2015

	University	Component Unit Foundations
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3) Cash and cash equivalents Treasurer of Virginia (Note 3) Cash and cash equivalents - securities lending (Note 3) Accounts receivable, net of allowance (Note 4) Contributions receivable, net of allowance (Note 4) Due From Commonwealth (Note 4) Prepaid expenses Inventory	\$ 3,384,078 23,499,687 866,877 695,854 - 2,646,154 1,741,596 229,666	\$ 6,550,686 - 279,884 4,403,806 - 6,924
		11 241 200
Total current assets	33,063,912	11,241,300
Noncurrent Assets:		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents (Note 3) Restricted cash/cash equivalents Treasurer of Virginia (Note 3) Restricted investments (Note 3) Other investments (Note 3) Appropriations available/due from Contributions receivable, net of allowance (Note 4) Other assets Other restricted assets Non-depreciable capital assets (Note 5) Capital assets, net (Note 5)	35,646,792 212,411 206,602 31,376 551 - - - 67,516,659 433,207,296	949,669 25,050,252 11,275,525 2,755,698 1,115,734 21,755,381 86,868,135
Total noncurrent assets	536,821,687	149,770,394
Deferred outflows of resources (Note 6)	9,146,857	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	579,032,456	161,011,694
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses (Note 7) Unearned revenue Obligations under securities lending Accrued Interest Payable Deposits held in custody for others Long-term liabilities - current portion (Note 8) Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities (Notes 8 and 9) Deferred inflows of resources (Note 14) Total liabilities and deferred inflow of resources	15,337,262 1,507,920 898,253 1,919,874 2,297,837 13,300,580 35,261,726 222,322,474 6,407,000 263,991,200	644,760 15,123 - 155,148 206,602 6,778,508 7,800,141 104,590,909 - 112,391,050
Total habilities and deferred inflow of resources	203,991,200	112,391,030
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for: Nonexpendable - scholarships and fellowships Expendable: Scholarships and fellowships Academic support Capital projects Other	343,340,272	1,626,287 20,466,292 3,086,441 11,533,162 5,017,716 666 730
Other Unrestricted	- (28,299,016)	666,739 6,224,007
Total net position	\$ 315,041,256	\$ 48,620,644

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

CHRISTOPHER NEWPORT UNIVERSITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	University	Component Unit Foundations
Operating Revenues:		
Student tuition and fees, Net of scholarship allowance of \$2,773,196	\$ 36,909,319	\$ -
Federal grants and contracts	1,755,359	-
State grants and contracts	186,366	-
Nongovernmental grants and contracts	34,234	-
Gifts and contributions	-	2,998,984
Auxiliary enterprises, Net of scholarship allowance of \$6,580,189	66,126,271	-
Lease and rental revenue	-	10,803,840
Other operating revenue	3,245,962	57,943
Total operating revenues	108,257,511	13,860,767
Operating Expenses (Note 10):		
Instruction	33,185,986	-
Research	2,095,367	-
Academic support	8,618,428	-
Student services	6,701,090	-
Institutional support	8,641,899	3,978,915
Operation and maintenance of plant	8,632,156	2,665,526
Depreciation	15,986,534	3,837,395
Student aid	1,943,477	1,287,742
Auxiliary enterprises	54,386,639	
Total operating expenses	140,191,576	11,769,578
Operating gain/(loss)	(31,934,065)	2,091,189
Non-operating Revenues/(Expenses):		
State appropriations (Note 11)	30,429,585	-
Federal student financial aid	3,173,403	-
Gifts	1,837,748	-
Investment income, net of investment expenses of \$7,850	186,584	1,940,559
Interest on capital asset related debt	(6,439,185)	(3,077,549)
Build America Bonds subsidy	492,047	-
Other non-operating revenues (expenses)	-	-
Gain (Loss) on disposal of plant assets	(50,246)	(86,796)
Net nonoperating revenues/(expenses)	29,629,936	(1,223,786)
Income before other revenues/(expenses)/gains/(losses)	(2,304,129)	867,403
Capital appropriations	23,880,365	673,224
Capital gifts and grants	583,689	-
Transfer (subsidy) of capital asset		
Additions to permanent endowments		1,537,139
Net other revenues	24,464,054	2,210,363
Increase/(decrease) in net position	22,159,925	3,077,766
Net Position Beginning of year* (Note 2)	292,881,331	45,542,878
Net Position End of year	\$ 315,041,256	\$ 48,620,644

*Certain 2014 amounts have been restated.

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

CHRISTOPHER NEWPORT UNIVERSITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Student tuition and fees	\$ 36,337,519
Grants and contracts	2,011,515
Auxiliary enterprises	65,709,592
Other receipts	3,254,263
Payments to employees	(68,551,837)
Payments for services and supplies	(45,363,093)
Payments for utilities	(5,628,623)
Payments for scholarships and fellowships	(1,519,983)
Payments for plant improvements and equipment	(1,031,414)
Loans and advances issued to students and employees	(639,522)
Collection of loans and advances from students and employees	 593,416
Net cash used by operating activities	 (14,828,167)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	
State appropriations	30,429,585
Gifts and grants for other than capital purposes	1,837,748
Federal student financial aid	3,173,403
Federal direct lending program receipts	24,694,518
Federal direct lending program disbursements	(24,694,078)
PLUS loan receipts	6,830,115
PLUS loan disbursements	(6,830,115)
Agency receipts	1,510,360
Agency payments	 (1,426,883)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	 35,524,653
Cash flows from capital financing activities:	
Capital appropriations	26,003,121
Capital grants and contributions	583,689
Proceeds from sale of revenue bonds	40,241,277
Purchase of capital assets	(33,405,099)
Principal paid on capital debt, leases, and installments	(10,184,752)
Interest paid on capital debt, leases, and installments	(6,268,320)
Net cash used by capital financing activities	 16,969,916
	 10,707,710
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Interest on investments	678,631
Purchase of investments	(39,432,096)
Sales of investments	 39,420,017
Net cash provided by investing activities	 666,552
Net Increase in cash	38,332,954
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of the year	 24,410,014
Cash and cash equivalents - end of the year	\$ 62,742,968

CHRISTOPHER NEWPORT UNIVERSITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Reconciliation of Net Operating Loss to Net Cash	
Used by Operating Activities:	
Operating loss	\$ (31,934,065)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used	
by operating activities:	
Depreciation expense	15,986,534
Changes in assets, liabilities and deferred outflows:	
Receivables, net	29,879
Prepaid expenses	799,520
Inventory	(66,514)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	264,290
Unearned revenue	111,505
Deposits held in custody	150,069
Deferred outflow of resources	(322,139)
Accrued compensated absences	 152,754
Net cash used by operating activities	\$ (14,828,167)
Non Cash investing, non capital financing, and	
capital and related financing transactions:	
Capitalization of interest expense	\$ 258,306
Amortization of bond premium	\$ 1,162,031
Amortization of deferred net loss on defeased bonds	\$ (728,004)
Change in fair value of investments recognized as a component of interest income	\$ 12,079

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CHRISTOPHER NEWPORT UNIVERSITY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF JUNE 30, 2015

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies of the University are as follows:

A. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

Christopher Newport University is a comprehensive university that is part of the Commonwealth of Virginia's statewide system of public higher education. The University's Board of Visitors, appointed by the Governor, is responsible for overseeing governance of the University. A separate report is prepared for the Commonwealth of Virginia, which includes all agencies over which the Commonwealth exercises oversight authority. The University is a component unit of the Commonwealth of Virginia and is included in the basic financial statements of the Commonwealth.

The University includes all entities over which the University exercises or has the ability to exercise oversight authority for financial reporting purposes. Under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 14, as amended by Statements 39 and 61, the Christopher Newport University Education and Real Estate Foundations, Inc. are discretely presented as component units of the University. The Foundations are legally separate and tax-exempt organizations formed to promote the achievements and further the aims and purposes of the University.

