

Christopher Newport University (CNU) – Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4) Annual Report – Reporting Year July 1st, 2021 – June 30th, 2022

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LIABILITY STATEMENT

Sign-off Sheet

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Abbreviations

AS&S	Annual Standards and Specifications
BMP	Best Management Practice
CFA	Certified Fertilizer Applicator
CGP	Construction General Permit
CNU	Christopher Newport University
DCR	Department of Conservation and Recreation
DEQ	Department of Environmental Quality
ESC	Erosion and Sediment Control
FOG	Fats, Oils, and Greases
HUC	Hydrologic Unit Code
IDDE	Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination
LDA	Land Disturbing Activity
MCM	Minimum Control Measure
MEP	Maximum Extent Practicable
MS4	Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System
NMP	Nutrient Management Plan
NPDES	National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
SIP	Stormwater Improvement Project
SOP	Standard Operating Procedure
SWM	Stormwater Management
SWPPP	Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan
TMDL	Total Maximum Daily Load
VDACS	Virginia Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services
VPDES	Virginia Pollution Discharge Elimination System
VSMP	Virginia Stormwater Management Program
WLA	Waste Load Allocation

Introduction

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 BACKGROUND INFORMATION

The Virginia Pollution Discharge Elimination System (VPDES) General Permit for Discharges of Stormwater from Small Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (MS4s) requires Christopher Newport University (CNU) to develop and implement a comprehensive Stormwater Management (SWM) Program consistent with the Virginia MS4 General Permit VAR040090. The General Permit term is from November 1st, 2018 to October 31st, 2023. However, this Annual Report covers information for the reporting year of July 1st, 2021 through June 30th, 2022 which is the fourth year of the permit cycle. The Annual Report for the 2021-2022 reporting year will cover information for Year 4 under the new MS4 Permit which was effective on November 1st, 2018.

CNU's SWM Program is based on six minimum control measures (MCM) as required by the Virginia General Permit. These goals and objectives were developed to reduce the discharge of pollutants from the University's MS4 to the maximum extent practicable (MEP), protect water quality, ensure compliance with water quality standards, and to satisfy the appropriate water quality requirements of the Clean Water Act and its attendant regulations.

This MS4 Annual Report will serve to convey the required information and detail the status of compliance with all permit conditions as well as the appropriateness of best management practices (BMPs) identified in the MS4 Program Plan towards achieving measurable goals for each MCM.

1.2 SIGNED CERTIFICATION

As required by the CNU MS4 Permit (VAR040090), the following certification is provided in accordance with Section 9VAC25-870-370 of the Virginia Stormwater Management Program (VSMP) Regulations, and as a required part of the submittal of CNU's MS4 Annual Report for 2021-2022.

Certification Statement and Requirements

As required by 9VAC25-870-370 B, all reports required by state permits, and other information requested by the board shall, be signed by a responsible official or by a duly authorized representative of that person. A responsible official is:

1. For a corporation: by a responsible corporate officer. For the purpose of this section, a responsible corporate officer means: (i) a president, secretary, treasurer, or vice-president of the corporation in charge of a principal business function, or any other person who performs similar policy-making or decision-making functions for the corporation, or (ii) the manager of one or more manufacturing, production, or operating facilities, provided the manager is authorized to make management decisions that govern the operation of the regulated facility, including having the explicit or implicit duty of making major capital investment recommendations, and initiating and directing other comprehensive measures to assure long-term environmental compliance with environmental laws and regulations; the manager can ensure that the necessary systems are established or actions taken to gather complete and accurate information for state permit application requirements; and where authority to sign documents has been assigned or delegated to the manager in accordance with corporate procedures;

2. For a partnership or sole proprietorship: by a general partner or the proprietor, respectively; or

3. For a municipality, state, federal, or other public agency: by either a principal executive officer or ranking elected official. For purposes of this section, a principal executive officer of a federal agency includes (i) the chief executive officer of the agency, or (ii) a senior executive officer having responsibility for the overall operations of a principal geographic unit of the agency.

Duly Authorized Representatives

A person is a duly authorized representative only if:

1. The authorization is made in writing by a person described above;

2. The authorization specifies either an individual or a position having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility or activity such as the position of plant manager, operator of a well or a well field, superintendent, position of equivalent responsibility, or an individual or position having overall responsibility for environmental matters for the company. A duly authorized representative may thus be either a named individual or any individual occupying a named position;

3. If an authorization under Part III K 2 is no longer accurate because a different individual or position has responsibility for the overall operation of the MS4, a new authorization satisfying the requirements of Part III K 2 shall be submitted to the department prior to or together with any reports, or information to be signed by an authorized representative; and

4. The written authorization is submitted to the department.

CERTIFICATION

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowingviolations.

Responsible Official Sign

VAR040090 Permit Number Christopher Newport University MS4 Name

Minimum Control Measure No. 1 - Public Education and Outreach on Stormwater Impacts

2.0 MINIMUM CONTROL MEASURE NO. 1 – PUBLIC EDUCATION AND OUTREACH ON STORMWATER IMPACTS

MCM No. 1 provides for a public education and outreach program to develop and conduct outreach activities about the impacts of stormwater discharges on water bodies and steps the public can take to reduce pollutants in stormwater runoff. This measure includes the posting of educational materials around the campus, hosting informational workshops, and other activities.

The "public" in the case of CNU is defined as the faculty, students, employees, contractors, and visitors to the campus. Therefore, most of these outreach efforts are part of an on-campus effort to increase the CNU community's knowledge about the steps they can take to reduce stormwater pollution. These efforts can also be coordinated with MCM No. 2 in order to increase individual and group involvement in local water quality improvement initiatives. CNU continues to explore opportunities to partner with the adjacent MS4s on education and outreach efforts to engage the broader community through an off-campus effort where possible.

CNU identified three high-priority water quality issues that contribute to the discharge of stormwater. These issues have remained as the high-priority water quality issues for the CNU stormwater program. The three issues are listed below along with associated public education and outreach information:

1) Litter & Street Debris - Faculty, Staff, Students, and Visitors

Litter and street debris is a water quality issue that is constantly observed and managed by the Grounds Department. Contributors towards this water quality issue include all the CNU public that work, attend, or visit the University. Therefore, the public/audience for this issue includes faculty, students, staff, and visitors.

In this permit year, Grounds Department staff distributed drink coasters with stormwater educational information on them for staff and students.

CNU is continuing to investigate alternative ways to distribute educational materials to the CNU MS4 public including use of social media. For the 2021-2022 reporting year, the CNU Sustainability Facebook account (@sustainCNU) posted information on stormwater issues under the hashtag #stormwaterMonday. Though litter and street debris – as a high-priority issue – is one of the topics that was regularly included in the educational information posted on the CNU Sustainability Facebook page, this form of outreach is used to educate on various stormwater topics. In recovery of the SARS-COV-2 Global Pandemic, CNU held both virtual and in-person events this year to promote education of different stormwater topics. CNU plans to continue to ramp up virtual, in-person, and social media outreach in recovery of the SARS-COV-2 Global Pandemic, which led to cancelling many planned in person events in spring and summer of the previous permit years. CNU staff is identifying student groups to coordinate outreach for projects related to stormwater. CNU's Green Team supported a beach cleanup on April 23, 2022 with 12 participants and collected three full bags of trash. CNU also participated in a parking lot clean up in October 2021 with six volunteers on campus.

Minimum Control Measure No. 1 - Public Education and Outreach on Stormwater Impacts

Additional ongoing programs to support this message include the installation/replacement of storm drain medallions on all campus storm drain inlets. Initial installation was completed in 2009-2010 and the program is still ongoing with missing or damaged medallions replaced annually. None were replaced this reporting year. The storm drain medallions which read, "No Dumping, Drains to Waterway," are visible on nearly every storm drain inlet throughout the CNU campus and serve as a visual reminder to not pollute.

2) Construction Site Runoff - Contractors

At times, the University has several construction projects ongoing at any one time. Therefore, construction site runoff is a high-priority water quality issue. The public or audience for this issue are the contractors, subcontractors, and VSMP inspectors who are working on-campus at the construction sites. Educational signs are installed at all active on-campus construction projects. The signs are visible on-campus to all persons who walk next to the construction fencing adjacent to the project location.

3) Nutrient Management - Grounds staff

The CNU Grounds Department identified nutrient management as a third high-priority water quality issue. The University takes pride in a clean and green campus but also works to not over-apply nutrients, and diligently follows the approved Nutrient Management Plans (NMPs) for the campus. The public or audience for this water quality issue includes students, faculty, and staff that can all be educated on nutrient management topics for their personal use, as well as the Grounds Department staff as they are the only ones involved in nutrient application and management directly to campus and athletic grounds. The CNU Grounds Department currently has three Certified Fertilizer Applicators (CFAs), and two Certified Nutrient Management Planners through the Virginia Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (VDACS). At least annually by September 1st, information will be made available to appropriate parts of CNU's public on nutrient management that can be used at their personal residences. Information will be collected from sources such as askHRgreen.org.

In addition to the high-priority issues listed above. the CNU Stormwater website (http://cnu.edu/public/stormwater/) is an important part of the public education and outreach program at CNU. The website contains MS4 information including the Annual Report and Program Plan. It has been updated each year to include additional information related to stormwater and pollution prevention including copies of the permit, Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination (IDDE) information, Annual Reports, the Program Plan, educational information about stormwater, links to other stormwater-related websites, and stormwater incident reporting information. In addition, CNU contracted with Timmons Group to provide training for all staff on stormwater topics including MS4 permit requirements, IDDE, inspections, maintenance, nutrient management, and SWPPP high priority information. A total of 165 participants completed the required training questionnaire after watching the presentation. A copy of the slides from the recorded presentation are available in Appendix D.

CNU implements this MCM through the BMPs provided below. Information concerning each BMP is provided in Table 1-1. Additional public education and outreach information is provided in Appendix A.

• MS4 Program Update

Minimum Control Measure No. 1 - Public Education and Outreach on Stormwater Impacts

- CNU MS4 Website
- Campus Public Involvement
- Storm Drain Medallions
- Construction Signage
- Construction Site Runoff
- Litter and Street Debris Education
- Nutrient Management Training

Minimum Control Measure No. 1 – Public Education and Outreach on Stormwater Impacts

Table 1-1. MCM No. 1 – Public Education and Outreach on Stormwater Impacts

ВМР	Description	Measurable Goal	BMP Status	Future Activities
1.1 – MS4 Program Update	Conduct a self-assessment and update of the MS4 Program to identify and proactively address issues and deficiencies, as well as identify opportunities to improve program effectiveness.	Complete self- assessment and update.	Completed 2008-2009; MS4 Program Plan Update in 2019- 2020. Annual reviews and updates as needed.	The MS4 Program was revised during the 2019-2020 reporting year to reflect CNU updates. The plan will continue to be updated annually as needed to reflect requirements outlined in the permit.
1.2 – CNU MS4 Website	Update the CNU website to include information on the MS4 Program, MS4 General Permit, MS4 Program Plan and Annual Reports, educational information about stormwater, links to other stormwater- related websites, and stormwater incident reporting information.	Update CNU website to include information on the MS4 Program. Review website annually and update any necessary information based on changes to CNU policies and/or staffing.	Website initially updated to include MS4 information in 2009- 2010; Additional information was added to the website in subsequent years. Annual reviews and updates as needed.	Additional stormwater information will continue to be added to the website in Permit Year 4 as the website is updated.
1.3 – Campus Public Involvement	CNU Grounds Department staff annually hosts a table providing stormwater education materials at the Garden Symposium every spring.	Participate through promotion, sponsorship, or other involvement, in a minimum of four local activities annually. These activities must be aimed at increasing public participation to reduce stormwater pollutant loads, improving water quality, and supporting local restoration and clean up projects.	During the Annual Garden Symposium on March 19 th ,2022, a booth was set up to provide education on proper stormwater care (216 participants). Drink coasters were distributed during this reporting year to highlight stormwater.	CNU will look to provide stormwater educational materials at future Garden Symposiums at CNU and other similar events.

Minimum Control Measure No. 1 – Public Education and Outreach on Stormwater Impacts

ВМР	Description	Measurable Goal	BMP Status	Future Activities
1.4 – Storm Drain Medallions	Install storm drain medallions on all campus storm drain inlets to help remind the CNU community about stormwater pollution. The medallions read, "No Dumping, Drains to Waterway."	Install storm drain medallions on all campus storm drain inlets. Evaluate storm drain medallions annually. Replace any missing or damaged medallions annually.	During this permit year, no new medallions were necessary, and no medallions needed replacement.	Monitoring of the storm drain medallions is an ongoing activity. Any missing or damaged medallions will be replaced. New medallions will be installed on newly constructed campus storm drains.
1.5 – Construction Signage	Have a sign to be placed on construction site fencing at all on- campus construction projects explaining the importance of proper erosion and sediment control (ESC) practices, and their connection to stormwater quality.	Install educational signage on fencing at all on-campus construction projects. Inspect and replace any missing or damaged signs as needed.	Signs located at the Fine Arts Center Construction site were removed upon the project's completion during this permit term. There are currently no active construction projects in the MS4.	Installation of educational signage at new on-campus construction projects will be an ongoing activity. Any missing or damaged signs observed will be replaced.
1.6 – Construction Site Runoff	Construction site runoff was identified as one of the three high-priority water quality issues at CNU. The University conducts biennial training for contractors on construction site runoff pollution prevention.	Conduct biennial training with contractors on construction site runoff pollution prevention. Document each training event including the training date, number of people attending the training, and the objective of each training event. Training to occur during PY4.	Training was not completed during this permit year as no new projects commenced and training had been done previously for active projects. No new active construction will occur prior to the next active construction project commences.	Construction site runoff pollution prevention training will be a biennial and ongoing activity, as needed based on active construction projects, for contractors associated with all new regulated land disturbing activities (LDAs) on-campus. CNU is looking at rotating biennial presentations/training materials to present similar but varying content.
1.7 – Litter and Street Debris Education	Litter and street debris were identified as one of the three high-priority water quality issues at the University. CNU conducts public education/outreach regarding the impacts of litter and street debris on stormwater discharges.	Conduct public education/outreach to increase the CNU community's knowledge about steps they can take to reduce stormwater pollution associated with litter and street debris.	The CNU Sustainability (@sustainCNU) Facebook account posted monthly information on stormwater issues under the hashtag #stormwaterMonday. Litter and street debris is one of the topics that was regularly included in the educational information posted on the CNU Sustainability Facebook page. See Appendix B.	Distribution of educational materials to the CNU public related to litter and street debris is an ongoing activity. CNU will continue to conduct public education/outreach regarding this issue and continue to look into alternative ways to distribute educational materials to the CNU MS4 public.