Christopher Newport University Education and Real Estate Foundations are taxexempt, nonprofit, nonstock corporations. The Christopher Newport University Education Foundation was organized in September 1980 and Christopher Newport University Real Estate Foundation was organized in June 1997. The Foundations were created to receive, administer and distribute funds and property exclusively in furtherance of the educational activities and objectives of Christopher Newport University. Although the University does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundations, the majority of resources, or incomes thereon, which the Foundations hold and invest, are restricted to the activities of the University by the donors. Since these restricted resources held by the Foundations can only be used by, or for the benefit of the University, the Foundations are considered a component unit of the University and are discretely presented in the University's financial statements.

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the Foundations distributed \$2,421,437 to the University for both restricted and unrestricted purposes. Separate financial statements for the Foundations can be obtained by writing the Chief Financial Officer, CNU Foundations, 1 Avenue of the Arts, Newport News, Virginia 23606.

B. <u>Basis of Presentation</u>

The University's accounting policies conform with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by GASB, including all applicable GASB pronouncements. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GASB Statement 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, and GASB Statement 35, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Public College and Universities*. The University follows GASB 34 requirements for "reporting by special-purpose governments engaged only in business-type activities."

The Foundations are private, nonprofit organizations that report under Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) standards, including FASB Statement 117, "*Financial Reporting for Not-for-Profit Organizations*." As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the Foundations' financial information in the University's financial reporting entity for these differences.

C. <u>Basis of Accounting</u>

The University's financial statements have been prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. All significant intra-agency transactions have been eliminated.

D. Cash Equivalents and Investments

In accordance with GASB Statement 9, Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, the University considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less to be cash equivalents.

In accordance with GASB Statement 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*, purchased investments, interest-bearing temporary investments classified with cash and investments received as gifts are recorded at fair value. All investment income, including changes in the fair value of investments (unrealized gains and losses), is reported as non-operating revenue in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position.

E. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets include land, buildings and other improvements, library materials, equipment, intangible assets such as computer software, and infrastructure assets such as sidewalks. Capital assets are defined by the University as assets, excluding computer software, with an initial cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Computer software is defined as having an initial cost of \$10,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Donated capital assets are recorded at fair market value at the date of the donation. Expenses for major capital assets and improvements are capitalized (construction in progress) as projects are constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the asset's value or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized. Plant assets, at the time of disposal, revert to the Commonwealth of Virginia for disposition. Proceeds, if any, are returned to the University.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the asset and is not allocated to the functional expense categories. Useful lives by asset categories are listed below:

Buildings	40-50 years
Other improvements and infrastructure	15 years
Equipment	5-15 years
Intangible Assets – Computer Software	5-10 years
Library materials	5 years

F. <u>Prepaid Expenses</u>

As of June 30, 2015, the University's prepaid expenses included items such as insurance premiums, membership dues, conference registrations and software maintenance for fiscal year 2016 that were paid in advance, and publication subscriptions which include initial and renewal annual subscriptions for technical and professional publications.

G. <u>Inventories</u>

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market. The inventory held by the University consists of expendable supplies and items for resale. The cost of inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed or sold rather than when purchased.

H. <u>Noncurrent Cash and Investments</u>

Cash and investments that are externally restricted to construct capital and other noncurrent assets are classified as noncurrent assets in the Statement of Net Position.

I. <u>Unearned Revenue</u>

Unearned revenue includes amounts received for tuition, fees, and grants and contracts prior to the end of the fiscal year, but related to the period after June 30, 2015.

J. Long-term Debt and Debt Issue Costs

Long-term debt on the Statement of Net Position is reported net of related discounts and premiums, which are amortized over the life of the debt. Debt issuance costs are expensed as Non-operating expenses.

K. Accrued Compensated Absences

Accrued leave reflected in the accompanying financial statements represents the amount of annual, sick and compensatory leave earned but not taken as of June 30, 2015. The amount represents all earned vacation, sick and compensatory leave payable under the Commonwealth of Virginia's leave pay-out policy and the University Handbook, for all Administrators holding faculty appointments, upon employment termination. The applicable share of employer related taxes payable on the eventual termination payments is also included.

L. Federal Financial Assistance Programs

The University participates in federally funded Pell Grant, Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants, and Federal Work-Study programs. In addition, the University has numerous federal research grants. Federal programs are audited in accordance with the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996, the Office of Management and Budget Revised Circular A-133, Audit of State, *Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*, and the Compliance Supplement. The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) recently incorporated OMB Circulars A-21, A-87, A-89, A-102, A-110, A-122 and A-133 into a single document. The new document is now titled 2 CFR, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards.

M. <u>Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources</u>

Deferred outflows of resources are defined as the consumption of net assets applicable to a future reporting period. The deferred outflows of resources have a positive effect on net position similar to assets.

Deferred inflows of resources are defined as the acquisition of net assets applicable to a future reporting period. The deferred inflows of resources have a negative effect on net position similar to liabilities.

N. <u>Net Position</u>

GASB Statement 34 requires that the Statement of Net Position report the difference between assets and liabilities as net position. GASB Statement 63 changes that terminology from *net assets* to *net position*. Net position consists of *Net Investment in Capital Assets*, *Restricted* and *Unrestricted*. *Net Investment in Capital Assets* consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and is reduced by outstanding debt that is attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as *Restricted* when constraints on the net position use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, or contributors or imposed by law. *Unrestricted* net position consists of net assets that do not meet the definitions above. When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the University's policy is to evaluate these expenditures and apply resources on a case by case basis.

O. <u>Revenue and Expense Classifications</u>

Operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions, such as: (1) student tuition and fees, net of scholarship discounts and allowances; (2) sales and services of auxiliary enterprises, net of scholarship allowances; and (3) federal, state and nongovernmental grants and contracts.

Non-operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions, such as gifts, and other revenue sources that are defined as non-operating revenues by GASB Statement 9, *Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting*, and GASB Statement 34, such as state appropriations and investment and interest income.

Non-operating expenses include interest on debt related to the purchase of capital assets and losses on disposal of capital assets. All other expenses are classified as operating expenses.

P. <u>Scholarship Discounts and Allowances</u>

Student tuition and fees revenues and certain other revenues from students are reported net of scholarship discounts and allowances in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position. Scholarship discounts and allowances are the difference between the stated charge for goods and services provided by the University and the amount that is paid by students and/or third parties making payments on the student's behalf. Certain governmental grants, such as Pell grants, and other federal, state, or nongovernmental programs are recorded as either operating or non-operating revenues in the University's financial statements. To the extent that such revenues are used to satisfy tuition and fees and other student charges, the University has recorded a scholarship discount and allowance.

Q. <u>Pensions</u>

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) State Employee Retirement Plan and the Virginia Law Officers' System (VaLORS) Retirement Plan; and the additions to/deductions from the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan's and the VaLORS Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

2. RESTATEMENT OF BEGINNING NET POSITION

Beginning net position which were originally reported as ending net position in the University's financial statements as of June 30, 2014 have been restated to reflect the implementation of GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions-an amendment of GASB Statement 27, as amended by GASBS 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No 68 and correction in salary accrual.

Net position as previously reported June 30, 2014	\$335,319,231
Net Pension Liability (measurement date)	(41,122,000)
Deferred outflows-FY14 contributions	2,305,000
FY14 wages payable (9 mo. faculty pd. over 12 mo.)	(3,620,900)
Total prior period adjustment	(42,437,900)
Net position restated at June 30, 2014	\$292,881,331

3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

GASB Statement 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*, became effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2004. This statement amends GASB Statement 3, *Deposits with Financial Institutions*, Investments (including Repurchase Agreements), and Reverse Repurchase Agreements. GASB Statement 40 eliminates the custodial credit risk disclosures for Category 1 and 2 deposits and investments. However, this Statement does not change the disclosure requirements for Category 3 deposits and investments. The University has no Category 3 deposits or investments for 2015 to disclose. The CNU Education Foundation handles all investments on behalf of the University.

GASB Statement 40 requires the following risk disclosures:

 $\underline{\text{Credit Risk}}$ – The risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. This Statement requires the disclosure of the credit quality ratings of all investments subject to credit risk. Information with respect to University deposit exposure to credit risk is discussed below.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> – The risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. This Statement requires disclosure of investments with any one issuer that represents five percent or more of total investments. However, investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external pools and other pooled investments are excluded from the requirement.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u> – The risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. This Statement requires disclosure of the terms of the investments with fair values that are highly sensitive to changes in interest rates. The University does not have investments or deposits that are sensitive to change in interest rates as of the close of business on June 30, 2015.

<u>Foreign Currency Risk</u> – The risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or deposit. The University had no foreign investments/deposits for 2015.

A. <u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>

Pursuant to Section 2.2-1800, et seq., <u>Code of Virginia</u>, all state funds of the University are held by the Treasurer of Virginia, who is responsible for the collection, disbursement, custody and investment of state funds. Cash deposits held by the University are maintained in accounts that are collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act, Section 2.2-4400, et seq., <u>Code of Virginia</u>. In accordance with the GASB 9 definition of cash and cash equivalents, cash represents cash with the Treasurer, cash on hand and cash deposits including certificates of deposit, and temporary investments with original maturities of three months or less.

B. Investments

The Board of Visitors establishes and monitors CNU's investment strategy. Authorized investments are set forth in the Investment of Public Funds Act, Section 2.2-4500 through 2.2-4517, et seq., <u>Code of Virginia</u>. Investments fall into two groups: short-term and long-term. Short-term investments have an original maturity of over 90 days, but less than or equal to one year. Long-term investments have an original maturity greater than one year.

	Market Value
Cash and cash equivalents:	
Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 3,384,078
Treasurer of Virginia	24,578,975
State non-arbitrage program (SNAP)	35,646,792
Total cash and cash equivalents	63,609,845
Investments:	
Collateral held for securities lending	31,376
Mutual funds and Money Market	206,602
Total investments	237,978
Total cash, cash equivalents and investments	<u>\$63,847,823</u>

Christopher Newport University Education and Real Estate Foundations Cash and Investments

The following information is provided with respect to the credit risk associated with the Foundations' cash and cash equivalents and investments at June 30, 2015.

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Foundations to concentrations of credit risk consist of cash balances and overnight investments. The Foundations maintain operating accounts in excess of the \$250,000 limit of federal insurance with one financial institution. In addition, the Foundations maintain cash balances with brokers that are not insured by the FDIC.

Investments are carried at their estimated market value determined at the date of the consolidated statement of financial position. Income from investments, including the unrealized gains and losses, is accounted for as an increase in unrestricted, temporarily restricted, or permanently restricted net assets, depending upon the nature of donor restrictions.

Summarized below are investments recorded at market value:

Mutual Funds	\$ 413,999
Private Equity Funds	3,758,648
Hedge Funds	20,671,003
Managed Investments	206,602
Total investments	<u>\$ 25,050,252</u>

Investments are recorded on the statement of financial condition as follows:

Unrestricted	\$	12,500
Funds invested for the University		206,602
Temporarily restricted		6,811,728
Permanently restricted		18,019,422
Total investments	<u>\$</u>	25,050,252

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Foundations' have adopted the provisions of FASB ASC 820-10, *Fair Value Measurements*, which defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date and establishes a framework for measuring fair value. FASB ASC 820-10 expands disclosures about instruments measured at fair value.

ASC 820-55 establishes a three-level valuation hierarchy for disclosure of fair value measurements. The valuation hierarchy is based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date. As of June 30, 2015 the Foundations held investments totaling \$620,601 and \$24,429,651 in Levels 1 and 3, respectively. The Foundations' have no Level 2 financial instruments.

C. Securities Lending Transactions

GASB Statement 28, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Securities Lending Transactions, establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for security lending transactions. In these transactions, governmental entities transfer their securities to brokers, dealers and other entities for collateral and simultaneously agree to return the collateral for the same securities in the future. Collateral held for securities lending and the securities lending transactions reported on the financial statements represent the University's allocated share of securities received for securities lending transactions held in the General Account of the Commonwealth. The Commonwealth's policy is to record unrealized gains and losses in the General Fund in the Commonwealth's basic financial statements. When gains or losses are realized, the actual gains and losses are recorded by the affected agencies. Information related to the credit risk of these investments and securities lending transactions held in the General Account is available on a statewide level in the Commonwealth of Virginia's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*.

4. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

A. Accounts receivable consisted of the following at June 30, 2015:

Student tuition and fees Auxiliary enterprises Federal, state, private grants and contracts Other activities	\$ 68,837 91,730 389,870 <u>177,531</u>
Gross receivables	727,968
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(32,114)
Net accounts receivable	<u>\$695,854</u>

B. Due from the Commonwealth of Virginia consisted of the following at June 30, 2015:

Virginia College Building Authority 21st Century Bonds	\$2,646,154
Total Due from Commonwealth of Virginia	<u>\$2,646,154</u>

Christopher Newport University Education and Real Estate Foundations - Contributions Receivable

The Foundations have on-going fundraising campaigns to benefit the University. The pledges receivable are unconditional. At June 30, 2015, pledges receivable are as follows:

	2015			
		Temporarily	Permanently	
	Unrestricted	Restricted	Restricted	Total
Receivable in less than one year	\$ 1,258,353	\$ 3,108,031	\$ 524,147	\$ 4,890,531
Receivable in one to five years	772,292	5,021,708	872,230	6,666,230
Receivable in more than five years	-	7,733,143	1,236,407	8,969,550
Total unconditional pledges	2,030,645	15,862,882	2,632,784	20,526,311
Less discount to net present value	(58,453)	(3,131,679)	(334,780)	(3,524,912)
Less allowances for uncollectible				
pledges receivable	(47,301)	(1,241,530)	(33,237)	(1,322,068)
Net unconditional pledges				
receivable	\$ 1,924,891	\$11,489,673	\$ 2,264,767	\$15,679,331

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in the various capital asset categories for the year ending June 30, 2015 is as follows:

N 1 11 11 1	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
Nondepreciable capital assets:	• 10 1 5 0 077	Φ.	ф.	ф. 10.4 7 0.0сс
Land	\$ 19,478,866	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,478,866
Construction in progress	21,345,510	29,713,141	(3,020,858)	48,037,793
Total nondepreciable capital assets	40,824,376	29,713,141	(3,020,858)	67,516,659
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings	476,092,994	706,360	(228,613)	476,570,741
Infrastructure	11,632,267	1,329,071	-	12,961,338
Equipment	17,777,950	802,240	(278,588)	18,301,602
Intangibles	4,278,566	18,455	(88,182)	4,208,839
Other improvements	28,565,878	2,431,734	(424,783)	30,572,829
Library materials	11,756,350	519,087	(58,530)	12,216,907
Total depreciable capital assets	550,104,005	5,806,947	(1,078,696)	554,832,256
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	69,659,727	10,679,634	(228,613)	80,110,748
Infrastructure	4,955,799	1,149,728	-	6,105,527
Equipment	7,711,460	1,700,661	(228,342)	9,183,779
Intangibles	2,600,481	648,923	(88,182)	3,161,222
Other improvements	10,693,261	1,371,042	-	12,064,303
Library materials	10,562,834	436,547	-	10,999,381
Total accumulated depreciation	106,183,562	15,986,535	(545,137)	121,624,960
Depreciable capital assets, net	443,920,443	(10,179,588)	(533,559)	433,207,296
Total capital assets, net	\$ 484,744,819	\$ 19,533,553	\$ (3,554,417)	\$ 500,723,955

Land	\$ 18,576,064
Buildings	103,686,931
Furniture and equipment	2,660,545
Held for sale	51,190
Construction in progress	 2,509,793
	127,484,523
Less accumulated depreciation	 (19,479,341)
	\$ 108,005,182

Land, buildings, furniture, equipment and collections for 2015 are summarized as follows:

Depreciation charged to expense totaled \$3,602,923 and \$2,982,018, in 2015 and 2014, respectively. Interest capitalized was \$0 and \$38,051 in 2015 and 2014, respectively.

6. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:

The composition of deferred outflows of resources at June 30, 2015 is summarized below:

Deferred loss on debt defeasance (see Note 9)	\$4,661,718
Deferred pension contributions (see Note 14)	<u>4,485,139</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>\$9,146,857</u>

7. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED EXPENSES:

Accounts payable and accrued expenses consisted of the following at June 30, 2015:

Employee salaries, wages and fringe benefits payable	\$ 8,057,954
Vendors and suppliers accounts payable	5,954,401
Retainage payable	1,324,907
Total accounts payable and accrued liabilities	<u>\$15,337,262</u>

8. NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

The University's noncurrent liabilities consist of long-term debt (further described in Note 9), and other noncurrent liabilities. A summary of changes in noncurrent liabilities for the year ending June 30, 2015 is presented below:

	Beginning			Ending	Current
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	Portion
Long-term debt:					
Revenue bonds	\$113,650,338	\$11,538,069	\$10,890,039	\$114,298,368	\$ 7,500,000
Treasury-general obligation bonds	53,613,957	31,517,533	3,152,486	81,979,004	3,786,867
Installment purchases	943,585	195,675	367,122	772,138	503,017
Total long-term debt	168,207,880	43,251,277	14,409,647	197,049,510	11,789,884
Accrued compensated absences	1,847,790	1,764,958	1,612,204	2,000,544	1,510,696
Net pension liability (see Note 14)	38,817,000	4,163,000	6,407,000	36,573,000	-
Total long-term liabilities	\$208,872,670	\$49,179,235	\$22,428,851	\$235,623,054	\$13,300,580

The beginning balance of long-term liabilities was restated due to the implementation of GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. See note 14 for additional details.

9. LONG TERM DEBT

On behalf of The University, the Commonwealth has issued two categories of bonds pursuant to Section 9 of Article X of the *Constitution of Virginia*.

Section 9(c) bonds are general obligation bonds issued by the Commonwealth of Virginia on behalf of the University, which are secured by the net revenues of the completed project and the full faith, credit and taxing power of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

Section 9(d) bonds are revenue bonds, which are limited obligations of the University, payable exclusively from pledged general revenues and are not debt of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Pledged revenues include revenues of the University not required by law to be used for another purpose. The University issued 9(d) bonds through the Public Higher Education Financing Program (Pooled Bond Program) created by the Virginia General Assembly in 1996. Through the Pooled Bond Program, the Virginia College Building Authority (VCBA) issues 9(d) bonds and uses the proceeds to purchase debt obligations (notes) of the University and various other institutions of higher education.

In May of 2015, the University issued \$27,820,000 of general obligation bonds, Series 2015A. Of this amount, \$8,960,000 will be used to expand the Regatta dining hall and \$18,860,000 will go toward construction of residential housing. The bonds were issued by the Commonwealth of Virginia on behalf of the University. They were issued with interest rates varying from 3.0% to 5.0% and will mature in 2035.

In November of 2014, the University issued \$6,855,000 of Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2014A to fund an Athletics expansion II and new construction for the Alumni House. The bonds were issued through the Virginia College Building Authority (VCBA) Public Higher Education Financial Pooled Bonds Program. These bonds were issued with interest rates varying from 2.0% to 5.0% and will mature in 2030.

Description	Interest Rates	Fiscal Year Maturity	Outstanding Balance at June 30, 2015
General obligation bonds:			
Residence Halls:			
		2021	¢ 050.000
Series 2006	3.87-5.0	2021	\$ 950,000
Series 2009C	3.0-4.0	2021	1,865,935
Series 2010A-1 & 2010A-2	2.1-5.0	2040	31,905,000
Series 2011A	2.0-3.0	2021	2,775,000
Series 2014B	2.0-5.0	2019	3,697,915
Series 2014B	2.0-5.0	2020	7,373,114
Series 2015A	3.0-5.0	2035	18,860,000
Dining Services:			
Series 2015A	3.0-5.0	2035	8,960,000
Total general obligation bo	onds		<u>\$ 76,386,964</u>
Revenue bonds:			
Athletics:			
Series 2007A	4.5-5.0	2038	\$ 4,765,000
Series 2007B	4.0-4.5	2019	2,800,000
Series 2007B	4.0-4.5	2020	1,786,720
Series 2007B	4.0-4.5	2020	402,761
Series 2009A	2.1-5.0	2029	2,260,000
Series 2009B	3.0-5.0	2040	18,235,000

		Fiscal	Outstanding
	Interest	Year	Balance at
Description	Rates	Maturity	June 30, 2015
Series 2010B	2.0-5.0	2021	290,000
Series 2010B	2.0-5.0	2023	290,000
Series 2010B	2.0-5.0	2023	1,300,000
Series 2012A	5.0	2023	365,000
Series 2014A	2.0-5.0	2030	3,380,000
Series 2014B	3.0-5.0	2026	1,680,000
Dining Services:			
Series 2007B	4.0-4.5	2020	98,550
Series 2007B	4.0-4.5	2020	215,000
Series 2010B	2.0-5.0	2022	275,000
Series 2010B	2.0-5.0	2023	60,000
Series 2011A	5.0	2022	3,100,000
Student Union:			
Series 2006A	3.0-5.0	2027	750,000
Series 2007B	4.0-4.5	2020	2,737,924
Series 2010B	2.0-5.0	2023	1,995,000
Series 2012A	2.75-5.0	2026	14,085,000
Series 2014B	3.0-5.0	2024	905,000
Parking Decks/Surface:			,
Series 2005A	5.0	2016	95,000
Series 2007B	4.0-4.5	2020	2,613,666
Series 2010B	2.0-5.0	2023	1,895,000
Series 2011A	3.0-5.0	2022	2,180,000
Series 2012A	3.0-5.0	2025	965,000
Series 2012B	3.0-5.0	2023	780,000
Series 2012B	3.0-5.0	2026	245,000
Residence Halls:	5.0 5.0	2020	245,000
Series 2007B	4.0-4.5	2020	7,455,379
Series 2010A-1	2.0-5.0	2018	630,000
Series 2010B	2.0-5.0	2010	5,415,000
Land Acquisition/Other:	2.0 5.0	2025	5,415,000
Series 2009A	2.1-5.0	2029	7,025,000
Series 2009A	2.1-5.0	2029	1,495,000
Series 2009B	2.0-5.0	2029	2,675,000
Series 2009B	3.0-5.0	2030	770,000
Series 2000B	2.0-5.6	2030	4,360,000
Series 2010A-1 Series 2011A	5.0	2041	2,270,000
Series 2014A	2.0-5.0	2022	3,475,000
Total revenue bonds	2.0-5.0	2030	<u>\$106,120,000</u>
Total bonds payable			<u>\$182,506,964</u>
Unamortized premiums -			\$ 5,592,040
Unamortized premiums -	- VCBA bonds		8,178,368
Total unamortized premiums			<u>\$ 13,770,408</u>
Installment purchases			<u>\$ 772,138</u>
Total long-term debt			<u>\$197,049,510</u>

Long-term debt matures as follows:

	Dringing	Interest
	Principal	merest
2016	\$ 13,217,455	\$ 8,130,667
2017	14,400,377	7,565,390
2018	14,842,218	6,986,372
2019	15,104,076	6,369,000
2020	13,717,585	5,749,990
2021-2025	52,232,447	20,671,076
2026-2030	31,767,889	12,332,393
2031-2035	25,041,070	6,683,060
2036-2040	16,475,745	2,169,528
2041	250,648	7,000
	<u>\$197,049,510</u>	<u>\$76,664,476</u>

Defeasance of Debt - Current Year

In November of 2014, the Commonwealth of Virginia issued \$186,035,000 of Educational Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014B, with an interest rate ranging from 3.0% to 5.0%. The sale of these bonds enabled the University to advance refund \$3,010,000 of debt outstanding on the Series 2005A, 2006A and the 2007A VCBA bond issues, which had interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 5.0%. This refunding represents a partial defeasance of the outstanding debt on the Series 2005A, 2006A and 2007A bond series. The reacquisition price of the refunded debt was \$3,335,000.