BMP	Description	Measurable Goal	BMP Status	Future Activities
1.8 – Nutrient Management Training	Nutrient management was identified as one of the three high-priority water quality issues at CNU.	Provide information to the staff, faculty, and students on ways to use nutrient management – this information will be intended for use at personal residences. Train CNU Grounds Department staff as certified fertilizer applicators and/or Nutrient Management Planners to ensure that nutrients are only applied in accordance with CNU's approved Nutrient Management Plans.	Preparing information for distribution by Sept 1 st of each year from sources such as askHRgreen.org. Continue training Grounds Department staff regarding nutrient management and document names, date, etcetera. CNU has hired a new turfgrass technician and is anticipated to attend training in the coming year with the Turf grass supervisor at a course such as provided by the Virginia Tech School of Turf Grass Ecology.	This is an ongoing program with annual information distribution to the general public and with biennial training for staff. In addition to any in- house training, staff are sent to training courses.

Minimum Control Measure No. 1 – Public Education and Outreach on Stormwater Impacts

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Minimum Control Measure No. 2 - Public Involvement/Participation

3.0 MINIMUM CONTROL MEASURE NO. 2 – PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT/PARTICIPATION

MCM No. 2 provides for public involvement and participation by making the MS4 Program Plan available for public review and input. The Program Plan can be found on the CNU website at the link provided below. More importantly, MCM No. 2 provides for public participation in watershed activities that further the education and awareness of stormwater impacts to receiving water quality.

http://cnu.edu/public/stormwater/

In this reporting year, the University did not receive any public input concerning stormwater or ESC issues, practices, or programs. CNU has created a comment response form and request for information from the public. A link was added to the stormwater portion of CNU's website for requesting this public input. Information will be maintained and documented, and appropriate comments/input will be responded to in a timely manner.

Through this MCM, CNU developed a series of activities which actively involve the students, faculty, staff, and to the MEP – the community at large. During the reporting year, CNU participated in a variety of public service announcements via social media. These were aimed at increasing public participation to reduce stormwater pollutant loads, improve water quality, and support local restoration and clean-up projects, programs, groups, meetings, and other opportunities for public involvement. During the 2021-2022 reporting year, CNU began hosting annual in person events, as well as virtual events, rather than cancelling due to the SARS-COV-2 Global Pandemic. CNU is investigating methods to expand public involvement and participation in safe ways during recovery from the Pandemic. CNU's Director of the Center for Sustainability and Education is also reviewing possible engagement activities such as having the public involved in painting construction fencing or stormwater inlets. CNU provided information on Earth Month in April to all students and a separate email to all faculty. CNU also sent an email to faculty to "Help Protect Our Waterways."

During the 2021-2022 reporting year CNU did not install any additional Pet Waste Stations as the campus coverage was deemed sufficient. All currently installed Pet Waste Stations were maintained and refilled with bags as necessary to encourage faculty, staff, students, and visitors to collect and properly dispose of pet waste. The Pet Waste Stations will continue to remain on-campus to educate faculty, staff, students, and visitors on the importance of water quality.

CNU increased student involvement through a student project where students interviewed the Director of Grounds about stormwater and environmental issues on campus. Students then created video presentations to educate fellow peers on campus stormwater and environmental issues. Two in particular focused on nutrient management and sustainability/environmental issues.

CNU implements this MCM through the BMPs provided below. Information concerning each BMP including detailed descriptions, measurable goals, and implementation dates are provided in Table 2-1. Additional information on MCM No. 2 can be found in Appendix B.

- MS4 Program Update
- CNU MS4 Website
- Campus Public Involvement

Pet Waste Stations Outreach/Participation Events

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Minimum Control Measure No. 2 - Public Involvement/Participation

Table 2-1. MCM No. 2 -	- Public	Involvement/P	articipation
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BMP	Description	Measurable Goal	BMP Status	Future Activities
2.1 – MS4 Program Update	Conduct a self- assessment and update of the MS4 Program to identify and proactively address issues and deficiencies, as well as identify opportunities to improve program effectiveness.	Complete self-assessment and update.	Completed 2008-2009; MS4 Program Plan Update in 2019-2020. Annual reviews and updates as needed.	The MS4 Program was revised during the 2019-2020 reporting year to reflect MS4 Program Plan updates required in the General Permit. The plan will continue to be updated annually as needed to reflect requirements outlined in the permit.
2.2 – CNU MS4 Website	Update the CNU website to include information on the MS4 Program, MS4 General Permit, MS4 Program Plan and Annual Reports, educational information about stormwater, links to other stormwater-related websites and stormwater incident reporting information.	Update CNU website to include information on the MS4 Program. Review website annually and update any necessary information based on changes to CNU policies and/or staffing.	Website initially updated to include MS4 information in 2009- 2010; additional information was added to the website in subsequent years. Annual reviews and updates as needed.	Additional stormwater information will continue to be added to the website in Permit Year 4 as the website is updated.
2.3 – Campus Public Involvement	Drink coasters were distributed during the year to highlight stormwater. During the 2021-2022 reporting year, several in person events occurred along with virtual information.	Participate through promotion, sponsorship, or other involvement in a minimum of four local activities annually. These activities must be aimed at increasing public participation to reduce stormwater pollutant loads, improve water quality, and support local restoration and clean up projects, as adjusted during recovery from the Pandemic.	CNU staff distributed stormwater educational coasters (approximately 1,050 to staff and 2,400 to students). CNU students engaged in a project to educate their peers on stormwater. CNU participated in the Garden Symposium on March 19, 2022 with 216 total participants where around 200 stormwater coasters were distributed.	CNU will look to provide stormwater educational materials for future events at the University and other similar events. Additionally, CNU plans to schedule virtual and in-person events.

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Minimum Control Measure No. 2 – Public Involvement/Participatio

BMP	Description	Measurable Goal	BMP Status	Future Activities
2.4 – Pet Waste Stations	CNU did not install any new Pet Waste Stations but refilled and maintained the ones already on-campus. Proper maintenance encourages faculty, staff, students, and visitors to collect and properly dispose of pet waste.	Use of Pet Waste Stations and increasing public participation to reduce stormwater bacteria loads. Staff replaces bags on a regular basis.	CNU installed Pet Waste Stations on- campus in previous reporting years to encourage faculty, staff, students, and visitors to collect and properly dispose of pet waste. These were refilled and maintained this permit year.	The Pet Waste Stations will continue to remain on- campus to educate faculty, staff, students, and visitors on the importance of water quality.
2.5 – Outreach/Participation Events	CNU students, faculty, and staff participate in service events throughout the permit year.	Participation through promotion, sponsorship, or other involvement in a minimum of four local activities annually. These activities must be aimed at increasing public participation to reduce stormwater pollutant loads, improve water quality, and support local restoration and clean up projects or other means as possible during recovery from the Pandemic.	Community service activities are ongoing with various clubs and organizations. CNU will continue to pursue other virtual, social media, and in-person participation measures.	Additional community service opportunities for public education/outreach associated with high-priority water quality issues may also be identified during 2021-2022.

Minimum Control Measure No. 3 - Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination

4.0 MINIMUM CONTROL MEASURE NO. 3 – ILLICIT DISCHARGE DETECTION AND ELIMINATION

MCM No. 3 requires a program to detect and eliminate illicit discharges into the regulated small MS4. This MCM includes the development and implementation of an IDDE Policy that effectively prohibits nonstormwater discharges into the MS4. Some BMPs include mapping of the MS4 and tabular development of stormwater outfalls that were updated and reported to DEQ in the BMP Warehouse and in the Outfall table in the Program Plan. An additional item created through this MCM is any necessary notification of neighboring or interconnected MS4s, as added to the Outfall table in the Program Plan. This measure also provides for the development of a process with which CNU will track the number and nature of any illicit discharges and the manner in which they are eliminated.

CNU developed and adopted an IDDE Policy on July 1st, 2010. The IDDE Policy and information about it were added to the University's website, a link to the policy is provided below. CNU developed a procedure and format for tracking training efforts, inspections, and other activities related to the IDDE Program. Illicit discharge detection tracking and reporting is an ongoing activity. CNU relies on the City of Newport News to respond to any spill emergencies on-campus. Relying on the updated training and capabilities of emergency responders is an integral component of the University's IDDE Plan. CNU will document any illicit discharges that are detected annually.

http://cnu.edu/public/stormwater/

There were no IDDE investigations completed during the 2021-2022 reporting year as a result of the inspections completed in the 2020-2021 reporting year as all potential issues were determined to be natural occurrences or to not require additional investigations. Follow up inspections based on this reporting year's inspections will be conducted as needed and reported in the PY5 Annual Report.

The CNU MS4 contains one main stormwater outfall (Outfall 1), a second outfall (Outfall 2) which drains stormwater from the area of the Ferguson Center for the Arts, and a third outfall (Outfall 3) which drains the campus area adjacent to the Avenue of the Arts along with the adjacent neighborhood. These are all part of CNU and within the MS4 boundary. Outfalls are inspected annually as part of the dry weather screening program and the inspection reports are included in each year's Annual Report. Outfall 2 was maintained and cleaned during this permit year to remove vegetation in response to the PY3 inspections. Sediment removal maintenance is planned in the coming year.

CNU implements this MCM through the BMPs provided below. Information concerning each BMP including detailed descriptions, measurable goals, and implementation dates are provided in Table 3-1. Additional IDDE program information is provided in Appendix C

- IDDE Policy
- CNU Stormwater Study
- CNU MS4 Website
- Map of Storm Sewer System
- Storm Sewer System Table
- Illicit Discharge Detection Tracking and Reporting
- Outfall Inspections

Pollution Prevention Materials Pollution Prevention Training

Minimum Control Measure No. 3 - Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination

Table 3-1. MCM No. 3 – Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination

BMP	Description	Measurable Goal	BMP Status	Future Activities
3.1 – IDDE Policy	Develop and adopt an IDDE Policy to prevent the discharge of contaminated stormwater runoff from CNU properties and operations into the MS4.	Develop and adopt the IDDE Policy to let the public know about unauthorized stormwater discharges and what to do if one is suspected.	IDDE Policy was adopted by CNU on July 1 st 2010. Continued implementation of University IDDE Policy.	Information on the IDDE Policy is on the University's website. The IDDE Policy will be reviewed and updated as needed.
3.2 – CNU Stormwater Study	Develop and maintain an updated storm sewer system map and outfall table. CNU developed a Stormwater Quality and Quantity Study in 2002 which was revised in 2008, 2011, and 2019.	Storm sewer system map and outfall table. Review CNU Stormwater Plan and update any necessary information based on changes to the campus and/or stormwater conveyance system as needed.	Review and update as needed. Information from the Stormwater Study is provided in Appendix A.	The Stormwater Study will continue to be reviewed and updated as needed based on changes to the University's stormwater conveyance system and permit requirements.
3.3 – CNU MS4 Website	Update the CNU website to include information on the MS4 Program, MS4 General Permit, MS4 Program Plan, Annual Reports, educational information about stormwater, links to additional stormwater- related websites, and stormwater incident reporting information.	Update CNU website to include information on the MS4 Program. Review website annually and update any necessary information based on changes to CNU policies and/or staffing.	Website initially updated to include MS4 information in 2009-2010; additional information was added to the website in subsequent years. Annual reviews and updates as needed.	Additional stormwater information will continue to be added to the website in 2021-2022 as the website is updated.

ВМР	Description	Measurable Goal	BMP Status	Future Activities
3.4 Map of the Storm Sewer System	 Maintain a map of the storm sewer system containing: MS4 outfalls Name and location of receiving waters Unique identifiers for each mapped item MS4 regulated service area SWM facilities 	Evaluate on an annual basis, by October 1 st of each year, and update as necessary.	Submitted to DEQ in July 2019 and put on CNU stormwater website. University staff will maintain map and continue to update as necessary. No updates needed in the 2020-2021 reporting year.	Evaluate on an annual basis, by October 1 st of each year, and update as necessary.
3.5 Storm Sewer System Table	Maintain a table of the storm sewer system. Each outfall should contain: Unique identifiers Estimated drainage acres Name of receiving waters, 6 th order Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC) Unique identifiers Whether or not it drains to a water on the 2016 303(d) list EPA approved Total Maximum Daily Loads (TMDLs) with a waste load allocation (WLA)	Evaluate on an annual basis, by October 1 st of each year, and update as necessary.	Submitted to DEQ in July 2019 and put on CNU stormwater website. University staff will maintain map and continue to update as necessary. No updates needed in the 2020-2021 reporting year.	Evaluate on an annual basis, by October 1 st of each year, and update as necessary.

Minimum Control Measure No. 3 - Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination

Minimum Control Measure No. 3 -	 Illicit Discharge Detection and E 	Elimination
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BMP	Description	Measurable Goal	BMP Status	Future Activities
3.6 – Illicit Discharge Detection Tracking and Reporting	Develop a procedure and format for tracking training efforts, inspections, and other activities related to the IDDE program. As part of the IDDE program, CNU will document any illicit discharges detected.	Implementation of the procedure and format for tracking training efforts, inspections, and other activities related to the IDDE program. Documentation of any illicit discharges detected on an annual basis.	A standard operating procedure (SOP) for stormwater outfall screening, a standard outfall reconnaissance inventory, and sample collection field sheet to be used when staff is conducting illicit discharge inspections of storm drainage system outfalls. Copies of the SOP and field sheet are provided in Appendix C.	Illicit discharge detection, tracking, and reporting will be an ongoing activity. There were no illicit discharge complaints reported for PY3. Investigated potential issues but none were non-compliance or IDDE issues. CNU tracks and maintains records of these potential issues.
3.7 – Outfall Inspections	Inspect each MS4 outfall on an annual basis. Outfall inspections will be documented and kept as part of the MS4 documentation.	Inspect each MS4 outfall on an annual basis. Maintain records of outfalls that were inspected.	Inspect all outfalls annually using SOP. Outfalls 1, 2 and 3 were inspected on June 8 th , 2022.	MS4 outfalls will continue to be inspected on an annual basis.
3.8 – Pollution Prevention Materials	CNU will prepare and distribute educational materials about the impacts of stormwater discharges on water bodies.	Prepare and distribute educational materials regarding pollution prevention to faculty, staff, and students.	Drink coasters were distributed during the year to highlight stormwater. During the 2021-2022 reporting year the annual in person events held were not cancelled due to the SARS-COV-2 Global Pandemic. Please see Appendix B for records of E-mail correspondence between CNU and the Regional DEQ Office.	Distribution of pollution prevention materials will be an ongoing activity. Materials will be distributed annually.
3.9 – Pollution Prevention Training	CNU will conduct biennial training to applicable staff on pollution prevention.	Conduct biennial training to applicable staff on pollution prevention/good housekeeping SOPs and IDDE. Documentation of each training event including the training date, number of employees attending the training, and the objective of each training event.	CNU updated departmental training for pollution prevention/good housekeeping and IDDE using PowerPoint in Appendix D. Training was conducted between April and June 2022. Training is biennial and will be conducted in PY1 of the new Program Plan.	Pollution prevention training will be a biennial and ongoing activity.