The proceeds of the refunding bonds were deposited into irrevocable trusts with escrow agents to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. As a result, these bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability associated with these bonds has been removed from the long-term liabilities.

The advance refunding resulted in the recognition of a deferred loss of \$284,000 that is being amortized over the next twelve years. The aggregate debt service payments, principle and interest, will be decreased by \$277,504 over the next twelve years which represents the maturity time of the old debt. This amount results in a net present value savings of \$245,461 based on a present value of 2.18%. New last year is a reclassification of deferred losses from debt defeasance. GASB 65 no longer nets deferral on debt defeasance with the applicable long-term liability. These amounts are now reported as deferred outflows of resources for losses, or deferred inflows of resources for gains. For fiscal year 2015 the deferred outflow of resources from the amortization of losses on debt defeasance was \$4,661,718.

<u>Defeasance of Debt – Prior Years</u>

During fiscal years 2012 and 2014, certain 2004B and 2005A GOB bonds were defeased by the University. The net proceeds from the sales of these bonds were placed in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service on the refunded bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the related liability for the defeased bonds are not reflected in the University's financial statements.

Defeasance of Debt - Year-to-Date Totals

At June 30, 2015, \$17,462,000 of the bonds considered defeased remains outstanding.

Christopher Newport University Education and Real Estate Foundations - Long Term Debt

Notes Payable

Notes payable at June 30, 2015 consists of the following:

Old Point National Bank, secured by deed of trust on leasehold interest and assignment of rents and leases. At June 30, 2015, interest is at the Wall Street Journal (WSJ) prime rate less 0.25% with a maximum rate of 5.75%. Principal payments of \$13,951 are due monthly and the note matures August 2029.	\$ 1,862,384
Towne Bank, secured by deed of trust on 12270 Warwick Boulevard, interest due monthly at the WSJ prime rate plus 0.5%, with a maximum rate of 6.5%. Principal and interest payments of \$14,238 beginning August 2012, balance due July 2032.	2,142,919
Towne Bank, secured by deed of trust on leasehold interest and assignment of rents and leases on Hidenwood Shopping Center located at 2 Hidenwood Boulevard, 12423, 12435, and 12437 Warwick Boulevard, interest due monthly at the WSJ prime rate plus 0.5%. Interest only payments of beginning November 2013, note payable is due December 2019. The maximum amount of the note may not exceed \$11,105,000.	9,977,297
CGA Mortgage Capital, secured by a deed of trust on leasehold interest and assignment of rents and leases on Riverside Medical Center located at 12422 Warwick Boulevard and 4 and 8 Glendale Road, interest due monthly at 4.738%. Principal and interest payments of \$74,875 beginning December 2013, balance due December 2033.	11,056,904
Union Bank and Trust, unsecured, interest due monthly at the WSJ prime rate minus 0.25%. Principal is due annually each August beginning in 2016 at various amounts between \$42,000 and \$52,600. Balance is due June 2025.	<u>1,366,750</u>
Total	<u>\$26,406,254</u>

During 2015, the Foundations had available a \$3,000,000 line of credit facility with Monarch Bank. The line of credit matures on January 10, 2016. The line is unsecured. Borrowings under this facility accrue interest at Wall Street Journal Prime Rate less 0.25%, with a minimum rate of 3.00%. This amount was 3.00% at June 30, 2015. The credit facility may be used to finance any lawful activity of the Foundations.

Bonds Payable

In March 2001, the Foundations entered into an agreement with the Economic Development Authority of the County of James City, Virginia, under which the Authority issued \$8.0 million of variable rate bank-qualified tax-exempt bonds. The Foundations used the proceeds from the bonds to finance the acquisition of various properties in the immediate vicinity of the University deemed essential for its enhancement and future expansion. The bonds were refinanced in August 2011 at 65% of LIBOR plus 0.82%. At June 30, 2015, the balance outstanding on the bonds was \$2,702,119. The bonds mature in June 2016.

In November 2001, the Foundations entered into an agreement with the Economic Development Authority of New Kent County, Virginia, under which the Authority issued \$10.0 million of variable rate bank-qualified tax-exempt bonds. The Foundations used the proceeds from the bonds to finance the acquisition of various properties in the immediate vicinity of the University deemed essential for its enhancement and future expansion. The bonds were payable interest only until October 2003 at 65% of LIBOR plus 0.88%, at which time principal curtailments began. The bonds originally matured in September 2013 and were extended until December 2013. In December 2013, the bonds were refinanced through the Industrial Development Authority of Poquoson City at a fixed interest rate of 1.69%. At June 30, 2015, the balance outstanding on the bonds was \$6,882,835. The bonds mature in December 2018.

In July 2002, the Foundations entered into an agreement with the Economic Development Authority of New Kent County, Virginia, under which the Authority issued \$5.5 million of variable rate bank-qualified tax-exempt bonds. The Foundations used the proceeds from the bonds to finance the acquisition of various properties in the immediate vicinity of the University deemed essential for its enhancement and future expansion. The bonds were payable interest only until October 2003 at 65% of LIBOR plus 0.88%, at which time principal curtailments began. The bonds originally matured in September 2013 and were extended until December 2013. In December 2013, the bonds were refinanced with the Industrial Authority of Richmond County at a fixed interest rate of 1.69%. At June 30, 2015, the balance outstanding on the bonds was \$3,922,078. The bonds mature in December 2018.

In July 2004, the Foundations entered into an agreement with the Industrial Development Authority of the City of Newport News, Virginia, under which the Authority issued \$26.9 million of variable rate bank-qualified tax-exempt bonds. The Foundations used the proceeds from the bonds to finance the acquisition of various properties in the immediate vicinity of the University deemed essential for its enhancement and future expansion. The bonds were payable interest only until November 2005 at 67% of LIBOR, at which time principal curtailments began. At June 30, 2015, the balance outstanding on the bonds was \$22,190,000. The bonds mature November 2028.

In August 2006, the Foundations entered into an agreement with the Industrial Development Authority of the City of Newport News, Virginia, under which the Authority issued \$17.5 million of taxexempt adjustable mode educational facilities revenue bonds. The Foundations used the proceeds from the bonds to refinance indebtedness of the Foundations in connection with the expansion and improvement of various properties in the immediate vicinity of the University deemed essential for its enhancement and future expansion. Scheduled principal curtailments began in August 2007. The interest rate on the bonds was 70% of LIBOR. In June 2015, the bonds were refinanced with the Economic Development Authority of Newport News at a variable interest rate of 65% of LIBOR plus 1.5% with a floor of 1.92% and a cap of 4.5%. At June 30, 2015, the balance outstanding on the bonds was \$6,886,000. The bonds mature in August 2036.

In November 2013, the Foundations entered into an agreement with the Industrial Development Authority of the City of Newport News, Virginia, under which the Authority issued \$41.29 million of taxexempt adjustable mode educational facilities revenue bonds. The Foundations used the proceeds from the bonds to refinance indebtedness of the Foundations in connection with Rappahannock Residence Hall. The interest rate on the bonds is 65% of LIBOR plus 1.6%. At June 30, 2015, the balance outstanding on the bonds was \$38,470,648. Scheduled principal curtailments began in December 2013. The bonds mature in November 2043.

The Foundations have entered into various letter of credit and credit line deeds of trust as additional security for each of the bond issuances. In addition, some of the note and bond payable agreements contain certain financial covenants pertaining to debt service coverage and lease payment coverage.

Notes and maturities for the succeeding fiscal years ending June 30, 2015 are as follows:

Year	Amount
2016	\$ 5,799,035
2017	3,484,697
2018	12,704,853
2019	3,260,308
2020	3,467,118
Thereafter	78,743,923
	<u>\$107,459,934</u>

10. EXPENSES BY NATURAL CLASSIFICATION

The following table shows a classification of expenses both by function as listed in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Net Position and by natural classification which is the basis for amounts in the Statement of Cash Flows.

	Salaries/Wages & Fringe Benefits	Services and Supplies	Scholarship	Depreciation, Utilities, Plant & Equipment	Total
Instruction	\$ 29,897,063	\$ 3,155,500	\$ 104,445	\$ 28,978	\$ 33,185,986
Research	747,734	1,347,043	-	590	2,095,367
Academic Support	5,212,104	3,208,504	1,452	196,368	8,618,428
Student Services	4,808,312	1,857,462	11,415	23,901	6,701,090
Institutional Support	6,646,226	1,810,918	-	184,755	8,641,899
Plant Operations	4,179,310	1,720,251	-	2,732,595	8,632,156
Depreciation	-	-	-	15,986,534	15,986,534
Scholarships	-	1,057	1,942,420	-	1,943,477
Auxiliary Activities	17,321,084	32,650,815	763,230	3,651,510	54,386,639
Total	\$ 68,811,833	\$ 45,751,550	\$ 2,822,962	\$ 22,805,231	\$ 140,191,576

11. STATE APPROPRIATIONS

The University receives state appropriations from the General Fund of the Commonwealth. The Appropriation Act specifies that unexpended appropriations shall revert, except as specifically provided by the General Assembly, at the end of a biennium. For years ending at the middle of a biennium, unexpended appropriations that have not been approved for reappropriation in the next year by the Governor become part of the General Fund of the Commonwealth and are, therefore, no longer available to the University for disbursement.

The following is a summary of state appropriations received by the University including all supplemental appropriations and reversions:

Original legislative appropriations Per Chapter 2:	
Educational and general programs	\$25,994,511
Student financial assistance	4,581,107
Supplemental adjustments:	
General Assembly budget reduction	(601,975)
Other miscellaneous adjustments	408,680
Financial aid adjustments	47,262
Adjusted Appropriation	\$30,429,585

12. COMMITMENTS

At June 30, 2015, the University was committed to construction contracts totaling approximately \$44,436,256 of which \$19,561,782 was unexpended.

The University is committed under various operating leases for buildings and equipment. In general, the leases are for a one year term and the University has renewal options on these leases for up to three additional one year terms. In most cases, the University expects that in the normal course of business, these leases will be replaced by similar leases.

On August 1, 2002 the University entered into a lease with the Christopher Newport University Education Foundation, Inc. for the lease of residential facilities for student housing. That agreement terminates in fiscal year 2018.

Rental expense for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 was \$8,429,764. The University has, as of June 30, 2015 the following total future minimum rental payments due under the above leases:

Fiscal	Operating
Year	Leases
2016	\$ 8,573,307
2017	8,659,177
2018	801,272
Total	<u>\$18,033,756</u>

13. DONOR-RESTRICTED ENDOWMENTS

Investments of the University's endowment funds are pooled and consist primarily of gifts and bequests, the use of which is restricted by donor-imposed limitations.

The Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act, Code of Virginia, Title 64.2, Chapter 11, permits the spending policy adopted by the Board of Visitors to appropriate an amount of realized and unrealized endowment appreciation as the Board determines to be prudent. In determining the amount of appreciation to appropriate, the Board is required by the Act to consider such factors as long- and short-term needs of the University, present and anticipated financial requirements, expected total return on investment, price level trends, and general economic conditions. For the Foundations, the net appreciation on the investments on donor-restricted endowments was an overall gain of \$342,450 for the year ended June 30, 2015.

14. RETIREMENT PLANS

Virginia Retirement System (VRS)

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of state agencies are automatically covered by the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan or the VaLORS Retirement Plan upon employment, unless they are eligible and choose to enroll in the optional retirement program described below under "Optional Retirement Plans". These plans are single-employer plans treated as cost-sharing plans for financial reporting purposes. These plans are administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

VRS administers three different benefit structures for covered employees in the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan – Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid and two different benefit structures for covered employees in the VaLORS Retirement Plan – Plan 1 and Plan 2. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the following table:

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE			
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
About Plan 1 Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.	About Plan 2 Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.	 About the Hybrid Retirement Plan The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (see "Eligible Members") The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions. In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees. 	
Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.	Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.	Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes: • State employees* • Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan	
Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan	Hybrid Opt-In Election Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special	during the election window held January 1-April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014	

during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan. Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.	election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014. If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan. Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.	 *Non-Eligible Members Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include: • Members of the Virginia Law Officers' Retirement System (VaLORS) Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.
Retirement Contributions State employees, excluding state elected officials, and optional retirement plan participants, contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Member contributions are tax- deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.	Retirement Contributions Same as Plan 1.	Retirement Contributions A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.
Creditable Service Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.	Creditable Service Same as Plan 1.	Creditable Service <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers

		the health insurance credit.
		Defined Contributions Component: Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.
Vesting Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.	Vesting Same as Plan 1.	Vesting Defined Benefit Component: Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component. Defined Contributions Component: Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan. Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make. Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service. • After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions. • After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions. • After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions. Distribution is not required by law until age 70½.

Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement. An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.	Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.	Calculating the Benefit <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> See definition under Plan 1 <u>Defined Contribution</u> <u>Component:</u> The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.
Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.
Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non- hazardous duty members is 1.70%.	Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013.	Service Retirement Multiplier <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.
VaLORS: The retirement multiplier for VaLORS employees is 1.70% or 2.00%.	VaLORS: The retirement multiplier for VaLORS employees is 2.00%.	VaLORS: Not applicable. <u>Defined Contribution</u> <u>Component:</u> Not applicable.
Normal Retirement Age VRS: Age 65.	Normal Retirement Age VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age.	Normal Retirement Age Defined Benefit Component: VRS: Same as Plan 2.
VaLORS: Age 60.	VaLORS: Same as Plan 1.	VaLORS: Not applicable. <u>Defined Contribution</u> <u>Component:</u> Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving, subject to restrictions.

Earliest Unreduced Retirement	Earliest Unreduced Retirement	Earliest Unreduced Retirement
Eligibility	Eligibility	Eligibility
VRS: Age 65 with at least five	VRS: Normal Social Security	Defined Benefit Component:
years (60 months) of creditable	retirement age with at least five years	VRS: Normal Social Security
service or at age 50 with at least 30	(60 months) of creditable service or	retirement age and have at least
years of creditable service.	when their age and service equal 90.	five years (60 months) of
		creditable service or when their
		age and service equal 90.
VaLORS: Age 60 with at least	VaLORS: Same as Plan 1.	
five years of creditable service or		VaLORS: Not applicable.
age 50 with at least 25 years of		
creditable service.		Defined Contribution
		<u>Component:</u>
		Members are eligible to receive
		distributions upon leaving
		employment, subject to
		restrictions.
Earliest Reduced Retirement	Earliest Reduced Retirement	Earliest Unreduced Retirement
Eligibility	Eligibility	Eligibility
VRS: Age 55 with at least five	VRS: Age 60 with at least five years	Defined Benefit Component:
years (60 months) of creditable	(60 months) of creditable service.	VRS: Members may retire with a
service or age 50 with at least 10		reduced benefit as early as age 60
years of creditable service.		with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.
		of creditable service.
VaLORS: 50 with at least five	VaLORS: Same as Plan 1.	VaLORS: Not applicable.
years of creditable service.		
,		Defined Contribution
		Component:
		Members are eligible to receive
		distributions upon leaving
		employment, subject to
		restrictions.
Cost-of-Living Adjustment	Cost-of-Living Adjustment	Cost-of-Living Adjustment
(COLA) in Retirement	(COLA) in Retirement	(COLA) in Retirement
The Cost-of-Living Adjustment	The Cost-of-Living Adjustment	Defined Benefit Component:
(COLA) matches the first 3%	(COLA) matches the first 2%	Same as Plan 2.
increase in the Consumer Price	increase in the CPI-U and half of any	
Index for all Urban Consumers	additional increase (up to 2%), for a	Defined Contribution
(CPI-U) and half of any additional	maximum COLA of 3%.	Component:
increase (up to 4%) up to a		Not applicable.
maximum COLA of 5%.		
T11:	Eli -: L : l: 4	
Eligibility: For members who retire with an	Eligibility: Same as Plan 1.	Eligibility: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.
unreduced benefit or with a reduced		Same as rian 1 and rian 2.
benefit with at least 20 years of		
creditable service, the COLA will		
go into effect on July 1 after one		
full calendar year from the retirement date.		
For members who retire with a		
reduced benefit and who have less		
than 20 years of creditable service,		
the COLA will go into effect on		
July 1 after one calendar year		
following the unreduced retirement		
eligibility date.		
-ingroundy dute.	1	