Minimum Control Measure No. 4 - Construction Site Stormwater Runoff Control

5.0 MINIMUM CONTROL MEASURE NO. 4 – CONSTRUCTION SITE STORMWATER RUNOFF CONTROL

Any construction activities that take place on the CNU campus and meet required thresholds for land disturbance are regulated by the Virginia Stormwater Management Act and VSMP Regulation (9VAC25-870). In addition, all projects must obtain a Construction General Permit (CGP) if the area of disturbance is greater than or equal to one acre. A project must also obtain a CGP if it is less than one acre and part of a larger common plan of development or sale. Therefore, MCM No. 4 includes provisions to verify all construction activities are in compliance with these regulations and permits.

CNU developed and submitted Annual Standards and Specifications (AS&S) to DEQ. The AS&S were reviewed in response to DEQ comments and updated to match the SOP and IDDE revisions. The 2021 and 2022 AS&S are being submitted in conjunction with this Annual Report and Program Plan. The University Architect's office maintains copies of permit authorization letters for all construction projects, reviews each project's Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP), and reviews copies of all contractors' inspection reports on a quarterly basis to track compliance with the SWPPP.

Since the University has approved AS&S, they no longer need to rely on the City of Newport News for permit support or plan review. CNU contracts a DEQ-Certified inspector for the purposes of providing enhanced training and oversight for the University's qualified personnel performing routine operator SWPPP inspections. The ESC/SWM inspector performs regular inspections of on-campus active construction projects with CGP coverage and documents inspection findings in regular inspection reports. CNU audits the compliance of the contractors on-campus by reviewing the inspection documentation, revisions to the SWPPP, and overall site compliance on a quarterlybasis. All LDAs that occur during the reporting period are conducted in accordance with the current department approved standards and specifications for ESC. No land disturbing construction projects occurred during this reporting period.

The contractor for each construction project is required to inspect the project in accordance with the inspection frequency specified in the CGP and per the stormwater and erosion and sediment control standards. CNU audits the compliance of the contractor by reviewing the inspection documentation, revisions to the SWPPP, and overall site compliance quarterly.

CNU implements this MCM through the BMPs provided below. Information concerning each BMP including a detailed description, measurable goals, and implementation dates are provided in Table 4-1. Additional construction site stormwater runoff control information is provided in Appendix D including the MS4/Inspection/SWPPP training presentation slides provided to CNU staff.

- AS&S
- Project Inspections
- ESC Contract Provisions
- Construction Site Runoff
- Construction Signage
- LDA Tracking

TIMMONS GROUP.

Minimum Control Measure No. 4 – Construction Site Stormwater Runoff Control

Table 4 MCM No. 4	4-1. – Construction	n Site Stormwater	Runoff Control
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ВМР	Description	Measurable Goal	BMP Status	Future Activities
4.1 – AS&S	As a state entity, CNU developed AS&S. Annual updates/revisions are submitted to VADEQ.	Develop and implement AS&S.	Compliance with AS&S is mandatory for all phases of all construction projects on- campus.	Continue current program, comply with approved AS&S.
4.2 – Project Inspections	The contractor for each construction project is required to inspect the project in accordance with the inspection frequency specified in the CGP. CNU audits the compliance of the contractor by reviewing the inspection documentation, revisions to the SWPPP, and overall site compliance.	Review copies of all contractors' inspection reports and all DEQ- Certified Inspector's Reports. Review each project's SWPPP on a quarterly basis to track compliance with the SWPPP.	Reviewing copies of inspection reports is an ongoing activity; review of each project's SWPPP on a quarterly basis.	Continue current program, evaluate annually. Records maintained by the University Architect's office.
4.3 – ESC Contract Provisions	Require all contracts for construction projects with land disturbing activities meet the requirements in the MS4 Permit and CGP. The primary contractor must obtain a CGP and must also carry out all the provisions required of the Construction Site Operator. Keep copies of permit notice of coverage letters for all construction projects and review each project's SWPPP to ensure adequacy of the SWPPP.	Maintain copies of permit notice of coverage letters for all construction projects and review each project's SWPPP on a quarterly basis to track compliance with the SWPPP.	Maintaining copies of permit notice of coverage letters is an ongoing activity; review of each project's SWPPP on a quarterly basis.	Continue current program, evaluate annually. Records maintained by the University Architect's office.

MINIMUM CONTROL MEASURE NO. 4 – CONSTRUCTION SILE STORMWATER RUNON CONT	Minimum	Control	Measure I	No. 4 –	Construction	Site	Stormwater	Runoff	Contr
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ВМР	Description	Measurable Goal	BMP Status	Future Activities
4.4 – Construction Site Runoff	Construction site runoff was identified as one of the three high-priority water quality issues at CNU. CNU will conduct biennial training for contractors on construction site runoff pollution prevention.	Conduct biennial training to contractors on construction site runoff pollution prevention. Document each training event including the training date, number of people attending the training, and the objective of each training event. Training to occur in with the next construction project, likely in PY5.	No training was held as there were no construction projects.	Training is planned again for any new. Construction site runoff pollution prevention training will be an ongoing activity, as needed based on active construction projects, for contractors associated with all new regulated land disturbing activities on- campus.
4.5 – Construction Signage	Have a sign to be placed on construction site fencing at all on-campus construction projects explaining the importance of proper ESC practices and their connection to stormwater quality.	Install educational signage on fencing at all on-campus construction projects. Inspect and replace any missing or damaged signs as needed.	No signs were installed as there were no construction projects.	Installation of educational signage at new on-campus construction projects will be an ongoing activity. Any missing or damaged signs observed will be replaced.
4.6 – Land Disturbing Activities Tracking	Track and submit regulated land disturbing activities on-campus including the total disturbed acreage associated with each. Keep this information on file as part of the MS4 documentation and include as part of the MS4 Annual Report.	Track the number of regulated land disturbing activities on-campus and report the total disturbed acreage.	Updated annually. Regulated land disturbing activities for PY4 are listed in Appendix D of this Annual Report.	Continue current program, evaluate annually.

Minimum Control Measure No. 5 - Post-Construction SWM

6.0 MINIMUM CONTROL MEASURE NO. 5 – POST-CONSTRUCTION SWM

All known permanent SWM facilities that are operator owned and within the MS4 boundary are inspected by DEQ-Certified CNU or contract personnel on an annual basis. Inspections are performed based on the *Written Procedures for the Inspection of Operator Owned Stormwater Management Facilities* prepared by CNU during the 2014-2015 reporting year. Copies of the inspection reports are kept on file as part of the MS4 documentation. Records of past BMP inspections are maintained as part of the MS4 program and the inspection program will be continued and evaluated annually. CNU will perform maintenance of permanent SWM facilities, if needed, based on the results of the BMP inspections and document and include as part of the Annual Report. There were no non-compliance issues this reporting year. CNU investigated potential issues, but none were non-compliance or IDDE issues. CNU tracks and maintains records of these potential issues.

Inspection reports to be used for inspections of BMPs are the DEQ Example BMP Inspection and Maintenance checklists from the DEQ 2013 Virginia Stormwater Management Handbook, Chapter 9 – BMP Inspection and Maintenance, provided on the DEQ website at the link below.

https://swbmp.vwrrc.vt.edu/references-tools/2013-draft-handbook/

CNU will continue to update the electronic spreadsheet with any new or newly discovered BMP, or any BMP that meets a local or Chesapeake Bay TMDL requirement. Also, CNU will add new BMPs to the VA CGP database to report each facility installed for which a VPDES permit is obtained and will also add new BMPs to the DEQ BMP Warehouse as needed.

There were no new BMPs to report in the 2021-2022 permit year.

CNU implements MCM No. 5 through the BMPs provided below. Information concerning each BMP including a detailed description, measurable goals, and implementation dates is provided in Table 5-1. The MCM Summary Table in Appendix E provides the responsible party and key personnel for each MCM and BMP identified in the approved MS4 Program Plan. Additional post-construction SWM information is provided in Appendix E.

- CNU Stormwater Study
- ESC Contract Provisions
- Implement AS&S
- BMP Inspections
- BMP Tracking
- BMP Maintenance

Minimum Control Measure No. 5 - Post-Construction SWM

Table 5-1. MCM No. 5 – Post-Construction SWM

ВМР	Description	Measurable Goal	BMP Status	Future Activities	
5.1 – CNU Stormwater Study	Develop and maintain an updated storm sewer system map and outfall table. CNU developed a Stormwater Quality and Quantity Study in 2002 which was revised in 2008, 2011, and 2019 during PY1.	Storm sewer system map and outfall table. Review CNU Stormwater Plan and update any necessary information based on changes to the campus and/or stormwater conveyance system as needed.	Review and update as needed. Information from the stormwater study is provided in Appendix E. There were no updates in PY4	The stormwater study will continue to be reviewed and updated as needed based on changes to the University's stormwater conveyance system and based on permit requirements.	
5.2 – ESC Contract Provisions	Require that all contracts for construction projects with land- disturbing activities meeting the requirements in the MS4 Permit and CGP. The primary contractor must obtain a CGP and must also carry out all provisions required of the Construction Site Operator. Keep copies of permit notice of coverage letters for all construction projects and review each project's SWPPP to ensure adequacy of the SWPPP.	Maintain copies of permit notice of coverage letters for all construction projects and review each project's SWPPP on a quarterly basis to track compliance with the SWPPP.	Maintaining copies of permit notice of coverage letters is an ongoing activity; review of each project's SWPPP on a quarterly basis.	Continue current program, evaluate annually. Records maintained by the University Architect's office.	
5.3 – AS&S	As a state entity, CNU developed AS&S. They were most recently approved by VADEQ in a letter dated March 12 th , 2020.	Develop and implement AS&S.	Compliance with AS&S is mandatory for all phases of all construction projects on- campus.	Continue current program, comply with approved AS&S.	
5.4 – BMP Inspections	Inspect all known permanent SWM facilities on an annual basis. Keep copies of inspection reports on file as part of the MS4 documentation.	Continue CNU BMP inspection program. Maintain records of BMPs that were inspected.	BMPs were inspected on June 1 st , 2022 and June 28 th , 2022.	Continue current program, evaluate annually.	

Minimum Control Measure No. 5 – Post-Construction SWM

ВМР	Description	Measurable Goal	BMP Status	Future Activities
5.5 – BMP Tracking	Track all known permanent SWM facilities in an electronic format annually including:	Track all known permanent SWM facilities on an annual basis.	Continue current program, evaluate annually.	Continue current program, evaluate annually.
	Install date			
	Type of facility			
	Latitude and longitude			
	 Geographic location, 6th order HUC 			
	 Acres treated inc. total, pervious, and impervious 			
	 Whether part of Chesapeake Bay/local TMDL AP 			
	 The date of most recent inspection 			
5.6 – BMP Maintenance	Properly maintain all structural BMPs on the CNU campus and/or operated by CNU in accordance with good engineering practices and, where applicable, manufacturer specifications. Maintenance of permanent SWM facilities will be performed, if needed, based on the results of BMP inspections performed as part of this MS4 Program Plan.	Continue CNU BMP maintenance program as needed based on results of annual BMP inspections. Maintain records of BMP maintenance activities.	Ongoing BMP maintenance as needed based on annual BMP inspections. Last maintenance was performed at the Outfalls and BMPs in June/July 2022.	Continue current program, evaluate annually. Any necessary maintenance performed on permanent SWM facilities will be documented and included as part of the MS4 Annual Report.

Minimum Control Measure No. 6 – Pollution Prevention/Good Housekeeping

7.0 MINIMUM CONTROL MEASURE NO. 6 – POLLUTION PREVENTION/GOOD HOUSEKEEPING

MCM No. 6 provides for a comprehensive pollution prevention and good housekeeping program. The ultimate goal of pollution prevention/good housekeeping is to prevent or reduce pollutant runoff from campus operations. This measure includes both training and awareness of stormwater impacts to receiving water quality as well as on-campus activities which both prevent and reduce pollutant runoff to the MS4.

This MCM includes a requirement for the development, maintenance, and implementation of written procedures designed to minimize or prevent pollutant discharge from: (i) daily operations such as road, street, and parking lot maintenance; (ii) equipment maintenance; and (iii) the application, storage, transport, and disposal of pesticides, herbicides, and fertilizers. CNU has developed SOPs for various activities with the potential to impact water quality. The SOPs include the following:

- Equipment maintenance and washing
- Outdoor special events and festivals
- Kitchen waste: fats, oils, and greases (FOG) transfer, storage, and disposal
- Equipment fueling activities
- Landscape maintenance
- Liquid materials loading, unloading, and storage
- Trash & recycling handling, storage, transfer, and disposal
- Parking lot, street, and road maintenance
- Pressure washing and exterior surface cleaning
- Spill prevention, control, clean up and reporting

The following webpage contains a link to CNU's SOPs. The site-specific SOPs are also included in departmental training where applicable.

http://cnu.edu/public/stormwater/

CNU identified the Grounds (includes Athletics Department staff) and Plant Operations Departments as well as the dumpster refuse area as being high-priority facilities. There are a total of twenty high-priority facilities on-campus per Figure 4 in Appendix E. CNU published and posted on the website the SWPPP for high-priority facilities. A link to the SWPPP is provided at the website below.

http://cnu.edu/public/stormwater/

This MCM includes a requirement to implement turf and landscape NMP developed by a certified turf and landscape nutrient management planner on all lands owned or operated by the MS4 operator where nutrients are applied to a contiguous area greater than one acre. The University takes pride in a clean and green campus but also works to not over-apply nutrients and diligently follows the approved NMPs for the campus.

Minimum Control Measure No. 6 - Pollution Prevention/Good Housekeeping

There are two separate NMPs that cover the CNU campus, one for the main campus grounds/turf and a separate one for the athletics fields/turf.

- The current NMP for the main campus was resubmitted on July 9th, 2021 for approval and covers an area of 48 acres.
- The athletics NMP covers an area of 13.73 acres and is effective until April 19th, 2024.

The CNU Grounds Department will continue to operate using the approved NMPs and will continue to evaluate/update the NMPs once every three years, as needed. The NMPs will be reviewed/updated again in 2021 and re-submitted to the Department of Conservation and Recreation (DCR) for review and approval.

The CNU Grounds Department currently has three CFAs and two Certified Nutrient Management Planners through the VDACS.

All CNU employees from every department were required to watch a 30-minute training video on SWPPP and MS4 education. The training was conducted from April 2022 to June 2022 during this reporting year.

CNU continues to perform maintenance by cleaning a portion of the campus stormwater infrastructure (catch basins, storm drainpipes) on an annual basis. Street sweeping of campus roads and parking lots was performed by Commercial Power Sweeping between May 4-11th, 2022. Storm drainpipes on-campus were not contracted to be cleaned this reporting year as no maintenance was needed based on inspections.

CNU implements this MCM through the BMPs provided below. Information concerning each BMP including a detailed description, measurable goals, and implementation is provided in Table 6-1. Additional post-construction SWM information is provided in Appendix F.