Examplians to COLA Effective	Executions to COLA Effective	Executions to COLA Effective
Exceptions to COLA Effective	Exceptions to COLA Effective	Exceptions to COLA Effective
Dates:	Dates:	Dates:
The COLA is effective July 1	Same as Plan 1.	Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.
following one full calendar year		
(January 1 to December 31) under		
any of the following circumstances:		
• The member is within five years		
of qualifying for an unreduced		
retirement benefit as of January		
1, 2013.		
• The member retires on		
disability.		
• The member retires directly		
from short-term or long-term		
disability under the Virginia		
Sickness and Disability		
Program (VSDP).		
• The member is involuntarily		
separated from employment for		
causes other than job		
performance or misconduct and		
is eligible to retire under the		
Workforce Transition Act or		
the Transitional Benefits		
Program.		
• The member dies in service and		
the member's survivor or		
beneficiary is eligible for a		
monthly death-in-service		
benefit. The COLA will go into		
effect on July 1 following one		
full calendar year (January 1 to		
December 31) from the date the		
monthly benefit begins.		
Disability Coverage	Disability Coverage	Disability Coverage
Members who are eligible to be	Members who are eligible to be	State employees (including Plan 1
considered for disability retirement	considered for disability retirement	and Plan 2 opt-ins) participating in
and retire on disability, the	and retire on disability, the	the Hybrid Retirement Plan are
retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all	retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all	covered under the Virginia
service, regardless of when it was	service, regardless of when it was	Sickness and Disability Program
earned, purchased or granted.	earned, purchased or granted.	(VSDP), and are not eligible for
		disability retirement.
Most state employees are covered	Most state employees are covered	
under the Virginia Sickness and	under the Virginia Sickness and	
Disability Program (VSDP), and are	Disability Program (VSDP), and are	Hybrid members (including Plan 1
not eligible for disability retirement.	not eligible for disability retirement.	and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under
	-	VSDP are subject to a one-year
VSDP members are subject to a	VSDP members are subject to a one-	waiting period before becoming
one-year waiting period before	year waiting period before becoming	eligible for non-work-related
becoming eligible for non-work-	eligible for non-work related	disability benefits.
related disability benefits.	disability benefits.	

Purchase of Prior Service	Purchase of Prior Service	Purchase of Prior Service
Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.	Same as Plan 1.	 Purchase of Prior Service <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions: Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service. The cost for purchasing refunded service is the higher of 4% of creditable compensation or average final compensation. Plan members have one year from their date of hire or return from leave to purchase all but refunded prior service at approximate normal cost. After that one-year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to actuarial cost. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-144 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, the 5.00% member contribution was paid by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012 state employees were required to pay the 5.00% member contribution and the employer was required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution. The University's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 12.33% of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan and 17.67% of covered employee compensation for employees in the VaLORS Retirement Plan. These rates were based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 3013. The actuarial rate for the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan was 15.80% and the actuarial rate for VaLORS Retirement Plan was 21.06%. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employee during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Based on the provisions of §51.1-145 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, the contributions for the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan were funded at 78.02% of the actuarial rate and the contributions for the VaLORS Retirement Plan were funded at 83.88% of the actuarial rate for the year ended June 30, 2015. Contributions from the University to the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan were \$3,113,867 and \$2,143,000 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively. Contributions from the University to the VaLORS Retirement Plan were \$133,272 and \$162,000 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the University reported a liability of \$34,952,000 for its proportionate share of the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan Net Pension Liability and a liability of \$1,621,000 for its proportionate share of the VaLORS Retirement Plan Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2014 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The University's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the University's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2014 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions

for all participating employers. At June 30, 2014, the University's proportion of the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan was 0.62433% as compared to 0.60377% at June 30, 2013. At June 30, 2014, the University's proportion of the VaLORS Retirement Plan was 0.24049% as compared to 0.19697% at June 30, 2013.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the University recognized pension expense of \$2,687,000 for the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan and \$238,000 for the VaLORS Retirement Plan. Since there was a change in proportionate share between June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2014, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2015, the University reported deferred outflows of recourses and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	VRS		VRS	
	Deferred	l Outflows	Defer	red Inflows
	of Re	sources	of F	Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments	\$	-	\$	6,239,000
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,002,000		-
Employer contributions subsequent to the Measurement date		3,113,867		
Total	<u>\$</u>	4,115,867	<u>\$</u>	6,239,000
	Va	LORS		
	Deferred	l Outflows	Defer	red Inflows
	of Re	sources	of F	Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments	\$	-	\$	168,000
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of				
contributions		236,000		-
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
Measurement date		133,272		
Total	\$	369,272	\$	168,000

For the year ended 2015, \$3,113,867 for the VRS Retirement Plan and \$133,272 for the VaLORS Retirement Plan, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the University's contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For the Year Ended:	VRS <u>Retirement Plan</u>	VaLORS <u>Retirement Plan</u>
June 30, 2016 June 30, 2017	\$ 1,212,000 1,212,000	\$ (48,000) (48,000)
June 30, 2018	1,254,000	(14,000)
June 30, 2019	<u>1,559,000</u>	42,000
Total	<u>\$ 5,237,000</u>	<u>\$ (68,000)</u>

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the VRS State Employee and VaLORS Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation	2.5 percent
Salary increases, including Inflation	3.5 percent – 5.35 percent (4.75 for VaLORS)
Investment rate of return	7.0 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 2 years (5 years for VaLORS) and females were set back 3 years.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with females set back 1 year.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

VRS State Employee Retirement Plan

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for less than 10 years of service
- Decrease in rates of male disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

VaLORS Retirement Plan

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for females under 10 years of service
- Increase in rates of disability
- Decrease service related disability rate from 60% to 50%

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2014, NPL amounts for the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan and the VaLORS Retirement Plan are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	VRS	VaLORS
	Retirement Plan	Retirement Plan
Total Pension Liability	\$ 21,766,933	\$ 1,824,577
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	16,168,535	<u>1,150,450</u>
Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)	<u>\$ 5,598,398</u>	<u>\$ 674,127</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage		
of the Total Pension Liability	74.28%	63.05%
-		

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Arithmetic				Weighted Average		
			Long-Term		Long-Term		
	Target		Expected		Expected		
Asset Class (Strategy)	Allocation		Rate of Return		Rate of Return		
U.S. Equity	19.50	%	6.46	%	1.26	%	
Developed Non U.S Equity	16.50	%	6.28	%	1.04	%	
Emerging Market Equity	6.00	%	10.00	%	0.60	%	
Fixed Income	15.00	%	0.09	%	0.01	%	
Emerging Debt	3.00	%	3.51	%	0.11	%	
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50	%	3.51	%	0.16	%	
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50	%	5.00	%	0.23	%	
Convertibles	3.00	%	4.81	%	0.14	%	
Public Real Estate	2.25	%	6.12	%	0.14	%	
Private Real Estate	12.75	%	7.10	%	0.91	%	
Private Equity	12.00	%	10.41	%	1.25	%	
Cash	1.00	%	(1.50)	%	(0.02)	%	
Total	100.00	%		%	5.83	%	
			Inflation	-	2.50	%	
	*Expected a	=	8.33	%			

* Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the University for the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan and the VaLORS Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, all agencies are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the University's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the University's proportionate share of the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as the University's proportionate share of the net pension liability if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1.00% Decrease	Current Discount	1.00% Increase
	(6.00%)	Rate (7.00%)	(8.00%)
CNU proportionate share of the VRS			
State Employee Retirement Plan Net	\$51,202,000	\$34,952,000	\$21,327,000
Pension Liability			

The following presents the University's proportionate share of the VaLORS Retirement Plans net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as the University's proportionate share of the net pension liability if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1.00% Decrease	Current Discount	1.00% Increase
	(6.00%)	Rate (7.00%)	(8.00%)
CNU proportionate share of the			
VaLORS Retirement Plan Net Pension	\$2,215,000	\$1,621,000	\$1,133,000
Liability			

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position or the VaLORS Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2014 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2014 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <u>http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2014-annual-report.pdf</u>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Optional Retirement Plans

Full-time faculty and certain administrative staff may participate in Optional Retirement Plans, as authorized by the *Code of Virginia*, rather than the VRS retirement plan. The Optional Retirement Plans are defined contribution plans to which the University contributes an amount established by statute. University employees currently participate in both of these plans to include: Fidelity Investments Institutional Service and Teacher Insurance and Annuity Association/College Retirement Equity Fund (TIAA/CREF). The employer contribution rates will be 10.4% for Plan 1 participants (hired prior to July 1, 2010) and 8.5% for Plan 2 participants (hired on or after July 1, 2010), with Plan 2 participants continuing to contribute 5%.