- Pollution Prevention Training
- High-Priority Facility SWPPP Implementation
- Illicit Discharge Detection Tracking and Reporting
- NMPs
- Nutrient Management Training
- AS&S
- Underground Infrastructure Cleaning
- Street Sweeping
- Storm Drain Medallions
- Daily Good Housekeeping SOPs

Minimum Control Measure No. 6 – Pollution Prevention/Good Housekeeping

Table 6-1. MCM No. 6 – Pollution Prevention/Good Housekeeping

BMP	Description	Measurable Goal	BMP Status	Future Activities
6.1 – Pollution Prevention Training	CNU will conduct biennial training to applicable staff on pollution prevention.	Conduct biennial training to applicable staff on pollution prevention/good housekeeping SOPs an IDDE. Documentation of each training event including the training date, number of employees attending the training, and the objective of each training event.	CNU updated departmental training for pollution prevention/good housekeeping, and IDDE using a video prepared by Timmons Group with PowerPoint slides in Appendix D. Training was conducted this permit year on during April, May, and June. Training is biennial and will be conducted again in PY1 of the next permit.	Pollution prevention training will be biennial and an ongoing activity.
6.2 – High-Priority Facility SWPPP Implementation	Continue to implement stormwater pollution prevention plans for high- priority facilities.	Conduct an annual comprehensive site compliance evaluation.	Ongoing; annually. Conduct inspection of high-priority facilities and ensure they are following proper good housekeeping procedures. Re-evaluate facilities annually to be sure they are the highest priority on campus. Last SWPPP inspection of high- priority facilities occurred on June 1 st , 2022 and June 8 th , 2022. SWPPP revisions were made during PY4 and will be reviewed annually.	The next inspection is planned for summer 2023.
6.3 – Illicit Discharge Detection Tracking and Reporting	Develop a procedure and format for tracking training efforts, inspections, and other activities related to the IDDE program. As part of the IDDE program, CNU will document any illicit discharges detected.	Implementation of the procedure and format for tracking training efforts, inspections, and other activities related to the IDDE program. Documentation of any illicit discharges detected on an annual basis.	A SOP for stormwater outfall screening and a standard outfall reconnaissance inventory and sample collection field sheet to be used when staff is conducting illicit discharge inspections of storm drainage system outfalls. Copies of the SOP and field sheet are provided in Appendix F.	Illicit discharge detection tracking and reporting will be an ongoing activity. There were no illicit discharges reported for PY3 and none in PY4 to track.

Minimum Control Measure No. 6 – Pollution Prevention/Good Housekeeping

BMP	Description	Measurable Goal	BMP Status	Future Activities
6.4 – NMP	There are two separate approved NMPs that cover the CNU campus. The CNU Grounds and Athletics Departments currently operate using approved NMPs and will continue to evaluate/update the NMPs once every three years and provide any updates, as needed.	Continue operating under approved NMPs for the CNU campus. Review the NMP and update any necessary information.	CNU main campus NMP submitted for approval July 5 ^h , 2024; CNU athletics NMP approved and valid until April 19 th , 2024. Review once every three years and update as needed.	The CNU grounds and athletics departments will continue to operate using the approved NMPs. The NMPs will be reviewed/updated again in 2024 and re- submitted to DCR for approval.
6.5 – Nutrient Management Training	Nutrient management was identified as one of the three high-priority water quality issues at CNU.	Train CNU Grounds Department staff as CFAs and/or Nutrient Management Planners to ensure that nutrients are only applied in accordance with CNU's approved NMPs.	Continue to train Grounds Department staff and document training (names, date, etcetera) regarding nutrient management.	This is an ongoing program with biennial training. In addition to any in-house training, staff are sent to training courses.
6.6 – AS&S	As a state entity, CNU developed AS&S. They were most recently approved by VADEQ in a letter dated March 12 th , 2020.	Develop and implement AS&S.	Compliance with AS&S is mandatory for all phases of all construction projects on- campus.	Continue current program, comply with approved AS&S.
6.7 – Underground Infrastructure Cleaning	Perform maintenance by cleaning a portion of the campus stormwater infrastructure (catch basins, storm drainpipes) on an annual basis.	Continue CNU underground infrastructure maintenance program.	Ongoing; annually; no cleaning contracted for this reporting year based off no need during visual inspection.	Continue current program, evaluate annually.

BMP	Description	Measurable Goal	BMP Status	Future Activities
6.8 – Street Sweeping	Continue the ongoing street sweeping program. Vacuum sweep selected campus roads and parking lots on an annual basis. Document the quantity of material collected on an annual basis.	Continue CNU street sweeping program. Record the amount of material that is removed annually.	Ongoing; selected campus roads and parking lots are vacuum swept on an annual basis. Street sweeping of campus roads and parking lots was performed by Commercial Power Sweeping between May 4-11 th , 2022. CNU Grounds personnel also blow debris from roads and parking lot areas onto turf areas to be mulched or picked up with turf maintenance activities on a regular basis.	Continue current program, evaluate annually. Debris removal from roads and parking lots is an ongoing activity.
6.9 – Storm Drain Medallions	Install storm drain medallions on all campus storm drain inlets to help remind the CNU community about stormwater pollution. The medallions read, "No Dumping, Drains to Waterway."	Install storm drain medallions on all campus storm drain inlets. Evaluate storm drain medallions annually. Replace any missing or damaged medallions annually.	During this permit year, no new medallions were necessary and no medallions needed replacement.	Monitoring of the storm drain medallions is an ongoing activity. Any missing or damaged medallions will be replaced. New medallions will be installed on newly constructed campus storm drains.
6.10 – Daily Good Housekeeping SOPs	Develop and implement written procedures designed to minimize or prevent pollutant discharge from: (i) daily operations such as road, street, and parking lot maintenance; (ii) equipment maintenance; and (iii) the application, storage, transport, and disposal of pesticides, herbicides, and fertilizers.	Complete and implement written good housekeeping procedures. Train staff biennially and in new staff orientation.	Daily good housekeeping written procedures were developed and were incorporated in staff training regarding pollution prevention. SOPs are available on the campus stormwater website.	Continue to include written procedures in pollution prevention training; update as needed.

Chesapeake BAY TMDL ACTION PLAN IMPLEMENTATION

8.0 CHESAPEAKE BAY TMDL ACTION PLAN IMPLEMENTATION

There are currently no waste load allocations assigned to the University from any approved local TMDL reports, so there is no anticipated TMDL Action Plan for CNU for special conditions other than the Chesapeake Bay TMDL. The Chesapeake Bay TMDL Action Plan was developed by Koontz-Bryant and was submitted under separate cover to the DEQ following the 2014-2015 reporting year. A draft second phase Chesapeake Bay TMDL Action Plan was submitted by CNU to the DEQ on June 1st, 2018 as part of the permit reapplication package as required by the Virginia General Permit. An updated Chesapeake Bay TMDL Action Plan was submitted to the DEQ on November 22nd, 2019.

The phosphorus reduction goals for the first permit cycle have been met by the installation of a level one bioretention BMP in Parking Lot A. This project resulted in a pollutant reduction of 1.44 lbs/yr. The University is now working towards its 2023 goals of 9.43 lbs/yr reductions. Table 7-1 depicts the phosphorus removal goals for all three permit cycles, through 2028.

End of	Campus	Acquired	Impervious	First	Second	Third	Total
Permit Cycle	Area	Area	Area	Permit	Permit	Permit	TMDL
	(ac)	(ac)	(ac)	Cycle	Cycle	Cycle	Reduction
				Reduction	Reduction	Reduction	(lbs)
				Goal (lbs.)	Goal (lbs.)	Goal (lbs.)	
2009 (1)	141.87	0	62.14	1.02	7.14	12.23	20.39
2018 (2)	147.24	5.37	71.59	1.15	8.02	13.74	22.90
2018 (3)	158.17	10.93	76.90	1.23	8.61	14.76	24.60
Lake Maury				0.07	0.51	0.88	1.46
(4)							
2018 Total	158.17	16.30	76.90	1.30	9.12	15.64	26.06
Acquired	2.75	2.75	2.65		0.21	0.40	0.70
Property (5)	5.75	5.75	2.05	-	0.51	0.46	0.79
2023/2028	161.02	2 75	70 55	1 20	0.42	16.02	26.95
Total	101.92	3.75	19.55	1.30	9.43	10.02	20.85

 Table 7-1. TMDL Phosphorus Reduction Requirement (lbs/yr)

Keeping in mind pollutant reduction goals, all new construction projects take steps to find solutions to preserve water quality on and around campus. In addition, CNU is investigating other potential options and will update the TMDL action plan implementation in the last permit year, in order to effectively plan out the next steps in CNU's pollutant reduction goals. An updated action plan was provided to VADEQ within twelve months of this permit coverage as directed by the 2018-2023 permit. Additional options include an agreement with the HRSD SWIFT initiative that will help meet the 2023 goals and beyond. CNU will continue to review and update the approach as necessary.

CNU MS4 ANNUAL REPORT APPENDICES

Reporting Year July 1st, 2021 – June 30th, 2022

Appendix A Minimum Control Measure One (MCM1) Information

Appendix A MINIMUM CONTROL MEASURE 1 (MCM1) SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

CNU Stormwater Website (BMP 1.2, 3.3)

Construction Site (BMP 1.6, 4.5)

Other Places for Information on MCM1:

• Employee MS4 and SWPPP Training (BMP 1.7, 4.4) in Appendix D

Public Information

Public Information University Policies

Campus Safety

Privacy Policy

Student Achievement Freedom of Information Act

Free Speech and Expression

Stormwater Management

Institutional Research

Analysis and Reports

Stormwater Management

In managing the Christopher Newport campus grounds, we strive to be good environmental stewards. We work closely with the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) to ensure our efforts are up to current standards and practices.

If you have any questions, please contact the Grounds Department at (757) 594-8700 or grounds@cnu.edu.

PROGRAM PLAN

The stormwater management program plan is based on six minimum control measures as required by the Virginia General Permit. These goals and objectives were developed to reduce the discharge of pollutants from the university's Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4) to the maximum extent practicable, protect water quality, ensure compliance with water quality standards, and to satisfy the appropriate water quality requirements of the State Water Control Law and its attendant regulations. You are welcome to review and make comments on our program by filling out this form.

MS4 GENERAL PERMIT

The General Virginia Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit for Discharges of Stormwater from Small MS4s requires Christopher Newport to develop and implement a comprehensive stormwater management program consistent with the Virginia General Permit.

The University re-registered for continuation of coverage on June 1, 2018 (permit number VAR040090). The new general permit is valid until October 31, 2023.

ANNUAL REPORT

The MS4 Annual Report serves to convey the required information and detail the status of compliance with all permit conditions, as well as the appropriateness of best management practices identified in the MS4 Program Plan toward achieving measurable goals for each minimum control measure.

YEAR PDI 2018-2019 20 20

Stormwater Management Master Plan

In 2019, Christopher Newport worked with a consultant to create a Stormwater Management Master Plan. This plan provides guidance in the form of stormwater management concepts to help meet our TMDL Reduction Requirements as set forth by the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality. This plan addresses those requirements through 2028.

POLLUTION PREVENTION AND CONTROL

Pollution prevention is any practice that reduces, eliminates or prevents pollution at its source. Reducing the amount of pollution produced means less waste to control, treat or dispose. Less pollution also means fewer hazards are posed to public health and the environment.

Under our permit, we must develop, implement and enforce a program that includes the following six minimum control measures:

- 1. Public education and outreach
- 2. Public involvement and participation
- .3. Illicit discharge detection and elimination
- Construction site stormwater runou control .4
- 5. Post-construction stormwater management

RFIATED

DOCUMENTS MS4 Program Plan

MS4 Permit 2018-2023

MS4 Annual Report

IDDE Plan and Policy

CNU Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP)

Stormwater discharges at the campus

Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs)

CNU Stormwater Pollution Prevention Training

Construction Site Signage

119-2020	۵
020-2021	Ø



6. Pollution prevention/good housekeeping

These control measures are designed and implemented to control the discharge of pollutants from our storm sewer system to the maximum extent practicable in a manner that protects the water quality in nearby streams, rivers, wetlands and bays.

Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination (IDDE)

The IDDE policy and program provide for the protection of the environment at CNU and the surrounding areas.

/

An illicit discharge is the discharge of any substance into a storm sewer system* that is not stormwater. Some examples of these substances include:

Wastewater Concrete washout Cleaning supplies Construction waste (e.g., debris, sludge) Vehicle washing Paint Fuels and oils Pet Waste

- Discharges or flows from firefighting activities
- Landscape irrigation and lawn watering
- Foundation/footing drains
- Water line flushing
- Discharges from potable (drinkable) water sources
- Street wash water
- Air conditioning condensation

• VISIT

*Storm sewers are designed to carry stormwater and runou. Storm sewers are not treated and lead directly into our natural environment. Substances that are not stormwater should never be released into the storm sewer system. The University's storm sewer inlets are marked with a "No Dumping – Drains to Bay" medallion.

If you witness an illicit discharge, you can report it to the Grounds Department by calling (757) 594-8700 or University Police at (757) 594-7777.

STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP)

As part of our MS4 program the University maintains a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP)

An SWPPP is designed to reduce the impact of stormwater runoff on receiving water bodies to the maximum extent practicable and to meet water quality standards, and identifies the following:

- Stormwater pollution prevention team
- Stormwater discharges at the campus
- Actual and potential sources of stormwater contamination
- Structural and non-structural best management practices
- Good housekeeping practices
- · Standard operating procedures for activities with the potential to impact water quality

Stormwater Pollution Prevention Training SWPPP training is available to all members of the campus community. We provide training to all employees whose job duties may include activities with the potential to contribute to stormwater pollution.

Public Education and Outreach

Description	PDF
Only Rain Down the Drain A reminder about water pollution with an emergency call list on the back.	
Be a Solution to Water Pollution An informational flier about water pollution.	•
Guidelines for Charity Car Wash Fund Raisers Car washes to raise funds for charities, schools activities or community groups often occur in densely populated urban areas. Car-washing activities can a water quality if not properly managed. Wash water from these activities may flow into surface waters or into a storm drain.	
CNU Garden Symposium The Grounds Department provides an educational stormwater table at the annual Garden Symposium. We provide advice and literature related to rain gardens, stormwater runoff, urban nutrient management and environmentally friendly landscaping.	

Construction Sites

Resources

Jobs at CNU

Academic Calendar

Map & Directions

Public Information

Student ConsumerInformation

Construction projects that disturb more than one acre are required to obtain a Virginia Stormwater Management Program construction permit from the Virginia Department Environmental Quality.

CHRISTOPHER NEWPORT

1 Avenue of the Arts Newport News, VA 23606 (757) 594 7000

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Services

Trible Library Request Admission Information Campus Safety Title IX and Equal Opportunity Emergency Alerts




CONSTRUCTION SITE STORMWATER RUNOFF – PROTECTING WATER QUALITY

Construction projects that disturb more than one acre are required to obtain a Virginia Stormwater Management Program (VSMP) permit from the Virginia Department of Conservation and Recreation (DCR). As part of the permit requirements, a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) must be developed for the project. The SWPPP must identify practices that will help to reduce erosion, minimize sediment loss from the construction site, and address pollution prevention.