Individual contracts issued under the plan provide for full and immediate vesting of both the University and the participant's contributions. Total pension costs under these Optional Retirement Plans were approximately \$2,067,176 for the year ended June 30, 2015. Contributions were calculated using the base salary amount of approximately \$21,369,818.

Deferred Compensation

University employees may participate in the Commonwealth's Deferred Compensation Plan. Participating employees can contribute to the plan each pay period with the Commonwealth matching up to \$20 per pay period. The matched dollar amount can change depending on the funding available in the Commonwealth's budget. The Deferred Compensation Plan is a qualified defined contribution plan under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The University expense for contributions under the Deferred Compensation Plan, which is an amount assessed by the Commonwealth, was \$224,291 for 2015.

15. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Commonwealth of Virginia participates in the VRS administered statewide group life insurance program which provides post-employment life insurance benefits to eligible retired and terminated employees. The Commonwealth also provides health care credits against the monthly insurance premiums of its retirees who have at least 15 years of service and participate in the State health plan. Information related to these plans is available at the statewide level in the *Commonwealth's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* (CAFR).

16. CONTINGENCIES

Grants and Contracts

Christopher Newport University has received federal, state and private grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Claims against these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of grant agreements and applicable federal laws, including the expenditure of resources for eligible purposes. Any disallowance resulting from a federal audit may become a liability of the University.

In addition, the University is required to comply with various federal regulations issued by the Office of Management and Budget. Failure to comply with certain systems requirements of these regulations may result in questions concerning the allowability of related direct and indirect charges pursuant to such agreements. As of June 30, 2015, the University estimates that no material liabilities will result from such audits or questions.

17. RISK MANAGEMENT AND EMPLOYEE HEALTH CARE PLANS

The University is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; non-performance of duty; injuries to employees and athletes; and natural disasters. The University participates in insurance plans maintained by the Commonwealth of Virginia. The state employee health care and worker's compensation plans are administered by the Department of Human Resource Management and the risk management insurance plans are administered by the Department of Treasury, Division of Risk Management. Risk management insurance includes property, general liability, medical malpractice, faithful performance of duty bond, automobile, and air and watercraft plans. For athletes, the University maintains insurance through a third party provider. The University's insurance premiums for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 totaled \$617,437. Information relating to the Commonwealth's insurance plans is available at the statewide level in the *Commonwealth's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*.

18. FEDERAL DIRECT LENDING PROGRAM

The University participates in the Federal Direct Lending Program. Under this program, the University receives funds from the U.S. Department of Education for Stafford and Parent PLUS Loan Programs and disburses these funds to eligible students. The funds can be applied to outstanding student tuition and fee charges or refunded directly to the student.

These loan programs are treated as student payments with the University acting as a fiduciary agent for the student. Therefore, the receipt of the funds from the federal government is not reflected in the federal government grants and contracts total on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. The activity is included in the noncapital financing section of the Statement of Cash Flows. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 cash used by the program totaled \$24,694,078.

19. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In fiscal year 2016, the Commonwealth of Virginia issued \$7.7 million in 9(c) general obligation refunding bonds, series 2015B, on behalf of the University. This issue refunded \$7.7 million of Series 2009A for Land Acquisition, the Expansion of Athletic Facilities II, and the addition to Ratcliffe Hall. Section 9(c) bonds are general obligation bonds issued by the Commonwealth of Virginia on behalf of the University, which are secured by the net revenues of the completed project and the full faith, credit and taxing power of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

CHRISTOPHER NEWPORT UNIVERSITY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (RSI) AS OF JUNE 30, 2015

Schedule of Christopher New	port University's Share of	Net Pens	sion Liability
VRS State Employee and VaL	ORS Retirement Plans		
For the Year Ended June 30, 2	015 *		
			2015
Employer's Proportion of the N	let Pension		
Liability (Asset)	State Employees		0.62%
	VaLORS Employees		0.24%
Employer's Proportionate Share	e of the Net Pension		
Liability (Asset)	State Employees	\$	34,952,000
	VaLORS Employees		1,621,000
	TOTAL	\$	36,573,000
Employer's Covered-Employee	Payroll		
	State Employees	\$	25,198,239
	VaLORS Employees		877,051
	TOTAL	\$	26,075,290
Employer's Proportionate Share	e of the Net Pension		
Liability (Asset) as a Percent	age of its		
Covered-Employee Payroll	State Employees	138.71%	
	VaLORS Employees		184.82%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as	a Percentage of		
the Total Pension Liability	State Employees		74.28%
	VaLORS Employees		63.05%
Schedule is intended to show a year for this presentation, no o	•		°

will be included as they become available.

* The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

Schedule of Empl For the Year Ende	•							
Plan]	ntractually Required ontribution	red Required Deficiency		Employer's Covered Employee Payroll		Contributions as a % of Covered Employee Payroll	
State Employee VaLORS Employee	\$	3,113,867 133,272	\$	3,113,867 133,272	\$ -	\$	27,046,755 928,351	0.115129042 0.143557771

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year for this presentation, no other data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplemental Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Changes of benefit terms – There have been no significant changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. A hybrid plan with changes to the defined benefit plan structure and a new defined contribution component were adopted in 2012. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. The liabilities presented do not reflect the hybrid plan since it covers new members joining the System after the valuation date of June 30, 2013.and the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2014 are minimal.

Changes of assumptions – The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made for the VRS - State Employee Retirement Plan effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2012:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for less than 10 years of service
- Decrease in rates of male disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made for the VaLORS Retirement Plan effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2012:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for females under 10 years of service
- Increase in rates of disability
- Decrease service related disability rate from 60% to 50%



Commonwealth of Virginia

Auditor of Public Accounts

Martha S. Mavredes, CPA Auditor of Public Accounts P.O. Box 1295 Richmond, Virginia 23218

June 16, 2016

The Honorable Terence R. McAuliffe Governor of Virginia

The Honorable Robert D. Orrock, Sr. Chairman, Joint Legislative Audit and Review Commission

Board of Visitors Christopher Newport University

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and aggregate discretely presented component units of Christopher Newport University, a component unit of the Commonwealth of Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Christopher Newport University's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the aggregate discretely presented component units of the University, which are discussed in Note 1A. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the component units of the University, is based on the reports of the other auditors.

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We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the component units of the Christopher Newport University that were audited by other auditors upon whose reports we are relying were audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, but not in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activities and aggregate discretely presented component units of Christopher Newport University as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, the University implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements No. 68 and No. 71, related to pension accounting and financial reporting for employers. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Correction of 2014 Financial Statements

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, the fiscal year 2014 financial statements have been restated to correct a misstatement. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 1 through 11, the Schedule of Christopher Newport University's Share of the Net Pension Liability on page 46, the Schedule of Employer Contributions on page 47, and the Notes to Required Supplementary Information on page 47 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated June 16, 2016, on our consideration of Christopher Newport University's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering Christopher Newport University's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Martha S. Martuch

AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

LDJ/alh

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