- Construction sites <u>without</u> proper erosion and sediment controls can contribute large amounts of sediment and other pollutants to downstream waterways.
- Good housekeeping measures include:
 - Storing waste materials in proper containers;
 - Properly disposing of all waste materials;
 - o Preventing spills by tightly sealing containers; and,
 - Storing materials with the potential for contaminating runoff during storm events in watertight containers or under cover so they are not exposed to precipitation.
 - Establish vehicle and equipment parking areas away from waterways and storm drain inlets.

Erosion and sediment controls in combination with pollution prevention and "good housekeeping measures" can reduce the amount of pollution leaving construction

- Conduct fueling, major maintenance and washing off-site whenever feasible.
- Effective erosion and sediment controls require proper installation and maintenance.
- Concrete trucks should only wash out or discharge surplus concrete or drum wash water at approved locations in accordance with State and local regulations.
- Construction sites should be inspected every seven calendar days or every fourteen calendar days and within 48 hours following any runoff producing storm event. Inspections should include all areas of the site disturbed by construction activity and areas used for storage of materials.

Erosion and Sediment Controls

Properly installed and maintained erosion and sediment control practices help to reduce pollution loading from construction sites.



CNU Pollution Prevention Materials (BMP 3.7, 6.1)

CNU distributed drink coasters with stormwater educational information on them to students and staff throughout the permit year.

Month	# coasters given out	Group
January 2022	1200	Freshman Class
June 2022	1200	Incoming Freshman
August 2021	1050	Staff



Submitted by CNU to VADEQ October 1st, 2022

CHRISTOPHER NEWPORT UNIVERSITY – MUNICIPAL SEPARATE STORM SEWER SYSTEM (MS4) ANNUAL REPORT – REPORTING YEAR JULY 1st, 2020 – JUNE 30th, 2021

Appendix B Minimum Control Measure Two (MCM2) Information

Appendix B MINIMUM CONTROL MEASURE 2 (MCM2) SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Participation and Outreach Events Statement (BMP 1.3, 2.5)

TIMMONS GROUP

CNU Outreach and Participation Events Statement 2021-2022

CNU planned several in person annual events, as well as virtual events this reporting year. CNU is continuing to look into alternative ways to distribute educational materials to the CNU MS4 public including use of social media. For the 2021-2022 reporting year, the CNU Sustainability (@sustainCNU) Facebook account continued to post information on stormwater issues under the hashtag #stormwaterMonday. Litter and street debris is one of the topics that was regularly included in the educational information posted on the CNU Sustainability Facebook page. The 2021-2022 Annual Garden Symposium happened in person on March 19, 2022. A booth was set up and resources were passed out to educated students on stormwater issues. The University is working with their campus Student Organizations via the CNU Community Engagement and Sustainability Coordinators to identify projects related to stormwater. CNU plans to continue to ramp up virtual and social media outreach in light of the ongoing SARS-COV-2 Global Pandemic.

CHRISTOPHER NEWPORT UNIVERSITY – MUNICIPAL SEPARATE STORM SEWER SYSTEM (MS4) ANNUAL REPORT – REPORTING YEAR JULY 1st, 2020 – JUNE 30th, 2021

Appendix C Minimum Control Measure three (MCM3) Supplemental Information

Appendix C MINIMUM CONTROL MEASURE 3 (MCM3) SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

CNU IDDE Policy (BMP 3.1)

CNU IDDE Standard Procedures (BMP 3.6, 6.3)

Stormwater Master Plan updated study for 2019 - cover page and Table of Contents (BMP 3.2, 5.1)

Dry Weather screening/Outfall Inspection summary (BMP 3.7)

Other Places for Information on MCM3:

• CNU Stormwater Website (BMP 1.2, 3.3) in Appendix A



Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination (IDDE) Policy

Grounds Department 1 Avenue of the Arts, Newport News, VA 23606 Phone: (757) 594-8700 Email: <u>Grounds@cnu.edu</u>

Revised: 8/15/22

Background

Christopher Newport University (CNU) is the owner and operator of registered small municipal separate storm sewer system (MS4). A Stormwater Quality and Quantity Management Study was developed for the University by Koontz-Bryant in 2002 and revised in 2008. This study contains detailed information on the existing stormwater conveyance system at the University Based on the stormwater study, the University area encompasses 142.5 acres. The study also provides a map (updated in 2008) showing drainage areas and storm sewer mapping. CNU further had a Stormwater Master Plan developed in 2019 by VHB that updates the stormwater plan for the campus, providing an approximate total institutional footprint of 152 acres that includes the MS4 area and other facilities that CNU operates in the adjacent City of Newport News MS4.

1. Purpose of Policy

The purpose of this policy is to provide for the protection of the environment at CNU, and the surrounding areas, through the regulation of non-stormwater discharges to the storm drainage system to the maximum extent practicable as required by federal, state, and local law. This policy establishes MS4 in order to comply with requirements of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit process, as implemented through the Virginia Stormwater Management Program (VSMP) permit for CNU. The objectives of this policy are as follows:

A. To prevent or minimize to the maximum extent practicable, the discharge of pollutants from University properties and operations into the storm drainage system.

B. To develop, implement and enforce a program to detect and eliminate illicit discharges, as defined by <u>9VAC25-870-400</u> and <u>9VAC25-870-10</u>, into the regulated small MS4.

C. To comply with the requirements of CNU's stormwater permit.

2. Definitions

Best Management Practices (BMPs): Activities, prohibitions of practices, general housekeeping practices, pollution prevention and educational practices, maintenance procedures, and other management practices to prevent or reduce the discharge of pollutants directly or indirectly to stormwater, receiving waters, or stormwater conveyance systems. BMPs also include treatment practices, operating procedures, and practices to control site runoff, spillage or leaks, sludge or water disposal, or drainage from raw materials storage.

Contractor: Any individual or company, including a subcontractor, hired to perform services on university property.

Hazardous substance: Any substance designated under the Code of Virginia or 40 CFR Part 116 pursuant to § 311 of the CWA.

Illicit discharge: Any discharge to a municipal separate storm sewer that is not composed entirely of stormwater, except discharges pursuant to a separate VPDES or state permit (other than the state permit for discharges from the municipal separate storm sewer), discharges resulting from firefighting activities, and discharges identified by and in compliance with 9VAC25-870-400 D 2 c (3).

Municipal separate storm sewer (MS4): A conveyance or system of conveyances otherwise known as a municipal separate storm sewer system, including roads with drainage systems, municipal streets, catch basins, curbs, gutters, ditches, manmade channels, or storm drains:

- Owned or operated by a federal, state, city, town, county, district, association, or other public body, created by or pursuant to state law, having jurisdiction or delegated authority for erosion and sediment control and stormwater management, or a designated and approved management agency under § 208 of the CWA that discharges to surface waters;
- 2) Designed or used for collecting or conveying stormwater;
- 3) That is not a combined sewer; and
- 4) That is not part of a publicly owned treatment works.

Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4): All separate storm sewers that are defined as "large" or "medium" or "small" municipal separate storm sewer systems or designated under <u>9VAC25-870-380</u>.

Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System Management Program or MS4 Program: A management program covering the duration of a permit for a municipal separate storm sewer system that includes a comprehensive planning process that involves public participation and intergovernmental coordination, to reduce the discharge of pollutants to the maximum extent practicable, to protect water quality, and to satisfy the appropriate water quality requirements of the CWA and regulations and the Virginia Stormwater Management Act and attendant regulations, using management practices, control techniques, and system, design and engineering methods, and such other provisions that are appropriate.

National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Storm Water Discharge Permit: A permit issued by EPA (or by a State under authority delegated pursuant to 33 USC §1342(b)) that authorizes the discharge of pollutants to waters of the United States, whether the permit is applicable on an individual, group, or general area-wide basis.

Non-stormwater discharge: Any discharge to the storm drain system that is not composed entirely of stormwater.

Outfall: When used in reference to municipal separate storm sewers, a point source at the point where a municipal separate storm sewer discharges to surface waters and does not include open conveyances connecting two municipal separate storm sewers, or pipes, tunnels or other conveyances which connect segments of the same stream or other surface waters and are used to convey surface waters.

Point source: Any discernible, confined, and discrete conveyance including, but not limited to, any pipe, ditch, channel, tunnel, conduit, well, discrete fissure, container, rolling stock, concentrated animal feeding operation, landfill leachate collection system, vessel, or other floating craft from which pollutants are or may be discharged. This term does not include return flows from irrigated agriculture or agricultural stormwater runoff.

Pollutant: Anything which causes or contributes to pollution. Pollutants may include, but are not limited to: paints, varnishes, and solvents; oil and other automotive fluids; non- hazardous liquid and solid wastes and yard wastes; refuse, rubbish, garbage, litter, or other discarded or abandoned objects, ordinances, and accumulations, so that same may cause or contribute to pollution; floatables; pesticides, herbicides, and fertilizers; hazardous substances and wastes; sewage, fecal coliform and

pathogens; dissolved and particulate metals; animal wastes; wastes and residues that result from constructing a building or structure; and noxious or offensive matter of any kind.

Source: Any building, structure, facility, installation, or activity from which there is or may be a discharge of pollutants.

State waters: All water, on the surface and under the ground, wholly or partially within or bordering the Commonwealth or within its jurisdiction, including wetlands.

Stormwater: Any surface flow, runoff, and drainage consisting entirely of water from any form of natural precipitation, and resulting from such precipitation.

Wetlands: Those areas that are inundated or saturated by surface water or groundwater at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions. Wetlands generally include swamps, marshes, bogs and similar areas.

Visitor: A person who is not enrolled at, compensated by, or an affiliate of the University.

3. Applicability

This policy is applicable to all students, faculty, staff, contractors, and visitors of the University. This policy shall apply to all water entering the storm drain system generated on any lands owned or operated by the University.

4. Responsibility for Administration.

The University shall administer, implement, and enforce the provisions of this policy.

5. Compatibility with Other Regulations

This policy is not intended to modify or repeal any other policy, ordinance, rule, regulation, or other provision of law. The requirements of this policy are in addition to the requirements of any other policy, ordinance, rule, regulation, or other provision of law, and where any provision of this policy imposes restrictions different from those imposed by any other policy, ordinance, rule, regulation, or other provision of law, whichever provision is more restrictive or imposes higher protective standards for human health or the environment shall control.

6. Severability

The provisions of this policy are declared to be severable. If any provision of this policy is held invalid, this determination will not affect the other provisions or application of this policy.

7. Illicit Discharges

No CNU employee, student, visitor, contractor, or department shall cause or allow discharges into the University's storm drainage system which are not composed entirely of stormwater, except for the allowed discharges provided in the Virginia Stormwater Management Program (VSMP) Regulations

(9VAC25-870). The spilling, dumping, or disposal of materials other than stormwater to the storm drainage system are strictly prohibited.

Prohibited discharges include, but are not limited to:

- Wastewater from washout of concrete
- Wastewater from the washout and cleanout of stucco, paint, form release oils, curing compounds, and other construction materials
- Fuels, oils, or other pollutants used in vehicle and equipment operation and maintenance
- Oils, toxic substances, or hazardous substances from spills or other releases
- Soaps, solvents, or detergents used in equipment and vehicle washing

8. Allowed Discharges

The following discharges to the storm drainage system are allowed, as per <u>9VAC25-890-20</u> as they are considered to be not significant contributors of pollutants to the MS4:

- Discharges that are covered under a separate individual or general VPDES or VSMP permit for non-stormwater discharges.
- Discharges or flows which are not significant contributors of pollutants to the municipal separate storm sewer system:
 - Water line flushing, managed in a manner to avoid an instream impact;
 - Landscape irrigation;
 - Diverted stream flows;
 - Rising groundwaters;
 - Uncontaminated groundwater infiltration, as defined at 40 CFR 35.2005(20);
 - Uncontaminated pumped groundwater;
 - Discharges from potable water sources;
 - Foundation drains;
 - Air conditioning condensation;
 - Irrigation water;
 - Springs;
 - Water from crawl space pumps;
 - Footing drains;
 - Lawn watering;
 - Individual residential car washing;
 - o Flows from riparian habitats and wetlands;
 - Dechlorinated swimming pool discharges;
 - Street wash water;
 - Discharges or flows from firefighting activities;
 - Discharges from noncommercial fundraising car washes if the washing uses only biodegradable, phosphate-free, water-based cleaners; or
 - Other activities generating discharges identified by the department as not requiring VPDES authorization.

9. Procedures

Inspections

CNU shall, at a minimum, visually inspect all outfalls once per year to evaluate the physical condition of the outfalls and to ensure that there no flows present from potential illicit discharges. In the event a flow is observed, or evidence suggests that illicit discharges may exist, further investigation shall be administered by any of the following methods as appropriate:

- 1. Date of inspection and follow-up
- 2. Tracing discharge up the storm sewer system;
- 3. Sampling of a discharge for analysis in order to determine if a pollutant is present and to identify the pollutant;
- 4. Implement BMPs to eliminate illicit discharges;
- 5. Scheduling of follow up observations; and,
- 6. Any other appropriate measures deemed necessary.

Flows suspected of containing illicit discharges due to the presence of odors, colors or sheens shall be further analyzed, which may include testing. If determined to be a naturally occurring issue and not an illicit discharge, no further analysis will be performed. Test parameters may include but are not limited to ammonia, detergent, chlorine, phosphorus, nitrogen, pH, conductivity, turbidity, temperature, and dissolved oxygen. The results of the inspections and testing shall be maintained in a format to allow tracking of outfall locations, inspection dates, chemical tests conducted, and follow-up procedures implemented to correct any detected illicit discharge. The physical condition of the outfall shall also be noted during the inspections. Illicit discharge data will be used in the preparation of the annual report to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality.

Notification of Spills and Illicit Discharges

Once a spill or illicit discharge has been observed, the incident shall be immediately reported to the University MS4 Program Coordinator. In the event the program coordinator is unavailable, any member of the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Team or University Police may be notified. Failure to provide notification of the incident shall be a violation of this policy.

The MS4 Program Coordinator, or designee, shall conduct and an initial investigation within one business day of receiving notification. The MS4 Program Coordinator shall determine appropriate measures taken in order to prevent further discharge(s) and to begin remediation of pollution.

Tracking

Field surveys and instances of illicit discharges or spills shall be tracked in our <u>IDDE Database</u> and include:

- 1. Date discharge observed/reported;
- 2. Location of discharge;
- 3. Summary;
 - a. Results of investigation;
 - b. Any follow-up to investigation;
 - c. Resolution of investigation; and,
- 4. Date investigation closed.

Enforcement and Penalties

Whenever the University finds that a violation of this Policy has occurred, CNU may order compliance by written notice to the responsible party. Such notice may require without limitation:

- 1. The performance of monitoring, analyses, and reporting;
- 2. The elimination of prohibited discharges or connections;
- 3. Cessation of any violating discharges, practices, or operations;
- 4. The abatement or remediation of stormwater pollution or contamination hazards and the restoration of any affected property;
- 5. Payment of any fee, penalty, or fine assessed against Christopher Newport University to cover remediation cost;
- 6. The implementation of new stormwater management practices; and
- 7. Disciplinary action up to and including dismissal, where appropriate.

The listed requirements will be at the expense of the responsible party. In the event that adequate measures are not initiated, the University may issue work orders to correct the violation and bill the responsible party for expenses incurred.

10. Training and Education

A training program for Stormwater Pollution Prevention/Good Housekeeping and IDDE is presented to applicable employees upon hire and no less than once per 24 months. Educational materials for Stormwater Pollution Prevention and IDDE are distributed through various forms of media to the members of the University.

Stormwater Management Master Plan

Christopher Newport University



PREPARED FOR



1 Avenue of the Arts Newport News, VA 23606 757.594.7000 PREPARED BY



4500 Main Street, Suite 400 Virginia Beach, VA 23462 757.490.0132

June 28th, 2019



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F	Long Term Maintenance of Campus Best Management Practices
G	References



Christopher Newport University Outfall Reconnaissance/Dry Weather Screening Results 2021 - 2022

Name	Location	Construction Year	Drainage Area	Closed or Open pipe	Inspection Date	Flow Present	Maintenance Needed	Indicators (odor, color, film, etc.)
CNU Outfall #1	Lat. 37.059069, Long76.489810	2008	Institutional	Closed RCP	6/8/2022	Trickle	None	Minor natural suds present
CNU Outfall #2	Lat. 37.058908, Long76.489148	2005	Institutional	Closed RCP	6/8/2022	Standing Water	None	None
CNU Outfall #3	Lat. 37.05901, Long76.49012	2008 or earlier	Institutional	Closed RCP	6/8/2022	No water	None	None

CHRISTOPHER NEWPORT UNIVERSITY – MUNICIPAL SEPARATE STORM SEWER SYSTEM (MS4) ANNUAL REPORT – REPORTING YEAR JULY 1st, 2021 – JUNE 30th, 2022

Appendix D Minimum Control Measure four (MCM4) Supplemental Information

Appendix D MINIMUM CONTROL MEASURE 4 (MCM4) SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

AS&S Information (BMP 4.1, 5.3, 6.6)

Land Disturbing Activities (BMP 4.6)

Employee Good Housekeeping Training Records (BMP 1.7, 4.4)

Other Places for Information on MCM4:

• Construction Site information (BMP 1.6, 4.5) in Appendix A

TIMMONS GROUP.

2021 and 2022 Annual Standards and Specifications were submitted to DEQ concurrently with this Annual Report submittal by 10/1/2022. The 2022 AS&S incorporates comments from DEQ during a recent audit which include modifications to the SOPs, IDDE policy, and overall procedures.

CNU Record of Land Disturbing Activities and Compliance Inspections 2021- 2022

No Land disturbing activities occurred during this permit year.



AGENDA

Stormwater in an MS4

Role of Employees

MS4 Inspections & Maintenance

Examples









CLEAN WATER ACT

CNU'S STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PROGRAM IS BASED ON SIX MINIMUM CONTROL MEASURES (MCMS) AS REQUIRED BY THE GENERAL PERMIT. THESE WERE DEVELOPED TO REDUCE THE DISCHARGE OF POLLUTANTS FROM THE UNIVERSITY'S MS4 TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT PRACTICABLE, PROTECT WATER QUALITY, ENSURE COMPLIANCE WITH WATER QUALITY STANDARDS, AND TO SATISFY THE APPROPRIATE WATER QUALITY REQUIREMENTS OF THE CLEAN WATER ACT

MS4 Permit Requirements







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° Chi	PRACTICE	71、	DESCRIPTION		STATUS
0	IDDE Policy	0	Contaminant discharge protection	0	Available online; updated as needed
0	CNU Stormwater Study	0	Storm sewer system map & table	0	Updated as needed
0	CNU MS4 Website	0	Update with MS4 content	0	Uploaded '09-'10; updated annually
0	Map of Storm Sewer System	0	MS4 outfalls, receiving waters, etc.	0	Evaluated annually by October 1st
0	Storm Sewer System Table	0	Unique identifiers, drainage area,	0	Evaluated annually by October 1st
0	Illicit Discharge Detection Tracking & Reporting	0	etc. Procedure for tracking and responding	0	Ongoing reporting; no reports PY2 Outfalls inspected annually
0	Outfall Inspections	0	Documentation of each outfall status	0	Materials distributed annually
0	Pollution Prevention Materials Pollution Prevention Training	0	Educational material distributed	0	Ongoing biennial training
MS4 Pern	nit Requirements	0	Biennial pollution prevention training)	0 0 10









	Member Title	Member Responsibility
EMPLOYEE ROLE	VP for Administrative & Auxiliary Services	<u>Team Member</u> – Certifying official and provides upper management
EVERYONE IS RESPONSIBLE	Director of Grounds	<u>SWPPP Coordinator/Team Leader</u> – Coordinates plan development, implementation, training, inspections, and BMPs
	Director of Facilities Management	Team Member – Supports Director of Grounds
"EVERYONE" FOR CNU IS THE FACULTY, STUDENTS, STAFF,	Associate Director of Grounds	Team Member – Oversees preventative maintenance and monthly inspections
CONTRACTORS, AND VISITORS TO CAMPUS	Environmental Health & Safety Manager	Team Member – Supports Director of Grounds
	Sustainability Coordinator	Team Member – Supports Director of Grounds
	Consultant	Assists in plan development and provides technical advice on plan implementation






































VISUAL	GUARTTRIV VISUAL ASSESSMENT LOG Date Sample Taken: Name of Sampler (c): Signature of Sampler (c): Date of Visual Assessment: Date of Visual Assessment: Time of Assessor (b): Signature of Assessor (b): Is advanter (Jayanger Assessment: Visual Assessment Ferlid (Check One): Is to duarte (lawary throngh March) Is duarter (lawary throngh March) Is duarter (lawary throngh March) Other of Wissel Assessment (October through December)		0
	Sample costolors;under inunder in to form explain. Weather conditions during sampling: Nature of discharge:Runoff;Snowmelt;Other in of discharge:No if one explain why: Sample taken within first 30 minutes of Discharge: Ves;No if no explain why: Quality of another: Closer		
Record a physical assessment of sample	Odor Ounty Protating Solids Settled Solids Supponded Solids foam foam Old Sheen Other Probable sources of any observed stormwater contamination:		
Be sure to remediate if necessary	Any corrective action required as a result of quarterly visual assessment:Yes;No If yes oplan:		° O
MS4 Permit Requirements	• ()	0	35





000	Commanueality (as) Inspection Re Inspection Research and the consistent required by this permit. Retain 2 copy of the completed and sig	titles port e and akils to success continions and notivities that the effectiveness of beat management position- profilem with the SWPP for at least 1-years.		0
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Report weather conditions	WEATHER INFORMATION: Description of Weather Conditions to Cummy cloudy, running, and	ning ric.t		
and type of stormwater	We downstate $\{a_{2R},a_{2R}\}$ (set of from two or construct) (however at number of the set of the	falls and in this barge areas surverine to bits Map		
	I. POTENTIAL POLLUTANT SOURCE AREA INS	PECTION AND BMP EVALUATION		
	SWPTP and Site Map. Hore story of the SWPTP and store may with you doing the Supervisor. Supervisor and supervisor correct and accurate. Los is an inclue in recording the factures of any incurs so also defined from the imageneous sectors. In the SWPTP internet and accurate the correct of the store Map correct and accurate the correct of the store of the store of the store of the store of the store of the store of the store of the store of the correct of the store of the store of the store of the store of the store of the store of the store of the store of the store of the correct of the store of the store of the store of the store of the store of the store of the store of the store of the store of	Finding and Remodel Action Documentation Dearthe any hinger bein and the absolute for matual axis in complement on change the size completed.		
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CHRISTOPHER NEWPORT UNIVERSITY – MUNICIPAL SEPARATE STORM SEWER SYSTEM (MS4) ANNUAL REPORT – REPORTING YEAR JULY 1st, 2020 – JUNE 30th, 2021

Appendix E Minimum Control Measure five (MCM5) supplemental Information

Appendix E MINIMUM CONTROL MEASURE 5 (MCM5) SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Post-Construction BMP Inspections BMP (5.4)

BMP E-tracking (BMP 5.5)

Other Places for Information on MCM5:

- Stormwater Master Plan updated study for 2019 (BMP 3.2, 5.1) in Appendix C
- AS&S (BMP 4.1, 5.3, 6.6) in Appendix D

CNU Post-Construction BMP Inspection Permit Year 4

BMP	Location	Туре	Inspection Date	Condition	Notes	Photos
BMP 2	James River Residence Hall	Extended Detention	6/1/22	Acceptable	Sediment debris/buildup removed from inlets	
BMP 4	Lake Maury	Retention	N/A	N/A	This BMP is inspected by the City of Newport News	N/A
BMP 5	Parking Lot A	Bioretention	6/8/22	Acceptable	Vegetation added	
BMP 6	Turf Field Replacement	Bioretention	6/8/22	Acceptable	Plants and Vegetation healthy.	
BMP 7	Parking Lot C1/C2	Stormkeeper Sediment Strip	6/1/22	Acceptable	Underground facility.	

Christopher Newport University BMPs 2021 - 2022

ВМР	Description	Туре	Coordinates	HUC	Discharge into Impaired Water	Acres Treated
BMP 2	James River Residence Hall	Extended Detention	Lat. 37.064330 Long -76.496709	JL 38	N/A	5.37
BMP 4	Lake Maury	Wet Pond	Lat. 37.056520 Long76.484747	JL 43	N/A	153.7
BMP 5	Parking Lot A	Bioretention	Lat. 37.060208 Long. -76.489488	JL 43	N/A	1.69
BMP 6	Turf Field Replacement	Bioretention	Lat. 37.063252 Long76.498511	JL 43	N/A	2.18
BMP 7	Parking Lot C1/C2	Stormkeeper Sediment Strip	Lat. 37.062798, Long76.489513	JL 43	N/A	1.39

Notes:







Christopher Newport University 1 Ave. of the Arts Newport News, VA June 2016

Service Layer Credits: MS4 Boundary derived from Koontz-Bryant, PC; 2014. All other data derived from City of Newport News GIS; 2015.

Deep Creek

Indigo Lake

Lake Maury

North Riverside

South Riverside

Fishers Creek

CNU MS4 Boundary

Half Mile Radius

PavedAreas

WaterBodies

Roads

Wetlands

1:10,000

Feet

N





N

1:7,000

1 inch - 600 feet

CNU Property under Newport News' MS4

Food Services - Waste Management Area

High Priority Areas

0

S Facilities Support Operations

O Landscaping Operations

Waste Management Area

Christopher Newport University 1 Ave. of the Arts Newport News, VA

CHRISTOPHER NEWPORT UNIVERSITY – MUNICIPAL SEPARATE STORM SEWER SYSTEM (MS4) ANNUAL REPORT – REPORTING YEAR JULY 1st, 2019 – JUNE 30th, 2020

Appendix F Minimum Control Measure six (MCM6) supplemental Information

Appendix F MINIMUM CONTROL MEASURE 6 (MCM6) SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

High-Priority SWPPPs - Cover Page and Table of Contents (BMP 6.2)

NMPs (BMP 6.4)

SOPs (BMP 6.10)

Other Places for Information on MCM6:

- CNU IDDE Standard Procedures (BMP 3.6, 6.3) in Appendix C
- AS&S information (BMP 4.1, 5.3, 6.6) in Appendix D



Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP)

CHEMICAL OR OIL SPILL EMERGENCY: CNU POLICE 757-596-7777, Ext. 4-7777 VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY: 757-518-2000 NATIONAL SPILL RESPONSE CENTER: 800-424-8802



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CHRISTOPHER NEWPORT

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Matthew J. Strickler Secretary of Natural Resources

Clyde E. Cristman Director



Rochelle Altholz Deputy Director of Administration and Finance

Russell W. Baxter Deputy Director of Dam Safety & Floodplain Management and Soil & Water Conservation

Thomas L. Smith Deputy Director of Operations

COMMONWEALTH of VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION AND RECREATION

August 4, 2021

Christopher Newport University-Athletics 1 Avenue of the Arts Newport News VA 23606

Your nutrient management plan (NMP) dated 4/19/2021 for Christopher Newport University-Athletics located in City of Newport News has been approved by the Virginia Department of Conservation and Recreation (DCR). The approved plan is for 17 acres.

This site has not been inspected by DCR and this approval is contingent upon field conditions being as stated in the NMP. Any revisions to this plan must be approved by DCR. Please note that this letter should be kept with the NMP and supporting documentation including nutrient application records. This plan expires on 4/19/2024. Please feel free to contact me with any questions or concerns regarding this approval.

Best regards,

Otto Jutto

Anita Tuttle Urban Nutrient Management Coordinator Division of Soil and Water Conservation 600 East Main Street, 24th Floor Richmond VA 23219 (804) 513-5958

600 East Main Street, 24th Floor | Richmond, Virginia 23219 | 804-786-6124

Matthew J. Strickler Secretary of Natural and Historic Resources and Chief Resilience Officer

Clyde E. Cristman Director



Rochelle Altholz Deputy Director of Administration and Finance

Nathan Burrell Deputy Director of Government and Community Relations

COMMONWEALTH of VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION AND RECREATION

September 16, 2021

Chris Webb Christopher Newport University 1 Avenue of the Arts Newport News VA 23606 Darryl M. Glover Deputy Director of Dam Safety & Floodplain Management and Soil & Water Conservation

> Thomas L. Smith Deputy Director of Operations

Your nutrient management plan (NMP) dated 7/5/2021 located in the City of Newport News has been approved by the Virginia Department of Conservation and Recreation (DCR). The approved plan is for 48.0 acres. Only nutrient recommendations for applications to be made after the date of this letter are approved by this letter. Your NMP was written by a nutrient management planner certified by DCR.

This site has not been inspected by DCR and this approval is contingent upon site conditions being as stated in the NMP. Any revisions to this plan must be approved by DCR. Please note that this letter should be kept with the NMP and supporting documentation including nutrient application records. This plan expires on 7/5/2024. Please feel free to contact me with any questions or concerns regarding this approval.

Best regards,

Catho Tetto

Anita Tuttle Urban Nutrient Management Coordinator Division of Soil and Water Conservation 600 East Main Street, 24th Floor Richmond VA 23219 (804) 513-5958

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Standard Operating Procedures (SOPS) to Prevent Stormwater Pollution

Grounds Department 1 Avenue of the Arts, Newport News, VA 23606 Phone: (757) 594-8700 Email: <u>Grounds@cnu.edu</u>

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Christopher Newport University (CNU), an agency of the Commonwealth of Virginia, has a permit to operate a Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4) issued by the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality. This permit authorizes CNU to discharge stormwater pursuant to the Virginia Stormwater Management Program and the Virginia Stormwater Management Act. Since storm drain systems are not connected to a sanitary sewer treatment plant, water traveling through the storm drain system flows untreated directly to local streams, rivers and lakes.

Standard Operating Procedures (SOPS) have been developed to prevent pollution from entering our storm drain system. Each SOP has been written to identify procedures and methods that will prevent illicit discharges. Illicit discharges are not allowed and can result in significant fines and other penalties from regulatory agencies.

The SOPS herein were developed and adopted on June 30, 2016. They will be reviewed annually, before September 1, to make any modifications or additions to the procedures.

Christopher Newport University
Standard Operating Procedures to Prevent Stormwater Pollution
Modification Table

Record of Change	Туре	Notes
6/30/16	Development of SOP	
8/15/2022	SOP Addition	Added Dewatering Utility Construction and
		Maintenance Activities
9/21/22	Annual Review, Update and Reformatting	
-		

Contact Information

Title or Organization	Contact	Office Phone
CNU Police Department (CNU PD)	Dispatch	4-7777
National Response Center (NRC)	Call Center	800-424-8802
Virginia Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ)	Tidewater Office	757-518-2000
		4 000 400
Virginia Department of Environmental Quality 24-Hour	Call Center	1-800-468-
		0092
Director of Grounds/MS4 Program Manager	Dean Whitehead	4-8416
	Doan Whitehoud	10110
Director of Environmental Health & Safety (EHS)	Jackie Roquemore	4-7280
		11200
Director of Housing	Zac Holmes	4-8480
Director of Facilities Management	Scott Gesele	4-7863
Dining of Dining Services	June Miles	4-7624
Director of Catering	Erika Nestler	4-7007
Director of Events, Scheduling and Conferences	John Murray	4-8164
Director of Building Operations	Wes Mann	4-8517
Director of Capital Outlay Management	Michelle Campbell	4-7867
Associate Disector of Alberting	Matt IZ alaba an	4 7504
ASSOCIATE DIFECTOR OF ATRIETICS	Matt Kelchner	4-7584
Evenutive Director of University Events and Cresicil	Amia Dala	1 7670
Projects	Amie Dale	4-7072

SOP:	Equipment Maintenance and Washing
Purpose of SOP:	Procedures for the proper management of equipment maintenance and washing.
SOP Administrator:	Grounds Department
Responsible Department:	Grounds, Facilities Management, Housing, Dining, Building Operations

I. Stormwater Protection Equipment and Materials

- Spill Kit and equipment for dry clean up (socks, absorbent pads, absorbents, broom, and dustpan)
- Drip pans
- Wash Pad

II. Standard Operating Procedures

- 1. Equipment Maintenance and Repair
 - a. Move leaking equipment indoors or onto impervious surface and under cover.
 - b. Use drip pans or absorbent pads under equipment if needed.
- 2. If equipment is inoperable tag equipment, "DO NOT USE".
- 3. Perform all maintenance activities (except for emergencies) indoors.
- 4. Transfer fluids from drip pans to appropriate waste containers.
- 5. Routinely check equipment for signs of leaks.a. Notify the supervisor if a leak is discovered or suspected.
- 6. Sweep and pick up trash in maintenance and repair areas daily.

III. Equipment Washing

- 1. Small equipment should only be washed inside at designated washing areas.
 - a. Mop buckets and mop water may only be dumped inside at designated areas.
- 2. Large equipment in good condition, with no signs of leaks, may be washed at the wash pad located at the Grounds Department.
- 3. Make sure equipment is properly drained of all fluids prior to washing at the wash pad.a. In the event of leak or spill, immediately reposition the equipment, and notify your supervisor
- 4. Only use approved water-based or detergent cleaners.

SOP:	Outdoor Events
Purpose of SOP:	Procedures for outdoor events to prevent wastes or wastewater from entering storm drains and waterways
SOP Administrator:	Grounds Department
Responsible Department:	Grounds, Facilities Management, Events, Catering

I. Stormwater Protection Equipment and Materials

- Covered waste and recycling containers
- Spill Kit and equipment for dry clean up (socks, absorbent pads, absorbents, broom, and dustpan)
- Storm drain inlet protection (drain covers, booms, berms)

II. Standard Operating Procedures

- 1. General Stormwater Protection
 - a. Do NOT dump any liquids or other materials outside.
 - b. Have the proper equipment available to clean-up spills and be ready to clean-up spills immediately.
 - c. Ensure that vendors dispose of the wastes in an appropriate manner.
 - d. Ensure storm drains have adequate inlet protection.
- 2. Waste Management and Disposal
 - a. Provide an adequate number of receptacles to prevent litter.
 - b. Empty waste and recycling containers as needed to prevent overflow
 - c. Waste and recycling receptacles should have a weather proof cover.
- 3. Cleaning Up After the Event
 - a. Clean the area using dry methods (sweeping, absorbents, etc.).
 - b. Pick up all litter and garbage and properly dispose of it. Do not sweep anything into a storm drain.
 - c. Discard waste drinks down a kitchen drain.
- 4. Spills
 - a. Refer to SOP: Spill Prevention, Control, Clean Up and Reporting on page 20.
 - b. Small spills (<5 gallons) that pose no immediate danger to human life or property notify MS4 Program Manager (4-8700).
 - c. Small Spills (<5 gallons) of a hazardous substance that is an immediate danger to human life or property notify CNU Police (4-7777), EHS Director (4-7280), and MS4 Program Manager (4-8700).
 - d. Large Spills (>5 gallons) of any substance report to CNU Police (4-7777), EHS Director (4-7280), and MS4 Program Manager (4-8700).

Things to Know: What spilled, Where it is located, Estimated amount of product

SOP:	Kitchen Waste: Fats, Oils, and Greases (FOG) Transfer, Storage, and Disposal
Purpose of SOP:	Procedures for the management, handling, and storage of kitchen grease to prevent the discharge of pollutants to stormwater.
SOP Administrator:	Grounds Department
Responsible Department:	Dining Services, Catering

I. Stormwater Protection Equipment and Materials

- Weather proof and double walled FOG containers
- Tight sealing transfer containers
- Tarps and tie downs
- Spill Kit and equipment for dry clean up (socks, absorbent pads, absorbents, broom, and dustpan)

- 1. Kitchen Management of Fats, Oils, and Greases (FOG)
 - a. Scrape, wipe, or sweep off FOG using dry methods (e.g. paper towels) before washing any cooking equipment.
 - b. Equipment (including trays, carts, pots, pans, etc.) may only be washed indoors.
 - c. Use dry methods (absorbents) to clean up spills in the kitchen.
 - d. Mop water may only be disposed of into indoor drains connected to the sanitary sewer.
 - e. Empty collection pans or grease recovery devices before they become full.
 - f. Collect used oil into transfer container with a sealing lid.
- 2. Transfer of FOG from Kitchen to Exterior FOG Container
 - a. Prepare your route from the kitchen to the exterior FOG container.
 - Eliminate obstacles that might lead to a slip, trip, fall and potential spill.
 - Ensure that a spill kit is easily accessible in the event of a spill.
 - Place absorbent pads in the FOG transfer area.
 - b. Use a container with a sealing lid to bring waste FOG outside to the Grease Receptacle. Do not transport waste FOG with pots, pans, trays, or other containers that lack a sealing lid.
 - It is safer to make multiple transfers of smaller volumes than to attempt to handle larger quantities at once.
 - Whenever possible, only transfer to the exterior FOG container when it is not raining.
 - c. Using both hands, carefully transfer the waste FOG from transfer container to the exterior FOG container. Pour the FOG in such a way to minimize splashes and drips.
 - In the event of a spill notify your supervisor immediately and refer to SOP: Spill Prevention, Clean Up and Reporting
 - d. Ensure that the exterior FOG container is properly covered.
 - e. Return transfer container inside and wipe any excess FOG with a paper towel
- 3. Contractor Pickup of Exterior FOG Container

- a. The disposal truck driver shall check in with the University upon arrival.
- b. The University representative shall ensure that the appropriate spill cleanup and response equipment and personal protective equipment are readily available and easily accessible. Refer to SOP Spill Prevention, Control, Clean Up and Reporting.
- c. The University representative shall verify that the volume of waste FOG in the tank does not exceed the available capacity of the disposal hauler's vehicle.
- d. Catch basins and drain manholes should be adequately protected during transfer.
- e. The truck driver and the University representative shall both remain with the vehicle during the tank draining process.
- f. When draining is complete and the hoses are removed, buckets should be placed underneath connection points to catch drippings.
- g. The disposal hauler vehicle shall be inspected prior to departure to ensure that the hose is disconnected from the tank.
- h. The University representative shall inspect the loading point and the tank to verify that no leaks have occurred, or that any leaked or spilled material has been cleaned up and disposed of properly (SOP - Spill Prevention, Control, Clean Up and Reporting and SOP - Pressure Washing and Exterior Surface Cleaning).

SOP:	Equipment Fueling Activities
Purpose of SOP:	Procedures for the proper management of the transfer and dispensing of fuel.
SOP Administrator:	Grounds Department
Responsible Department:	Grounds, Facilities Management, Housing, Building Operations, Athletics

I. Stormwater Protection Equipment and Materials

- Spill Kit and equipment for dry clean up (socks, absorbent pads, absorbents, broom, and dustpan)
- Drip pans

- 1. Dispensing of Fuel from Above Ground Storage Tanks (AGSTs)
 - a. Turn off all equipment prior to dispensing fuel.
 - Do not use any mobile electronic devices when dispensing fuel.
 - b. Ensure that the fuel type is the proper type of fuel.
 - c. Inspect the fueling hose and dispenser for any signs of cracking or leaking prior to dispensing any fuel.
 - Report leaks in hoses or tanks to your supervisor immediately.
 - d. Stay with the equipment while dispensing fuel, do not "top off" fuel tanks.
 - In the event of spill use dry methods (absorbents) to clean up the spill (refer to SOP: Spill Prevention, Control, Clean Up and Reporting)
 - Notify your supervisor immediately.
- 2. Dispensing of Fuel from Flammable Containers
 - a. Mobile/field fueling shall be minimized. Whenever, practical equipment should be transported to a designated fueling area at Grounds.
 - b. When performing mobile/field fueling select an area on concrete at least 25 feet up gradient from a storm drain.
 - c. Turn off all equipment prior to dispensing fuel.
 - Do not use any mobile electronic devices when transferring fuel.
 - If possible, transfer fuel over a drip pan or absorbent pad.
 - In the event of a spill use dry methods to clean up the spill.
 - Notify your supervisor immediately
- 3. Maintenance & Inspection
 - a. Fueling areas, storage tanks, and transfer equipment should be inspected monthly.
 - b. Spill Kits should be inspected and inventoried on a regular basis.
 - c. Any equipment, tanks, pumps, piping and fuel dispensing equipment found to be leaking or in disrepair must be repaired or replaced immediately.

SOP:	Grounds Maintenance
Purpose of SOP:	Procedures for grounds keeping maintenance activities
SOP Administrator:	Grounds Department
Responsible Department:	Grounds

I. Stormwater Protection Equipment and Materials

- Spill kit and equipment for dry clean up (socks, absorbent pads, absorbent materials, broom, and dustpan)
- Storm drain inlet protection devices (drain covers, booms, berms)
- Tarps with tie downs

- 1. General Landscaping Maintenance
 - a. Remove litter, debris, and trash from the landscape prior to mowing activities. Properly dispose of the materials in a designated receptacle.
 - b. During blowing operations, take care not to blow clippings, dirt, sand, or debris into storm drains or stormwater conveyance structures.
 - c. After mowing or pruning activities, all debris should be disposed of at designated area.
 - d. Five-day weather forecast should be checked to avoid fertilizing before heavy rain or during a drought. Fertilizer applications are made during period of maximum plant uptake based on plant species.
 - e. Whenever possible, control soil erosion by seeding, sod, mats, mulching, terracing or other approved methods.
 - f. Do not apply bark or mulch on top of plastic sheeting unless the area is enclosed. Bark or mulch on plastic is easily washed off by heavy rainfall.
- 2. Landscaping Materials Storage
 - a. All bagged materials (i.e. fertilizer, ice melt, etc.) must be stored indoors whenever possible. If they must be stored outdoors, place them under cover.
 - b. All dry materials stored outside should be covered and when possible have secondary containment.
 - When storing stockpiles of sand, salt, dirt, mulch, and gravel, cover piles with a tarp.
 - Contain stormwater run-off from stock piles using a barrier or berm.
 - c. Place containers on paved or impervious surfaces and as far from (or at a lower elevation than) storm drain inlets and drainage ditches as possible.
 - d. Provide a spill kit near storage areas.
 - e. Clean-up any spills, leaks or discharges promptly.
 - f. Inspect all containers stored outdoors regularly.
 - g. If a container is found to be leaking, either empty the contents into a leak-tight container or place entire leaking container inside of a larger leak-tight container. Clean up any spills or leaks promptly.
 - h. Do not drain accumulated water from secondary containment structures unless approved by a supervisor.

3. Contractors

- a. Contracts should include Stormwater Pollution Prevention language (e.g. The contactor, including any associated subcontractors, shall use the correct controls to ensure that all activities do not cause a condition of pollution at the University).
- b. Ensure that contractors implement proper Best Management Practices (BMPs) to prevent stormwater pollution and know whom to contact in case of spill.

SOP:	Liquid Materials Loading, Unloading, and Storage
Purpose of SOP:	Procedures for the proper management of the loading, unloading, and storage of liquid materials.
SOP Administrator:	Grounds Department
Responsible Department:	Grounds, Facilities Management, Warehouse

I. Stormwater Protection Equipment and Materials

- Spill Kit and equipment for dry clean up (socks, absorbent pads, absorbents, broom, and dustpan)
- Drip pans
- Storm drain pollution control devices (berms or covers)
- Wheel chocks

- 1. Transfer of Liquid Materials
 - a. Direct delivery and receiving vehicles to park in a designated area where leaks can be contained and where they will not enter a storm drain or ditch.
 - b. Only transfer liquids only over paved (impervious) surfaces. Spills on soils are very difficult to clean up.
 - c. Do not load or unload materials near a storm drain inlet unless it is equipped with a shut-off valve, drain cover or seal or other method to keep spills out of the storm sewer or the drain is at a higher elevation.
 - d. If transfers must take place near a storm drain inlet, place a cover or mat over the inlet to protect it during transfer operations.
 - e. Only load or unload a vehicle after it is immobilized (e.g., wheels are chocked) and (if flammable materials are involved) grounding cables are attached. These measures will prevent accidental movement and static build-up.
 - f. At least one qualified University representative must attend any transfer operation for the entire duration of the loading or unloading operation.
 - g. Place drip pans or buckets under all hose or pipe connections and leave them in- place until the loading or unloading operation is complete. Dispose of any leaked material properly.
 - h. Keep loading and unloading areas neat and tidy. Sweep outdoor areas as needed.
- 2. Contractors
 - a. Contracts should include Stormwater pollution prevention language (e.g. The contactor, including any associated subcontractors, shall use the correct controls to ensure that all activities do not cause a condition of pollution at the University).
 - b. Ensure that contractors implement proper Best Management Practices (BMPs) to prevent stormwater pollution and know whom to contact in case of spill.
| SOP: | Trash & Recycling Handling, Storage, Transfer, and Disposal |
|-------------------------|---|
| Purpose of SOP: | Procedures for the proper management, handling, and storage of waste, trash, or recycling to prevent the discharge of pollutants to stormwater. |
| SOP Administrator: | Grounds Department |
| Responsible Department: | Grounds, Facilities Management, Housing, Dining, Catering, Events, Building Operations,
Athletics |

I. Stormwater Protection Equipment and Materials

- Dumpster lids/covers (Tarps with tie-downs are acceptable)
- Storm drain inlet protection devices (drain covers, booms, berms, and/or filter fabric)

- 1. Trash & Recycling Handling, Storage, Transfer, and Disposal
 - a. All waste and recycle receptacles must be leak proof with tight-fitting lids and closed at all times.
 - b. Place waste or recycle receptacles indoors or under a roof or overhang whenever possible.
 - c. Prior to transporting waste, trash, or recycling ensure that containers are not leaking (double bag if needed) and properly secure to the vehicle.
 - d. Clean and sweep up around outdoor waste containers regularly.
 - e. Clean up any liquid leaks or spills with dry clean-up methods. (See SOP: Spill Prevention, Clean Up and Reporting).
 - f. Arrange for wastes or recyclables to be picked up regularly and disposed at approved disposal facilities.
 - g. Never place hazardous materials, liquids, or liquid-containing wastes in a dumpster, recycle or trash receptacle.
 - Please contact the Environmental Health Safety Department for information on proper disposal
 - h. If any liquid, non-hazardous waste is generated, it must be disposed of in the sanitary sewer (if approved), transported to a disposal site that will accept that type of wastewater, or cleaned up using dry methods.
 - i. Do not wash out waste containers (trash cans) or recycling containers outdoors or in a parking lot.
 - j. Containers, compactors and dumpsters must be returned to the waste disposal contractor for cleaning at the contractor's facility.
 - k. When working in the field, place all wastes in appropriate containers near the work site. If no public containers are available, containerize or bag the wastes and bring them back to the shop for proper disposal.
- 2. Dumpsters
 - a. Locate dumpsters on a flat, paved surface and install berms or curbs around the storage area to prevent run-on and run-off.
 - b. Keep lids on dumpsters closed at all times unless adding or removing material.
 - c. In the event that a dumpster lid is missing or damaged report it to Facilities Management.
 - d. If using an open top roll off dumpster, cover and tie down with a tarp unless adding materials
 - e. Inspect regularly for leaks and correct if there is a problem.
 - f. Regularly sweep the area and pick up trash/debris.

3. Compactors

- a. Regularly check the hydraulic fluid hoses and reservoir to ensure there are no cracks or leaks
 - In the event of leak, report it immediately to the compactor service contractor and refer to SOP: Spill Prevention, Clean Up and Reporting.
 - Inspect regularly for leaks and correct if there is a problem.
 - Regularly sweep the area and pick up trash/debris.

SOP:	Parking Lot, Streets, and Roads Maintenance
Purpose of SOP:	Procedures for general maintenance of parking lots, parking garages, elevated parking structures, streets, or roads.
SOP Administrator:	Grounds Department
Responsible Department:	Grounds, Facilities Management

I. Stormwater Protection Equipment and Materials

- Spill kit and equipment for dry clean up (socks, absorbent pads, absorbent materials, broom, and dustpan)
- Storm drain inlet protection devices (drain covers, booms, berms, and/or filter fabric)

- 1. General Maintenance
 - a. Clean leaves, trash, and other debris from parking lots and garages including stormwater conveyance systems regularly.
 - b. Sweep parking lots with a street sweeper annually.
 - Sweeping should occur after sanding/deicing events
 - Sweeping should occur after special events or construction
 - c. Use dry clean-up methods (e.g. absorbents) to clean up any automotive spills/leaks and dispose of them properly.
 - d. Ensure any storm drains/catch basins are marked with a stormwater medallion.
- 2. Paving, Patching, Re-surfacing, and Concrete Projects
 - a. Re-seal, pave, or patch on dry days when no rain is expected and stop paving activities well before rainfall is expected.
 - b. Use cold patch products when possible.
 - c. Preheat, transfer, or load hot asphalt far away from storm drain inlets.
 - Protect or block nearby, downstream, storm drain inlets from debris from maintenance work (asphalt cap, chip sealing, concrete breaking, or saw cutting). Leave inlet protection in place until the job is complete. Clean up debris from around inlets and dispose of properly.
 - e. A concrete wash-out area shall be designated at each capital construction site and managed by the project superintendent for the duration of the project. For all other university projects, the washout site shall be next to the Ground Department off University Place. It shall include, at a minimum:
 - A concrete wash-out bag or other leak-proof container/settling basin.
 - A pool or containment system that holds the bag to prevent any seepage into the ground or overflows due to inadequate sizing or precipitation.
 - The bag can be disposed of properly after the material has dried in a manner consistent with the handling of other construction wastes. Liquid concrete wastes shall not be discharged to surface waters.
- 3. Painting and Striping
 - a. Schedule painting, marking, and striping projects during dry weather only. Cease all activities when rain threatens.
 - b. Set-up a preparation area on a tarp/drop cloth to catch any drips or spills.

- c. Block nearby storm drain inlets (within 25 feet and down gradient of project) when painting or striping.
- d. Take care not to paint over storm drain medallions.
- e. Properly clean painting supplies at your shop, do not wash out paint to the storm drains.

4. Contractors

- a. Contracts should include Stormwater pollution prevention language (e.g. The contactor, including any associated subcontractors, shall use the correct controls to ensure that all activities do not cause a condition of pollution at the University).
- b. Ensure that contractors implement proper Best Management Practices (BMPs) to prevent stormwater pollution and know whom to contact in case of spill.

SOP:	Pressure Washing and Exterior Surface Cleaning
Purpose of SOP:	Stormwater pollution prevention procedures for the cleaning of exterior surfaces such as sidewalks, building exteriors, and graffiti removal
SOP Administrator:	Grounds Department
Responsible Department:	Facilities Management, Housing, Building Operations, Athletics

I. Stormwater Protection Equipment and Materials

- Spill kit and equipment for dry clean up (socks, absorbent pads, absorbent materials, broom, and dustpan)
- Wet vacuum and holding tank
- Storm drain inlet protection devices (drain covers, booms, berms)

- 1. General Surface Cleaning and Pressure Washing
 - a. Use dry clean-up methods prior to any pressure washing. Use absorbents (kitty litter, rags, sand, etc.) to clean up spills, sweeping, vacuuming, and scraping off dried debris. The waste material should be disposed of as solid waste.
 - b. Pressure wash with minimal water.
 - c. If you do not use any chemicals or detergents and are only cleaning surfaces of ambient dust, then you may direct the wastewater to nearby landscaping or vegetated area or contain it onsite and allow it to evaporate.
 - d. When discharging wash water to landscaping, make sure water is absorbed into vegetated or permeable surfaces (gravel, porous pavement) and does not cause erosion or run off into a storm drain or paved area.
 - e. All other wash water must be captured for proper disposal.
 - f. Solids should be removed from the area prior to pressure washing and a filter bag or similar filtration device should be used to remove suspended solids from the wastewater.
 - g. A visible sheen must not be evident in the discharge. Use an absorbent pad or boom to eliminate any oil from the discharge.
 - h. Do not pressure wash an entire building. Spot clean, steam clean, or scrape dirty areas rather than pressure washing the entire structure.
- 1. Heat Transfer Equipment and HVAC Equipment Cleaning
 - a. HVAC or chiller condenser tube flushing liquid must be captured and disposed of properly.
- 2. Storm Drain Protection
 - a. Prior to pressure washing, identify where all storm drains are located; wash water must not be allowed to flow down gutters or enter storm drains.
 - b. Block or cover all storm drains with booms and weighted storm drain covers before pressure washing.
 - c. Determine where water will pool for collection. Use a wet vacuum up the wastewater or allow water to evaporate.
- 3. Disposal of Wash Water
 - a. Use a wet vacuum to collect water for disposal to the sanitary sewer.

- b. Once water is collected, dispose of it properly. Check with CNU Grounds to see if collected wash water may be disposed of into a sanitary sewer drain.
- 4. Contractors
 - a. Contracts should include Stormwater pollution prevention language (e.g. The contactor, including any associated subcontractors, shall use the correct controls to ensure that all activities do not cause a condition of pollution at the University).
 - b. Ensure that contractors implement proper Best Management Practices (BMPs) to prevent stormwater pollution and know whom to contact in case of spill.

SOP:	Dewatering Utility Construction and Maintenance Activities
Purpose of SOP:	Procedure for disposal of water pumped during maintenance or construction operations
SOP Administrator:	Grounds Department
Responsible Department:	Facilities Management, Capital Outlay

I. Stormwater Protection Equipment and Materials

- Drum (55 gallon)
- Sediment bag
- Storm drain inlet protection devices (drain covers, booms, berms)
- Vegetated Swale
- Silt Fence
- Straw bales

- 1. Tunnels, Vaults, Electrical Manholes, and other Structures
 - a. Visually inspect the water to be removed. Determine if there are visible pollutants in the water to be pumped and the potential sources of those pollutants on site.
 - b. Water collected in vaults or tunnels often results from rainwater or groundwater infiltration. If there is no reason to suspect the water has become contaminated as determined by the visual inspection and lack of potential pollutant sources, clear water can be pumped into a nearby vegetated area and allowed to infiltrate. The dewatering procedure should be monitored to ensure the pumped water does not travel from the vegetated area or cause localized erosion. If a suitable vegetated area is not available, the pumped water can be discharged to the sanitary sewer or hauled off from site for disposal at an appropriate treatment facility.
 - c. Water that is suspected of having chemical or biological contamination or to contain anything other than pure rain or groundwater should be evaluated for proper disposal options by Environmental Health and Safety (EHS) or MS4 Program Coordinator. Proper disposal options could include discharging the water to the sanitary sewer, hauling it to an off-site permitted disposal facility, or if it is deemed appropriate, to the surface.
- 2. Excavations
 - a. CNU staff and/or the contractor are encouraged to take appropriate measures to restrict the flow of water from the surface into an excavation if possible.
 - b. Visually inspect the water to be removed. Water in excavations usually results from groundwater infiltration or rainfall. Determine if the water is laden with sediment or shows visible signs of any other contaminants.

- c. Sediment laden water may be allowed to settle to remove suspended solids prior to dewatering. Once the water is clear, the water can be pumped into a nearby vegetated area to promote infiltration and filtration.
- d. Sediment laden water that needs to be removed immediately must be pumped through an appropriately sized sediment bag following manufacturer's specifications. Discharge water from the sediment bag should be directed into a vegetated area, wherever possible, but is allowed to discharge into stormwater conveyances after passing through the sediment bag. The sediment bag must be routinely inspected during the pumping operation to make sure that it is functioning properly and has not become clogged. If muddy water is being released from the sediment bag, additional measures may be needed to minimize impacts from the discharge. This could include surrounding the bag with a silt fence and straw bales or placing the bag on a gravel pad.

SOP:	Spill Prevention, Control, Clean Up and Reporting
Purpose of SOP:	Procedures for spill prevention, control, clean up and reporting.
SOP Administrator:	Grounds Department
Responsible Department:	All

I. Stormwater Protection Equipment and Materials

- Spill Kit and equipment for dry clean up (socks, absorbent pads, absorbents, broom, and dustpan)
- Storm drain inlet protection (drain covers, booms, berms)

II. Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan

- 1. Standard Operating Procedures
 - 1. Spill Prevention
 - Whenever possible, liquid or hazardous materials should be handled, used, stored, repacking, and transferred indoors or under cover.
 - Deliveries of bulk liquids should be supervised. Down gradient storm drain inlets should be covered during deliveries.
 - Cover and contain containers, materials, and wastes.
 - 2. Spill Kit Maintenance
 - Spill kits are located at each high priority area identified in the SWPPP.
 - Each department manager is responsible for spill kit(s) inventory and the reordering of supplies.
 - 3. Spill Clean Up and Storm Drain Protection
 - Clean up minor spills (< 5 gallons) immediately.
 - Block any down gradient storm drains with berms, covers, absorbent socks or "pigs".
 - Never hose down spills or leaks.
 - Always use "Dry Clean-up Methods" for clean-up of liquid spills (gasoline, diesel, paint, kitchen grease)
 - absorbents (loose absorbents, sheets, pillows, pigs, or socks) on the spill.
 - Spread Sweep up or pick up the absorbed materials.
 - Dispose of wastes properly and in accordance with all regulations.
 - If fluids are leaking or have spilled on an impermeable surface, such as a roadway, locate nearest down gradient storm drain and dike or berm the drain to prevent fluids from entering it.
 - After clean-up, be sure to sweep up the contaminated absorbent and remove the berm or dike at the storm drain.
 - If fluids are leaking or have spilled on a permeable surface, such as gravel, soil or grass, mark the area and report the spill to your supervisor.

4. Internal Reporting of Spills

For Employees (Non-supervisors)

- a. Notify your direct supervisor immediately
 - What spilled, Where it is located, Estimated amount of product

For Supervisors

- a. Small spills (<5 gallons) that pose no immediate danger to human life or property notify MS4 Program Manager (4-8700).
- Small Spills (<5 gallons) of a hazardous substance that is an immediate danger to human life or property notify CNU Police (4-7777), EHS Director (4-7280), and MS4 Program Manager (4-8700).
- c. Large Spills (>5 gallons) of any substance report to CNU Police (4-7777), EHS Director (4-7280), and MS4 Program Manager (4-8700).
- 5. Regulatory (External) Reporting of Spills
 - a. If a spill or leak is of a hazardous substance that exceeds 1 pint or is of an unknown substance of any amount, call CNU PD.
 - Notify the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality.
 - If a spill occurs during *nights, weekends, or holidays* notify the Virginia Department Emergency Management's 24-hour hotline.
 - Notify the National Response Center.
 - Any spill or discharge of any pollutant (ex: oil, paints, fuels, hazardous liquids, sediment, or super-chlorinated water) that reaches storm drains or enters "Waters of the State" must be reported to the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality (757-518-2000) within 24 hours of the release or suspected release.
 - b. If the spill is more than 25 gallons of a petroleum product from a regulated storage tank or delivery truck or any amount that causes a sheen on nearby surface water, it must be reported immediately to:
 - Virginia Department of Environmental Quality.
 - National Response Center.

*Emergency Numbers are found on page 4. *